

Definição

$$f'(x) = \lim (f(x_0+h) - f(x_0))/h$$

$$Df'(x) \text{ c } Df(x)$$

Derivada em um ponto

$$g'(x) = \lim (g(x) - g(x_0)) / (x - x_0)$$

$$P = (x_0, y_0)$$

Reta tangente à g(x) em um ponto P

1. achar derivada $g'(x)$
de g(x)

2. achar m $m = \lim$ da derivada em P

3. substituir P na eq da reta tangente

Reta Tangente

$$y - y_0 = m (x - x_0) \quad P = (x_0, y_0)$$

Reta Normal

$$y - y_0 = (-1/m) (x - x_0)$$

Regras de Derivação

$$k \quad 0$$

$$x^n \quad n \cdot x^{n-1}$$

$$k \cdot f(x) \quad k \cdot f'(x)$$

$$f(x) \pm g(x) \quad f'(x) \pm g'(x)$$

$$f(x) \cdot g(x) \quad f'(x) \cdot g(x) + f(x) \cdot g'(x)$$

$$f(x)/g(x) \quad (f'(x) \cdot g(x) - f(x) \cdot g'(x)) / (g(x))^2$$

Log e exponencial

$$\log_a(x) \quad 1 / (\ln a) \cdot x$$

$$a^x \quad a^x (\ln a)$$

$$\ln x \quad 1/x$$

$$e^x \quad e^x$$

Trigonométricas

$$\sin(x) \quad \cos(x)$$

$$\cos(x) \quad -\sin(x)$$

$$\operatorname{tg}(x) \quad \sec^2$$

$$\operatorname{cotg}(x) \quad -\operatorname{cosec}^2$$

$$\sec(x) \quad \sec(x) \cdot \operatorname{tg}(x)$$

$$\operatorname{cosec}(x) \quad -\operatorname{cosec}(x) \cdot \operatorname{cotg}(x)$$

Trigonométricas Inversas

$$\arcsen(x) \quad 1 / (1-x^2)^{1/2}$$

$$\arccos(x) \quad -1 / (1-x^2)^{1/2}$$

Trigonométricas Inversas

$$\operatorname{arctg}(x) \quad 1 / 1+x^2$$

$$\operatorname{arccotg}(x) \quad -1 / 1+x^2$$

Regra da Cadeia

1. para função composta

2. separe as funções externa e interna

3. derive externa e interna

$$f \circ g(x) = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$$

NOTAS

rad	0	$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	$\frac{5\pi}{6}$	π	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	2π
degree	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°	120°	135°	150°	180°	270°	360°
sin	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	-1	0
cos	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	-1	0	1
tg	0	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	-	$-\sqrt{3}$	-1	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	0	-	0
ctg	-	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	0	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	-1	$-\sqrt{3}$	-	0	-

Implícita

1. derive x normalmente

2. derive y como se fosse uma composta (cadeia)

3. isole y'

C

By Zulle

cheatography.com/zulle/

Published 29th September, 2020.

Last updated 30th September, 2020.

Page 1 of 1.

Sponsored by [CrosswordCheats.com](https://crosswordcheats.com)

Learn to solve cryptic crosswords!

<http://crosswordcheats.com>