

### Python1

float()	change to number with decimal
integer()	change to number with NO decimal
Boolean = True/False	True/False
print()	display the information on the screen
input()	ask for some information from the users
len()	length of the string
# abcd	single line comment
"""abcd"""	multi-line comments

### Python2

+ Addition	== equal to
- Subtraction	!= not equal to
* Multiplication	< less than
/ Division	> more than
** To the power of	<= less than or equal to
% Modulo	>= more than or equal to

### Python3

print()	display data on the screen
"....."	use quotation mark to make it as a string
string placement	1st letter = 0
print multi variables	use comma
blank space counts as a character	len can be used for STRING ONLY
Example: juice = "fresh water"	
print (len(juice))	
>>> 11	

### letter

upper	capital letter; upper()
lower	small letter; lower()
EX:	x = "hello897"
	y = x.upper()
	print (y) = "HELLO897"
dot notation can only be used in STRING ONLY	

### Concatenation

concatenation	joining multiple strings together
Ex:	phrase = "Task" + "is" + "balding"
	print (phrase) >>> Taskisbalding
If you enter spaces or gaps	Ex: phrase = "Task " + "is " + "balding"
	print (phrase)>>> Task is balding
Be aware of gaps and spaces when using concatenation.	

