

Basic Linux Commands Cheat Sheet

by sowmyabm via cheatography.com/189469/cs/39518/

Linux	
To create a folder	mkdir <folder_name></folder_name>
To get into a folder	cd <folder_name></folder_name>
To create a file	vim <file name=""></file>
To display the contents of a file	cat <file name=""></file>

Handy commands	
To get into a folder	cd <folder name=""></folder>
To get the list of available files and folders in a directory	Is
To get the current logged in user	whoami
To get the present working directory	pwd
To get the list of all commands used	history
To clear screen	clear
To get date and time	date
To get kernel name	uname
To get kernel version	uname -r
TO get manual of a command	man <command name=""/>

Copy / Move	
To copy a file	cp <option> <source/> <destination></destination></option>
To delete a file	rm <option> <path file="" the="" to="">></path></option>
To move/rename a file	mv <source/> <destination></destination>

User management	
To add a new user account	sudo useradd <user name=""></user>
To create a password to the user account	sudo passwd <user name=""></user>
To create a new group	sudo group add <group name=""></group>
To add user to a group	sudo gpasswd -a <user name=""> <group name=""></group></user>
To delete a user	sudo userdel <user name=""></user>
To delete a group	sudo groupdel <group name=""></group>

File permissions	
To change permission	chmod <mode> <file directory=""></file></mode>
To change ownership	chown <owner> <file directory=""></file></owner>
To change group ownership	chgrp <group name=""> <file directory=""></file></group>

Access Control Lists(ACL)	
To get ACL entries of a file or directory	getfacl <file directory=""></file>
To set ACL to a file/folder	setfacl -m u:username:permissions <fi- le/directory></fi-
To remove ACL of a user	setfacl -x u:username:permissions <fi- le/directory></fi-
To set ACL of a group	setfacl -m g:groupname:permissions <file directory=""></file>
To remove ACL of a group	setfacl -x g:groupname:permissions <fi- le/directory></fi-
Tp set ACL	setfacl [options] -m u:username:permissions file/directory

Gloal regular expressions Print<	
Case-insensitive pattern search	grep <pattern><file_name></file_name></pattern>
Display line numbers	grep -n <pattern> <file></file></pattern>
Search recursively in directories	grep -r <pattern> <directory></directory></pattern>
Regular expression search	grep -E <string expression=""> file</string>
Search recursively in directories:	grep -r <string expression=""> /path/to/-directory</string>

Find	
Find files by name	find /path/to/directory -name "*.txt"
Find directories	find /path/to/directory -type d
Display bottom few line of code	tail -n <no display="" lines="" of="" to=""><file name=""></file></no>
Display top few line of code	tail -n <no display="" lines="" of="" to=""><file name=""></file></no>
Create a tar archive	tar -cvf <tar archive="" file=""> <path archived="" be="" file="" folder="" or="" to=""></path></tar>
Awk command syntax	awk 'pattern { action }' input_file



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