

# C# / .NET Introduction Cheat Sheet by VoltaicGRiD (VoltaicGRiD) via cheatography.com/164411/cs/34452/

Whats What	
Class	A class can contain zero or more methods, zero or more constructors, and zero or more variables
Method	A method declares, simply, an action and, if necessary, response in the form of a 'return'. Methods can take variables as arguments to pass data along
Constructor	A method that auto-executes upon the creation of a new instance of a class
Return	The "output" variable of a method used to return data to the method's caller
Argument / Parameter	An "input" variable for a method used when calling said method to pass data to it

### **Good Beginner Projects**

Chess Game - Create a game of chess with a UI (WPF / WinForms) and utilizing icons from FontAwesome that can be played between two players

Calculator - Create a calculator with a UI (WPF / WinForms) that can be used to perform basic mathematical operations on two numbers (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, square root, exponents)

To-Do List - Create a simple UI (WPF / WinForms) where to-do items can be created, and marked off. Marked off to-do's should be retrievable after marked as complete

Weight Conversion Tool - A simple console or UI application where a weight type (lbs, kgs, oz) can be converted to any other weight type Single-page Website - Utilize ASP.NET and the options presented when creating a new project to build a single-page website for yourself

Diagnosing Exceptions (A.K.A. Runtime Errors)				
Error Message	Most Likely Cause			
NullReferenceException	A variable or method is referencing a variable or method that doesn't exist or has been disposed of			
StackOverflowException	Most often caused by too many consecutive method calls			
IndexOutOfRangeException	Caused by an attempt to access (read/write) to an array object that doesn't yet exist, or is outside the min/max bounds of the array or list			
ArithmeticException	A failure to cast, convert, or apply arithmetic (mathematical) operations on one or more variables			
NotFiniteNumberException	When a floating-point (float) variable reaches positive or negative infinity			
IO.IOException	A failure most often caused by an inability to read or write to a file or folder (either because of permissions, or a locked file)			
IO.FileNotFoundException	Program is unable to find the file in question, and cannot perform any operation going forward			



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#### Diagnosing Exceptions (A.K.A. Runtime Errors) (cont)

IO.DirectoryNotFoundException

Same as above, except in reference to a folder or directory

Object Types	
int - Integer	double - Floating binary-point number (exact)
float - Floating binary-point number (estimate)	decimal - Decimal number (exact)
string - Char array	char - Character
<b>bool</b> - True/false boolean	<b>var</b> - Dynamic variable

Comments		
//	Single-line comment	
/*	Begin multi-line comment	
*/	End multi-line comment	

#### Declaring a Method (cont)

public int Add (int number1, int n Alternatively, we can create methods that don' public void DoSome thing ()

#### Declaring a Variable

**Publicity / Access Modifiers** 

Declaring a variable is as easy as knowing the type of variable needed, a name for the variable, and the default (a.k.a. initial) value for said variable.

{Variable Type} {Variable Name} = {Default / Initial Value}; Say we need to create an integer named "itemCounternal

int itemCount = 0;Now what about a true/false statement named "vapidatected Accessible from any class within only this assembly

Accessible only by this class and any class derived or

Declaring a Method

Using statements are declarations of which code libraries vare idated = false;

being utilized within this file / class. Additionally, if deverticable based off a class named "Car" with a variable name of the class

similarly to a variable, a shortened keyword can be a sechiew Car = new Car();

place of a full-length declaration further within the code.

#### For example:

using System;

**Using Statements** 

using System. Di agn ostics;

using System. Wi ndo ws.F orms;

using Excel = Micros oft.Of fic e.I nthe method. Remember, you create the name of the method differs

xcel:

Accessible only by this class private

Access modifiers can be used on Methods,

Classes, and even Variables, to allow for Declaring a method is nearly as simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method is nearly as a simple as declaring any method and a simple as a simple as declaring any method and a simple as a si

must know the publicity of the method, the return type (if one is messes), the name of the method, and any arguments (data) that is needed by

{Publicity} {Return Type} {Method Name} ({Argu ments

Utilizing Git (Building a Portfolio) WIP

Lets say we need a public method that returns an integer named "Add" Firstly, ensure you have a GitHub or other

that takes two integers as arguments: Git application account. Most beginning / public int Add (int number1, int number2 developers prefer GitHub for its ease-

We can also declare a method with an optional parameter by declaring capabilities. an argument with a default value:

Once an account is created, create a project (a.k.a. repository) and name it appropriately in the application, include as much detail, and a description, as possible. From the newly created project's dashboard, look for a button to clone the repository to your machine. A few options may be presented, and if using both Visual Studio and GitHub, the 'Clone to Visual Studio' magnet button is a quick and efficient way of cloning the repository locally.

## Using the Console

var input = Console.ReadLine(); Gets the last line input to the console and saves it variable 'input' Console.Write( $\{\{x\}\}$ ); Writes the text-representation of the variable (any) and does not move to the next line Console.WriteLine({{x}}); Writes the text-representation of the variable (any) and moves to the next line

Use a variable name in place of {{x}}



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Logical Operators		
==	Equal to	
!=	Not equal to	
&&	And (i.e. A == 1 && B == 2)	
II	Or (i.e. A == 1    B == 2)	
>=	Greater than or equal to	
<=	Less than or equal to	
>	Greater than	
<	Less than	



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