

Time Value of Money

Discount rate = $(1 + R)^T$ exchange rate of time. R is the discount rate, T is the # of periods

Compounding Moving money into the future; $T > 0$; Result is called future value

Discounting Moving money to the past; $T < 0$; Result is present value

Present Value = Value in the future/ $(1 + R)^T$

Money today is worth more than money tomorrow bc money today can be invested

Steps to apply time value of money 1. Draw a timeline and put cash flows on the line 2. Move cash flows to same period by using discount factor. 3. Once all cash flows are in the same period, we can add/ subtract them

Annuity Finite cashflows; Equal magnitude; $(CF/R) \times (1 - (1 + R)^{-T})$

Annuity

$$PV = \frac{CF}{R} (1 - (1 + R)^{-T})$$



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 Page 2 of 2.

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