Cheatography

ITERATORS GENERATORS DECORATORS Cheat Sheet by sahusourabh via cheatography.com/156407/cs/33300/

ITERATORS

Looping

Important functions to be implemented

__iter__()

__next__()

__iter__() : takes iteratable object like list,

tuples

__next__(): is used to return the next value in iteration

Use of iterators

```
1
 2 lst = [1,"Sourabh",5,3.0]
 3 itr = iter(lst)
 4 # iterate through it using next()
 5 print(next(itr))
 6 print(next(itr))
 7 print(itr.__next__())
 8 print(itr.__next__())
1
Sourabh
5
3.0
```

Iterators with class



GENERATORS

USE

1. Generator generate one element at a time from a sequence.

2. Yield is used to get the value

3 It saves the state not like function where once function is called state will be returned to new call

1 #generators A simple generator function 2 # 3 def get_me_no(): n = 1 4 yield n 6 n += 1 yield n

10 n += 1 11 yield n 12 My_numbers=get_me_no() 14 print(next(My_numbers)) 15 print(next(My_numbers)) 16 print(next(My numbers))

List Comprehension vs Generation

Comprehension: all in one go

Generation : one by one ...fast

EXAMPLE

1

3

```
2 lst= [1, 4, 6, 8]
  2 lst= [1, 4, 6, 8]
3 # square each term using list comprehension
4 square_list = [x**2 for x in lst]
5 # same thing can be done using a generator expression
6 # generator expressions are surrounded by parenthesis ()
7 generator = (x**2 for x in lst)
   8 print(square_list)
   9 print(generator)
[1, 16, 36, 64]
<generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f66c39c39d0>
  1 print(next(generator))
  1 print(next(generator))
16
```

DECORATORS

1. A decorator is a special function which adds some extra functionality to an existing function

2. A decorator is a function that accepts a function as a parameter and returns a function.

3. Decorators are useful to perform some additional processing required by a function.

Want to add addition functionality to function

- 1 def
- ef decor(func): def inner_function(m,f,y): if "TesIa" in m: print("WOW!! Its TesIa Electric Vehicle") return func(m,f,y)
- return inner_function
- 8 def sh def showvehicle(model,fueltype,year):
 print("Broom...its ",model,fueltype,"manufactured in",year)
- 11 showvehicle = decor(showvehicle) 12 print(showvehicle("BMW 2 Series ","Petrol","2020")) 13 print(showvehicle("Tesla Model 3","EV","2022"))
- Broom...its BMW 2 Series Petrol manufactured in 2020
- WOW!! Its Tesla Electric Vehicle Broom...its Tesla Model 3 EV manufactured in 2022

@decor

showvehicle = decor(showvehicle) instead

of this line, you can use @decor

@decor implementation

1 def decor(func): ef decor(tunc): def inner_function(m,f,y): if "Tesla" in m: print("WOW!! Its Tesla Electric Vehicle") return func(m,f,y) return inner_functio 8 def showvehicle(model,fueltype,year):

print("Broom...its ",model,fueltype,"manufactured in",year)

- 11 print(showvehicle("BMW 2 Series ","Petrol","2020"))
 12 print(showvehicle("Tesla Model 3","EV","2022"))
- Broom...its BMW 2 Series Petrol manufactured in 2020
- None WOW!! Its Tesla Electric Vehicle Broom...its Tesla Model 3 EV manufactured in 2022

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