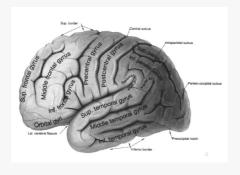


# Lobes of the brain + intracranial disorders Cheat Sheet

smooth pursuit)

by Siffi (Siffi) via cheatography.com/122609/cs/22873/

### Lobes of the brain



Types of Intracranial disorders		
Cerebrovascular damage	Haemorrhage	
	Infarction	
	Aneurysms	
	Blood disorders	
	Arteriovenous Malformations	
Haematomas	Intradural	
	Extradural	
Intracranial Tumours	Benign	
	Malignant	
Intracranial infection	Abscess	
Post trauma	Concussion	

Tumours	
Supratentorial Tumours	Infratentorial Tumours
Raised ICP + brain shift S&S	Raised ICP + brain shift S&S
Tentorial herniation then tonsillar herniation	S&S of CSF outflow blockage
	Causes tonsilliar herniation
	VI Nerve Palsy - BS pushed downwards, stretches VI nerve over petrous tip <b>Unreliable</b> sign

#### Extradural haematoma:

Pushes on hemisphere sideways under Falx, downwards through

Stretches CN III over edge of the tentorium - unilateral III nerve palsy reliable sign

Occipital Lobe Functional areas	
Visual Association areas	Main Visual cortex
Calcarine fissure (medially in right	nt hemisphere)

Occipital Lobe Lesions	
Seizures with flashing light Aura	Visual Field Defects
Dyslexia	Visual Agnosia (cannot recognise visual information)

Parietal lobe Lesions (EITHER)		
Sensory Seizures	Soft Motor signs	
Visual pathway Disturbance	Postural Sensation disturbed	
Decreased Passive Joint Movement Sense	Touch Localisation Disturbed	
2 pt Discrimination disturbed	Appreciation of size + texture Disturbed	
Perceptual Rivalry	Altered Optokinetc nystagmus	
Perceptual Rivalry: When presented with two images, instead of		
them being superimposed, the images appear separately		
Optokinetic nystagmus: Following an object when stationary (larger		
visual field, occulomotor response and directs image onto the retina,		
compared to small moving visual of	objects, directs image onto fovea in	

Parietal Lobe Lesions (RIGHT & LEFT)		
RIGHT	LEFT	
Anosognosia - no longer aware of opposite side	Confusion of right and left limb	
Dyspraxia - loss of acquired skills	Finger agnosia	
Disturbance of Geographic Memory	Acalculia	
	Agraphia	
	Wernickes dysphagia	
Werknicke's dysphagia- loss of production/comprehension of spoken &/or written language (acquired)		



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Frontal Lobe	
Functional areas:	
Olfactory Bulb, tract + optic nerve	Frontal Poles
Cingulate Gyrus	Frontal eye fields
Corticol control of micturition (urination)	Corpus Callosum
Motor cortexes	Rolandic fissure (fissure between occupital + frontal lobe)
Sylvian Fissue (fissure between temporal + frontal lobe)	Broca's area

L-ront	al loha	Lesions:

Loss of drive

Apathy

Decreasing concern about personal appearance, hygiene, family affairs, business

Memory problems

Diminished intellect

Epilepsy Focal, motor

Adversive (includes eyes)

Status Epilepticus (seizure lasting 10 minutes or more)

Possible Temporal lobe attacks due to its close proximity

Frontal lobe - personality, acquired social behaviour

### More Symptoms

Weakness on opposite side of face and/body

If parasagittal, legs are affected bilaterally

Loss of micturition (urge incontinence)

Speech Disturbance - Dysphagia (Broca's)

Visual Disturbance - in visual and or acuity

Alteration in smell

Signs
Intellectual impairment
Memory Defect
+ve Grasp Reflex
Contralateral UMNL signs
Unilateral anosmia
Visual pathway deficits
Dysphasic signs

Temporal	I obo	functional	orogo:
Telliboral	LUDE	TUHCUOHA	i ai tas.

Unicinate fasciculus (connects Hippod

Hippocampus

uncus to orbital frontal cortex)

Uncus Inferior longitudinal fasciculus

(to visual association areas)

Motor fibres entering cerebral peduncles

### Temporal Lobe Lesions

Epileptic - complex partial seizures "on/off"

#### Complex Autonomisms:

Lipping Sucking

Kissing Repeated fiddling with clothing

Walking/driving then "waking up"

Prodromes: Visual/auditory/smells/taste hallucina-

tions

Unpleasant visceral "Something awful is about to

sensations happen"

Deja vu Jamais vu

Deja vu:- described as a strong sensation that a current event has

happened/occurred before

**Jamais vu:** - opposite to deja vu. Something that has happened in a person's life but they have the feeling it happened for the first time.



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