Cheatography

How to Intialize an Variable

data_type (var_name);

data_type (var_name) = initial_value;

Functions			
Syntax:		n _type (func_ name) (datatype return <i>something</i> ;	<pre>name1, datatype name2,) {</pre>
int diff(int return a - }		tion that takes two integers and performs a	subtraction
How to use Stru	ct		
	nc t_name) { npe) name1; npe) name2;	A struct is a type of poir	nter. Similar to making a class.
struct struc ;	ct _name (name) = { val1,	val2,} Initializes a struct with t	he following values
p->x;			to access members of a struct. This code accesses a lled p. Equivalent to (*p).x
<stdio.h> and <</stdio.h>	string.h> functions		
strlen(string)	Counts the total char in a strin	g	<pre>char msg[] = " mes sag e"; printf("%s", strlen(msg)); // This code prints 7</pre>
strcat(string1, string2)	Is used to join two strings toge	other string1 adds the text of string2 to it	<pre>char msg1[] = "My name is "; char msg2[] = "Vin"; strcat(msg1, msg2); printf("%s", msg1); //This code prints "My name is Vin"</pre>
strcmp()	Is used to tell if two strings are equal. Returns 0 if they are equal. Returns a non-zero value if they are not.		<pre>char msg1[] = "xyz"; char msg2[] = "xyz"; int result = strcmp (msg1, msg2); printf("%d", result); //This code prints 0</pre>
strchr()	Is used to find first occurrence	of a char in a string	<pre>char word = "wolves"; void res = strchr (word, 's'); printf("%s", res); //This code returns a pointer to s</pre>
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<stdio.h> and <string.h> functions (cont)</string.h></stdio.h>			
strstr()	Is used to find first occurrence of a strin in a string	<pre>char sent[] = "The world is cold";</pre>	
		<pre>void* ptr = strstr (sent, "orl");</pre>	
		if (sent != NULL) {	
		<pre>printf("%s", ptr);</pre>	
		}	
		//This code prints if substring is found	
strcpy()	One string copies another	<pre>char msg[] = "Jim";</pre>	
		<pre>char* nmsg = malloc (st rle n(msg) * sizeof(char));</pre>	
		<pre>strcpy(nmsg, msg);</pre>	
		<pre>printf("%s\n", nmsg);</pre>	
		//This code prints " Jim ", nmsg was changed	

DataTypes				
char	refers to characters or strings	Ex. "car", 'c'		
int	refers to an integer	Ex. 1, 2, 390		
float	refers to a decimal, up to 6 digits	Ex. 1.909034		
double	refers to a decimal, up to 15 digits	Ex. 1.9090341111		
void	Empty			

Pointers	
Description:	A variable that stores another variables address
*	The Dereference Operator:access the value stored at the address a pointer is pointing to
δ.	The Address Operator: It is used to get the memory address of a variable.
<pre>int num = 6; int *ptr = #</pre>	Return the address of num to ptr, and then dereference it. Essentially creating a pointer

for Loop for (int x = 0; x < 5; x++) { /body/ };

while Loop while (x<5) { /body/ };</pre>

How to use malloc()

Allocates space in memory of a specific block size. Returns a void pointer if successful. Remember to free the pointer when done.

<pre>int nums = malloc</pre>	(si zeo	f(int)	10	Creates an array
);				of size 10

How to use realloc()

Re-allocated space of a given malloc() block space, will preserve data that's already there as long the new space is not smaller

```
int* arr = malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
arr = reallo c(arr, 10 * sizeof (int));
```

The array that was created with malloc() is increased to be able to contain 5 more elements using realloc()

Arrays	
Syntax:	(datatype) (var_name)[]
int arr[10];	An integer array with space for 10 integers
int nums[] = {1,2};	An integer array with elements declared
int arr[5] = {0};	An integer array of all zeroes
int arr3[5] = {1, 2};	An integer array, first two elements are set, others are 0
char word[] = "- Hello"	A char array which is basically a string

Format Specifiers			
%с	Used for character data	char	
%d	Used for signed integer data	int	
%u	Used for unsigned integer data	unsigned int	
%f or %. (num)f	Used for float or double, can insert a number before "f" for precision	float or double	
%s	Used for string data	char (string)[] or char* (string)	
%р	Used for printing the address of a pointer	void *(pointer)	

Importing files

To import files use #include ... at the top of the file, these are .h files

```
Use < ... > if importing from standard c librarby
```

Use " ... " if importing your personal file

<pre>#include <st dio.h=""></st></pre>	Standard Input Output library	printf(); scanf();
#include <st g.<br="" rin="">h></st>	A library with sting manipu- lation functions	<pre>strlen(); strcpy(); strcat(); memcpy(); memset();</pre>
#include <st b.<br="" dli="">h></st>	Standard Library	malloc(); realloc(); free(); rand();

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