# Cheatography

### Tahsili Bio (Vertebrates) Cheat Sheet by TheGoldenClover via cheatography.com/201551/cs/42745/

Amphibian Characteristics		
no of legs	4 (2 pairs)	
skin type	thin and moist	
Temp. Regulation	ectothermic (body temp depends on external sources such as sunlight)	
Heart chambers	3 ( 2 atria, 1 ventricle )	

#### Amphibian Systems

Excretion	kidneys; ammonia and urea are formed in the liver
Cloaca	a chamber that collects fecal matter, urine, and gametes
Respiration (larvae)	gills
Respiration (adults)	skin
Nervous system	Complex
Nictitating membrane	a membrane that is drawn over the eye to prevents dryness or when swimming
Reproduction	sexual, and external fertilization

Amphibian Classification	
Anura	no tail, live close to water (frogs and toads)
Caudata	have long bodies, a neck, and a tail (salamanders and newts)
Gymnophiona	limbless worm like organisms (caecilia)
difference between frogs and toads	toads are poisionous

Bird Classification		
number of groups	27	
Passeriformes	3 forward toes, 1 backward	crows and quails
sphenisciformes	paddle like wings for swimming	penguins
struthioniforms	flightless with small wings	ostritch and emu
Anseriformes	webbed feet	ducks and geese

Vertebrate Characteristics		
Vertebral Coloumn	replaces the notochord, and protects the spinal cord. Is flexible and strong	
Neural Crest	a group of temporary cells that arise in embryological development, and give rise to important cell types	

Bird Beak Types		
Daggerlike	snowy eagrets	
Needlelike	hummingbirds	
Curved	falcon	
Pouchlike	pelican	

Birds	
Temp regulation	endotherms
teeth	absent
heart chambers	4
respiration	Air sacs

Bird Systems	
Digestive system	esophagus - crop - stomach - gizzard - intestines
Flight Adaptations	feathers - no bladder - high temp - light skeleton - large chest muscles
Feathers	made of keratin
Contour feathers	used for flight

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Bird Systems (cont)

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Down feathers	provide insulation	
Reprod- uction	sexual, internal; they incubate their eggs for optimal conditions	
Traditional Ma	ammal Classes	
Cetacea	dolphins, whales	
perissodactyla	a (odd numbered toes) zebras, horses	
Aritodactyla	(even number of toes) cows, gazelles	
Chiroptera	(flying mammals) Bats	
Sirenia	(slow moving) eared seals, duogongs	
Xenartha	armadillos, sloths	
Lagomorpha	rabbits	
Reptile Chara	cteristics	
Skin Type	dry scaly skin	
Respiration	Lungs	
Heart Chambe	ers typically 3, crocodile has 4	
Temp regulati	on ectothermic	
Reptile Syster	ns	
Excretion	kidneys; filtrate then collects in the cloaca, and is released as <b>uric acid</b>	
Smell	snakes extend their tongue to smell	
Jacobson's Organ	a sac-like structure in the roof of the mouth that allows snakes to detect odor	
Hearing	tympanic membrane - jawbones detect vibrations	
Reprod- uction	sexual and internal;	

Mammal Char	acteristics
Hair	made of keratin
Mammary Glands	produce Milk
Metabolic Rate	high, to maintain constant body temp
Digestion	teeth and a specialized digestive system
Respiration	Lungs - Diaphragm (membrane under lungs)
Heart Chambers	4
Body temp	endothermic
overcome increase in temp by	sweating - panting
Reprod- uction	internal, occurs in uterus that also encloses the placenta
Brain	highly complex; Cerebral cortex is the most complex part, and the larger the organism, the larger the cerebral cortex

Reptile Clssification		
Squamata	lizards - snakes	
Crocodilia	alligators and crocodiles	
testudinata	turtles and tortoises (have a carapace)	
Sphenodontia	tuataras	

Mammals Classification (Based On Reproduction)		
Monotremes	egg laying mammals	platypus, echnidas
Marsupials	have a nipple covering pouch	kangaroos, koalas, opossum, wallabies
Placentals	Give birth, have a placenta	humans, monkeys, whales, bats

snakes and lizards allow eggs to develop within their bodies before laying them

amniotic eggs



egg type

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Mammals Classification (Based On Nutrition)			
insect- ivores	eat insects	moles, hedgehogs, shrews	
Carnivores	meat eaters	lions, wolves	
herbivores	ruminants (have a rumen that breaks down cellulose) - Livestock	nonruminants (cellulose is broken down in the cecum) - Rabits	
Omnivores	eat plants and animals	bears	

Fish Characteristics		
vertebral coloumn	present	
Jaws	present, and are used for predation and protection	
Fins	allow fish to swim	
scales	come in 4 types	

Fish Body Systems		
Respiration	occurs in gills	
Circulatory System	closed system	
Heart chambers	2	
Swim bladder / Gas Bladder	an internal organ filled with gas that allows most bony fish to swim at different depths	
Feeding	Filter feeders - predators - scavengers (feed off corpses)	
Nervous System	similar to other vertebrates	
Lateral Line organ	a sensory organ that allows fish to detect changes in the water	
Reproduction	Spawning - internal fertilization	
Spawning	when gametes are released in the water (external)	
Classification	bony fish (tuna) - cartilaginous fish (Sharks) - jawless fish (parasitic lamprey)	

Fish Scales	
Ctenoid	bass
Cycloid	salmon & sardines
Ganoid	Gar
Placoid	Sharks



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