

Introduction to Ethics Cheat Sheet by veevstone via cheatography.com/215077/cs/46878/

Learning Objectives

Define the words Ethics and morality. Differentiate the types of normative ethics including the "isms".

Identify the different key concepts related to ethics.

Relate the concepts of ethics with other teaching about human actions.

Concept: Ethics and Morality

Ethics	Morality
Broader and Objective.	More personal and gut feeling-based.
Broader and systematic based on agreed rules of society, profession, and groups	Developed from one's values, beliefs, and cultute
Ex: code of conduct in medical field and corporate world	Ex of Morality: Inner judgement of right or wrong.

Concept: Morality

Ethiology	Gree: Mos or Latin (Lt)
	means manner,
	character,a nd
	behavior
Meaning/Defi-	refers to rightness or
nition?	wrongness.

How does it relate to ethics?

--> Morality is more personal, shaped by beliefs, values, culture, and upribringing,

Concept: Ethics

Greek ethos which means, custom, word habit, behaviors and ethymology character. Defintion A system of moral philosoph-

v/principles—a set of values and rules of human conduct (human actions).

What's the nature of ethics?

--> a science that involves a systematic investigation before a judgment is made, classifying human actions as good or bad, right or wrong. It includes systematizing, defending, and recommending concepts of right and wrong behaviors.

Division of Ethics

A.Meta-ethics

B. Applied Ethics

C. Normative ethics

personal perspective

A. Metastudy of the nature, scope, and ethics meaning of moral judgment.

ask: "What do ethical statements mean?" and "Do ethical statements have objective truth or are they a mere subjective expression of opinion? Debating if morality is a universal truth or a

B. Applied Seeks to apply ethical **Ethics** principles to concrete social

ex: topics such as abortion, euthanasia, human sexuality, animal welfare, environment, and poverty.

Normative Concerned with the basic ethics principles of right or wrong.

Division of Ethics (cont)

It asks if morality is fundamentally about the consequences of our actions, the inherent nature of the acts performed, or our character as actors

Summary

A. Meta-ethics - Nature. going back to ask Morality (how we understant moral language, the concept statement, what it means to be right or wrong)

B. Applied Ethics - taking and applyinh principles in real life (society issues, real

C. Normative ethics - figuring out if you should always tell the truth (provide frameworks/how to act/)

Normative Ethics: 4 Theories

A.Aristotle's Nicomachean (Aristolean Teleology)

B.Hume's non-cognitive

C. Kant's deontology:

D. Bentham's utilitarianism:

1. Aristotle's Constant practice of virtues that will lead to a Nicomachean (Aristotlean purpose or end. Teleology)

Moral virtues include prudence, justice, fortitude, temperance, goodness, and generosity.

2. Hume's Moral judgment is based Non-Cognitive on passion and interest, such as happiness 3. Kant's Focuses on following Deontology universal rules, norms, and duties (Categorical

Imperatives).

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Normative Ethics: 4 Theories (cont)

4. Bentham's Utilitarianism

One ought to do whatever will promote the greatest good and happiness for the greatest number, focusing on consequences and results.

provide different answers to a fundamental question: What makes an action right or wrong, and what should be the basis for our moral decisions?

Aristotle - Virtue Ethics Hume's Noncognitive - Emotivism Kants - Deontological Ethics

Benthams Ullitarianism: Consequentialism

Significance of the Study of Ethics

Social moral problems: measures to address the present characteristics of

To enlighten people:

Especially the young, to behave in a good and right manner. Teens may be confused due to different influences and are unwilling or unable to act in a moral way.

То establish solid

foundation

Experts rebuild necessary

moral issues today.

In school, particularly in the interaction between teachers

and students.

of values

Ethics in Moral life

indicates a focus on how ethics influences moral decision-making in everyday life.

Provides advantage and

Ethical theories are useful when they affect how human

beings behave.

answers:

keywords: provides answers thru affecting how we behave (e.g. moral judgements and decisions)

Provides a moral plan:

Ethics sets ethical rules and principles that provide a framework to find a way through difficult moral issues, offering a "cooler view" of problems

keywords: framework, blueprint for complex issues

Ethics and People

□shows concern for other people's wellbeing and God, rather than one's own desires and self-interest

{{width=40}}Ethics is about the "Othshows concern for other people's wellbeing and God, rather than one's own desires and self-interest.

Source for group strength:

If a group has a strong moral foundation, they have the courage to correct wrongdoings without hesitation.

Ethics and People (cont)

Good Ethics is also about the goodness of individuals and what people it means to live a good life. Virtue as well ethics is concerned with the as good moral character of human actions: beings.

(4) Four Ethical -Isms

These are various ways of making a moral judgment.

Subjectivism

Moral judgment is based on feelings, emotions, or

> For example, whether a lie is bad or good depends on a person's feelings. Moral judgments do not contain

factual truths.

attitudes.

Moral Realism There are real, objective moral facts or truths in the universe. Moral statements provide factual information about these truths. For example, "-Respect the rights" is a universal moral truth.

Emotivism

Moral statements are shown through gestures or signs that express feelings. For example, a thumbs-up gesture can show approval of a good



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(4) Four Ethical -Isms (cont)

Presc Moral statements are just instruript- ctions and recommendations,
ivism showing how people "ought to do".

>For example, "Students must have a complete uniform inside

the school"

This are Meta-ethical theories.

- How we judge moral statements and decisions are judged (ex: abortion)

Some Useful Rules in Our Lives

Etiquette A standard of moral judgment

dictated by a socio-economic

elite

Legal standard of moral statement to

judge legal right or wrong in a democracy, through represent-

atives

Language A standard to judge what is

grammatically right or wrong, which has evolved through

use.

Aesthetic A standard to judge good or

bad art, usually dictated by a small group of art specialists.



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