

Naming

The name of variables in Python can consist of lowercase letters (a to z), uppercase letters (A to Z), numbers (0 to 9), or the underscore character (_). Spaces aren't be allowed in a variable name. Additionally, a variable name must not start with a digit, and it is not recommended to start it with the underscore character except in very specific cases, for example, `if __name__ == "__main__"`. Furthermore, it is essential to avoid using a built-in word in Python as a variable name (for example: `print`, `range`, `for`, `from`, etc.).

Type of variables

Integer	<code>int()</code>
Float	<code>float()</code>
String <code>" "</code> or <code>' '</code> or <code>"""</code>	<code>str()</code>
List <code>[..., ...]</code>	<code>list()</code>
Dictionary <code>{key: value, ...}</code>	<code>{key: value} dict[key] = value</code>
Tuple <code>(..., ...)</code>	<code>tuple()</code>
Set <code>{..., ...}</code>	<code>set()</code>

Boolean True&False

Frozenset `frozenset({..., ...})` `frozen set()`

- To check the type of variable, `type(variable)`
- Floats can be in scientific format, like `3e8 = 3*10^8`.
- To convert float to scientific format, `" %e"% float`. It will return a string
- To use mathematical constant `e`, it should import module `math`. `math.e`
- To make a long number visible, using underscores `"_"` to separate digits in the version 3.6+, like `380_000`

Conversion

FLoat & Int	<code>float()</code> <code>int()</code> <code>round()</code>
List to Str	<code>'separator'.join(list)</code>
Str to List	<code>list(string)</code> <code>string.split('separator')</code>

- `int(float)` returns only the integer part of the float and `round(float, num)` is used to round a number to a specified number of decimal places.
- `'sep'.join()` cannot combine lists with full integers. `[str(i) for i in list]`; separator by default is space

Properties & Common Functions

NUM `int()` `round(value, decimal)` `abs()`

STRING `iterable`, `indexable`, `immutable`; `len()`; `str + str`, `str * positive int`; `str.replace(a,b)` `str.count(a)` `str.title()` `str.upper()` `str.lower()` `str.strip()` `str.rstrip()` `str.lstrip()`

LIST `list[start:stop:step]` `enumerate(list)` `max()` `min()` `sum()` `list.reverse()` `reversed(list)` `list * int`, `list + list`; `[i for i in list for _ in range()]` `list.append()` `list.insert(item, pos)` `list.remove()` `list.pop()` `del list[]` `list.index(item)` `sorted(list)` `list.sort()`

RANGE `range(start, stop, step)` `step` could be negative; similar to lists, but immutable

DICT `iterable by key`, `ordered by key or value`: `sorted(dic)` `sorted(dic, key=dic.get)` `dic.items()` `dic.keys()` `dic.values()` `dic[key]` or `dic.get(key)` `dic[key]= value` `del dic[key]` `dict.pop(key)`; `len()`

TUPLE `len()`, `iterable`, `ordered`, `indexable`, `immutable`. Avoid containing mutable variables

SET `iterable`, `mutable`, `unordered`, `indexable`; `set.add()` `set.remove()` `set.update(list1) & set(list2)` `set(list1) | set(list2)` `union`; `set(list1) - set(list2)`

FROZENSET `f1.union(f2)` `f1.intersection(f2)`

- If strings or lists are multiplied by a negative integer or a float, it will return nothing but a null string/list or an error
- To duplicate a list, `list.copy()` or `list[:]`. It should exactly avoid using `list2 = list1`, this creates a reference to the original list with the same ID `id()`
- `list[1:n]` stop at n-1, even if negative index
- `set()` can use to remove duplicated elements in lists and to take keys of a dictionary
- sets cannot be applied operators like `+` or `*`

Arithmetic Operators

$x + y$	add	$x - y$	subtract
$x * y$	multiply	$x ** y$	x^y
x / y	divide	$x // y$	integer division
$x \% y$	modulus		

Assignment shortcuts: $x \text{ op} = y$, for example, $x += y$ is equal to $x = x + y$

Comparison Operators

$x == y$	$x != y$
$x < y$	$x > y$
$x <= y$	$x >= y$

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By **Theo666**

cheatography.com/theo666/

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Page 2 of 2.

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