Cheatography

Ore Minerals Cheat Sheet by snazzybear via cheatography.com/150548/cs/32612/

Iron-black to brownish-black

The only ore of Chromium

Associated with peridotites and

Associated with galena, sphalerite, dolomite, pyrrhotite and

An important ore of copper Varies; commonly light-green,

yellow, blue-green, or purple

Used in the chemical industry

1 perfect cleavage Associated with calcite, dolomite, gypsum, celestite, barite, quartz, galena, sphalerite, cassiterite, topaz, tourma-

line, and apatite

neral (cont)

Brown or black 1 imperfect cleavage Associated with Stannite A principal ore of Tin

No cleavage

ultrabasic rocks

Brass-yellow

No cleavage

pentlandite

Ore Mine	Ore Minera		
Arseno pyrite H: 5.5- 6	Silver-white 1 poor cleavage Associated with silver and copper ores, galena, sphalerite, pyrite,	Cassit- erite H: 6-7	
	chalcopyrite, and gold The principal source of Arsenic	Chromite H: 5.5	
Azurite H: 3.5- 4	Intense azure-blue 2 cleavage at almost 90 Associated with Malachite		
Barite (H: 3- 2 3.5 /	A minor ore of Copper Colourless, white, grey 2 cleavage planes Associated with ores of silver, lead, copper, cobalt, manganese, and antimony	Chalco- pyrite H: 3.5-4	
	Chief source of Ba in chemicals, 80% used for heavy mud in mining	Fluorite H: 4	
Bauxite H: 1-3	White, grey, yellow, red (trans- lucent) No cleavage, fractures around pisolitic balls Alloyed with copper, manganese, zinc, nickel, silica, silver, and tin The ore of Aluminium, 85% consumed as aluminium ore		
Bornite H: 3	Brownish-brown on fresh fracture Fractures Associated with chalcocite, chalcopyrite, covellite, pyrrhotite, and pyrite A copper ore		



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Ore Mineral (cont)

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Galena H: 2.5	Lead-grey 1 perfect cleavage Associated with sphalerite, pyrite, marcasite, chalcopyrite, cerussite, anglesite, dolomite, calcite, quartz, barite, and fluorite The only source of lead and an important ore of silver			
Goethite H: 5-5.5	Yellowish-brown to dark brown 1 perfect cleavage Associated with weathered serpentine and iron-bearing minerals An ore of Iron			
Gypsum H: 2	Colourless, white, grey 3 cleavage planes Associated with halite, anhydrite, dolomite, calcite, sulphur, pyrite and quartz Industrial use			
Hematite H: 5.5- 6.5	Reddish-brown to black 2 cleavage planes Associated with maghemite Most important ore of Iron for steel manufacture			
Ilmenite H: 5.5-6	Iron-black No cleavage Associated with Geikelite, pyrophanite A major source of Titanium			

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Ore Mineral (cont)			Ore Mineral (cont)		
Magnetite H: 6	Iron-black Octahedral parting sometimes visible Associated with ulvospinel, magnesioferrite, jacobsite, maghermite, maritite		Pyrrhotite H: 4	Brownish-bronze No cleavage Associated with pentlandite, chalcopyrite or other sulphides Mined for its associated nickel, copper, and platnium	
Malachite H:3.5 - 4	An important Iron ore Bright green Perfect cleavage, but rarely seen Associated with azurite, cuprite, native copper, iron		Rhodonite H:5.5-6	Rose-red, pink, brown 2 perfect cleavages Associated with manganese and manganese-rich iron deposits Ornamental stone	
Molybd- enite H: 1-1.5	oxides A minor ore of Copper Lead-grey 1 perfect cleavage Associated with cassiterite, scheelite, wolframite, fluorite,		Scheelite H: 4.5-5	White, yellow, green, brown 1 distinct cleavage Associated with cassiterite, topaz, fluorite, apatite, molybd- enite, and wolframite An ore of Tungsten	
Pentla- ndite H: 3.5-4	and chalcopyrite The principal ore of molybdenum Yellowish-bronze 1 cleavage Associated with pyrrhotite	Sphalerite 3.5-4	Colourless when pure, green when almost pure 1 perfect cleavage (can be hard to see)		
			Associated with pyrrhotite The more important ore of zinc		
Pyrite H: 6-6.5	The principal ore of nickel Pale brass-yellow Conchoidal fracture Associated with chalcopyrite, sphalerite, and galena Mined for copper or gold associated with it		Stibnite H:2	Lead-grey to black 1 perfect Associated with antimony minerals, galena, cinnabar, sphalerite, barite, realgar, orpiment, and gold The chief ore of antimony	
Pyrolusite H: 1-2	Iron-black 1 perfect Associated with veins with quartz and various metallic minerals Most important Manganese ore				

Ore Mineral (cont) Wolframite Dark H: 4-4.5 1 perfect cleavage Associated with cassiterite, scheelite, bismuth, quartz, pyrite, galena, sphalerite, and arsenopyrite Chief ore of Tungsten

Ore textures

Massive sulphide	Greater than 50% of the rock is of sulphide minerals. Textures include massive, banded, brecciated. Grain size varies from fine grained to coarse grained. Sulphide mineralogy is dependent upon the individual mineralising system
Cumulate textures	Primary magmatic processes when heavy minerals, crysta- llised in a magma, are able to sink to the bottom of the magma chamber and cumulate. This may lead to economic concentration of minerals
Semi-m- assive sulphides	An r ore that contains signif- icant amounts of sulphide minerals, but not exceeding 50%
Stringer ore	Developed where fluid pathways exist in an ore system. As the fluids migrate, they may deposit ore minerals and cause significant hydrot- hermal alteration of the host rock. Stringer zones are essentially the plumbing system and may contain ore grade

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Ore textures (cont)		Ore textures (cont)		Ore textures (cont)	
Breccia	Hydrothermal breccias are common hosts to ore. These ores form during or after brecciation of the host rock, due to tectonic forces or hydraulic pressure	Recrystal- lisation	lisation common in many ore systems where early formed ore minerals may be either remobilised or recrystallised		At high temperatures during ore formation, ductile textures result. Rather than brittle fracturing and brecciation, replacement and mylonitic textures are developed
Vughs and open space fillings	These textures are indicative of low temperatures where there is low lithostatic pressure and the ore system is developing at or near the Earth's surface. For this reason, open space voids may be developed		due to later thermal or hydrot- hermal events. Recrystallis- ation textures impart metamorphic textures to the rock	Greisen	Highly altered granitic rock or pegmatite at the top of an intrusive body
				Pendant	Remnant of overlying country rock protruding onto a plutonic
		Dissem- inated ore	Disseminated ore is one of the most common ore types.		body.
Veins	Vein hosted ore is very common in hydrothermal systems as the fluids carrying metals also carry gangue mineralogy components. Commonly, the gangue minerals precipitate with the ore minerals to form veins in the fluid pathways		It is finely disseminated, or irregularly distributed ore mineral within a host rock. Many disseminated ore zones form the low grade periphery of a deposit. In some ore systems however, they may be the high grade zones		
Replac ement ore	Replacement ores may be massive, semi-massive or disseminated, depending on the ore system. They generally show preferential replacement of one or more original components of the host rock. In some cases, ore minerals preferentially replace host rock components	Supergene ore	Supergene processes occur in an oxidising environment, at or above the water table. These rocks are either the weathered product of hypogene ore, or are enriched by groundwater mobilisation then precipitation of metals to forms supergene ores. They are ores of copper, iron and lead		

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