

### Util functions

```
getwd()
setwd('C://file/path')
rm(variable_name)
str(variable_name)
help.start()
install.packages("ade4")
library(ade4)
detach(package:ade4)
history()
```

### DataFrame

```
d=data.frame(subjectID=1:3,
gender=c("M","F","F"),score=c(8,3,6))
```

A list where all elements are the same length.

```
rbind(a_data_frame,
another_data_frame)
```

Bind rows

```
cbind(a_data_frame,
another_data_frame)
```

Bind columns

### Strings

```
x <- (1:15) ^ 2
toString(x)

toupper("I'm Shouting")
tolower("I'm Shouting")
```

tolower("I'm Shouting") strsplit(woodchuck, " ", fixed = TRUE)

### Data.table

```
library(data.table)
class(flights)

head(flights)
flights[, .(N), by = .(origin)]

flights[, head(.SD, 2), by = month]
flights[1:5, sum(arr_delay, dep_delay),]
```

### Vectors

```
t(a) transpose
5 * a scalar multiplication
a+b summing vector
c(1,0) unit vectors
```

### Matrices

```
matrix(1:6,2,3)
m2=matrix(1:3)
```

### Vectors

```
y<-c(5,7,7,8,2,5,6,4) Numeric vector
x <- c("one","two","three") Character vector
z <- c(TRUE,TRUE,FALSE) Logical vector
```

### Lists

```
cars<-list(c("Toyota", "Nissan", "Honda"),
c(150,180,50))
```

Collection of elements which can be of different types.

```
cars[[1]]
```

first row of the list

### Descriptive Statistics

```
summary(mydat) describe(mydat)
str(mydat) names(mydat)
par(mfrow=c(2,2)) plot(density(female_dat$science_score))
```

### Functions

```
hypotenuse(3, 4) formalArgs(hypotenuse)
normalize(c(1, 3, 6, 10, NA)) f(sqrt(5))
```

### Hypothesis Testing

```
t.test(x, y) t-test - difference between means.
prop.test Test for difference between proportions.
pairwise.t.test t-test for paired data.
cor.test(sample1,sample2) Correlation
wilcox.test(data3) Alternate hypothesis is proved
chisq.test(marks1) Chi square test
shapiro.test(vn) Distribution is normal
aov ANOVA - Analysis of Variance
```

### Arrays & Matrices

```
(two_d_array <- array( 1:12,
dim = c(4, 3),
dimnames = list(
c("one", "two", "three", "four"),
c("c1", "c2", "c3"))))
dim(two_d_array)
nrow(two_d_array)
ncol(two_d_array)
length(two_d_array)
```

### Visualization

```
barplot(Species) ggplot(mydata1,aes(x = subject, fill = subject)) + geom_bar()
hist(Sepal.Length) plot(Sepal.Width)
qqnorm(Sepal.Width) library(ggplot2)
pie(table(Species)) library(learningr)
```

### Probability

```
Uniform u <- runif(2000)
Normal or Gaussian u <- rnorm(2000,mean=50,sd=3)
Exponential u <- rexp(2000)
Binomial Distribution mybinom(k,n,p) * 1000
Poisson Distribution mypois(lambda, 2)
```

### Matrix Manipulation

```
det(matrix(c(1,0,0,1),2)) Determinant
solve(m1) %*% m1 Inverse
library(MASS) ginv(m1)
```

### Statistics - Algorithms

```
predict(model3,mydat) Regression
table(predict.glm(modelg,newdata=mydat,type="response")>0.5) Classification
cl$cluster Clustering
```

