Health

"A state of complete physical, mental and social wellbeing and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity" (WHO) "A resource for everyday life, not the object of living" (Ottawa, 1986) consistent with biopsychosocial model treatment of whole person (emotional, physical, intellectual, spiritual, occupational, social, environmental) Holistic approach Wellpositive rather than neutral state (living well) being TYPES OF HEALTH:: Type Description How to improve 1. bodily functions and processes - organs/body lifestyle and dietary changes - regular exercise, balanced nutrition, fitness, nutrition, absense of illness/injury physical adequate rest, effective hygiene, regualr vaccinations, avoid alcohol health tabacco drugs 2. mental emo, social, and psych wellbeing practice stress management techniques, seek social support, replace health thoughts/beliefs ve thoughts with +ve ability to adapt and bounce back from adversity 3. social ways ppl create healthy and +ve interpersonal rxns with foster rxns, comm openly, participate on social act., seek social support health one another ability to handle and act based on different social conditions help improve emo wellbeing coexist peacefully in communities 4. sense of purpose, meaning, and connection to explore personal values beliefs practices, engage in act. aligning with something greater than oneself, which can be different spiritual values spiritual health for each person includes a purposeful life, transcendence and actualization balance between physical, psychological and social aspects of human life 5. one aspect of mental health practice self awareness, mindfulness, emo regulation techniques ability to cope with both positive and negative emotions emotional health

| DIFFERENCES | TRADITIONAL | MODERN |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
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Traditional vs modern healing technques (cont)

| Definition | "Traditional medicine refers to the sum total of the knowledge, skills, and practices | "Use of scientifically developed treatm- |
|------------|---|---|
| | based on the theories, beliefs, and experiences indigenous to different cultures that are | ents, medications, and medical practices |
| | used to maintain health, as well as to prevent, diagnose, improve, or treat physical and | to diagnose, prevent, and treat illnesses |
| | mental illnesses." (WHO) | and diseases." |
| | Principle - Humans achieve physical, mental, emo health through harmonious coexis- | Also called alternative medicine (wrt |
| | tence with nature. | traditional medicine) |
| | | |

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Traditional vs modern healing technques (cont)

| History | One of the oldest medical sciences in the world Ayurveda (most widely used in traditional indian holistic medicine) | 19th century - Anesthesia and stethoscope were invented - turning point with the development of the germ theory of disease and improvent in diagnostic accuracy 20th century- discovery of antibiotics, DNA structure, X-rays, MRIs further |
|---------|---|--|
| | Ayurvedic medicine: | helped deveop more specialized care and medical specialities |
| | 1500 -1000 BC – Was divided into two schools – | Overtime, huge databasse of alternative medicine were formed, including a list |
| | 1. Atreya Inner Medicine School | of common health symptoms and suggestions specific medicines and the right |
| | 2. Dhanvantari Surgery School | amounts to help relieve those symptoms quickly |
| | Early 100 BC - Scholars in these two categories | |
| | wrote two major books – | |
| | 1. Caraka Samhita | |
| | 2. Sushrut Samhita | |
| | 500AD - Astanga Hridaya Samhita was published, | |
| | which integrated the views of two medical schools | |
| | of Ayurveda | |
| | 500 - 1900 AD - 16 important drug monographs | |
| | were gradually added, like bonus sections, to the | |
| | traditional books of Ayurvedic medicine | |
| | Basic theories of Indian medicine: | |
| | 1. five elements theory: Used to explain human | |
| | physiology (in vedic culture) | |
| | Everything in the world is composed of five basic | |
| | elements - | |
| | Prithvi (earth), Jala (water), Agni (fire), Vayu (air), | |
| | and Akasha (ether) | |
| | These elements supplement the corresponding | |
| | elements in the human body after being ingested | |
| | 2. three humoralisms theory (trishoda): Three kinds | |
| | of humoralisms (bodily fluids – humors) - | |
| | gas (Vata), bile (Pitta), and mucus (Kapha) ** | |
| | Balance of these determine the health/disease | |
| | status of the human body | |
| | | |

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| Traditional vs modern healing technques (cont) | | |
|---|--|---|
| Mode of passing (oral/written) - how it was passed on through genera- tions | Orally or through apprenticeships, vedic texts. | Written texts, rigorous education, and standardized training. |
| Working on individual | Focus on holistic approach, addressing the person's physical, mental, and spiritual well-b-eing. | Focus on quick relief from the specific symptoms (only target that area with the proven chemical formulas) Cure many identified problems + prevent many deadly viral infections/possible genetic diseases |
| Dosage | Trial and error Passive treatment with no assurance of the effectiveness Flexible – not fixed No side effects (made from herbs and natural practices) | Desired medications in our required dose instantly Fixed May have side effects Scientifically proven along with the results of real tests |
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Traditional vs modern healing technques (cont)

| Techniques | Ayurveda (900-800BCE): | Allopathy: conventional/ modern |
|------------|---|--|
| | Origin – ancient India - from Vedas (Rigveda and Atharva veda) – 2500-500BCE | western medicine |
| | (oldest) | Evidence-based approach to treat |
| | Literal meaning - "The Science of Life" - two Sanskrit words "ayur" (life) and "veda" | diseases Fda-approved meds |
| | (science or knowledge). | Originates from the greek 'allos' - |
| | Health is considered as a basic precondition for achieving – Dharma (duties), Arth | other, and 'pathia'- 'suffer' |
| | (finance), Karma (action) and Moksha (salvation) - objs of life | Quick solution |
| | Maintain balance of structural and functional entities for good physical health | Has proper chemical composition and |
| | (Swasthya) | has been tested |
| | Human body is a network of seven fundamental tissues – | Chemotherapy: use of drugs to destroy |
| | - "Rasa(plasma)," "Rakta(blood)," "Mamsa(muscle)," "Meda(fat)," "Asthi(bone)," "Majja- | cancer cells (stop growth, dividing, and |
| | (bone marrow)," and "Shukra(reproductive fluid)" and the waste results of the body | replicating) during specific parts of the |
| | imbalance of these causes diseases | cell cycle (when new cells r made) |
| | Unqiue prescription of each indiv acc to holistic perspective. | <i>Systemic medication</i> – travels through |
| | Sidda (10,000-400BCE): | the bloodstream and reaches all parts |
| | Origin – South India (Dravidian culture) | of the body |
| | "Siddha" indicates "holy harmony"/"attaining excellence"/"recognized fact" | Side effects – hair loss, nausea Types: |
| | 96 principal constituents of humans - physical, physiological, moral, and intellectual | 1. <i>Intravenous (iv) chemotherapy</i> . |
| | Link social and psych aspects to physiology of diseases in patient | injected directly into vein. Some ivs |
| | Gives equal importance to the inward soul and outer body | need to be taken over a period of time |
| | | |
| | Practice of medicine is based saiva philosophy – similar to ayurveda | (every few days/weeks) - continuous |
| | Siddha system of medicine – accumulation seven basic materials, three humors and | infusion chemotherapy |
| | the discarded products - established by 18 "Siddhars;" Thirumoolar, Ahappe, Agathiyar, | 2. <i>Oral</i> : taken by mouth - pill, capsule, |
| | Sunthara ananthar, Bogar, Machchamuni, Konganar, Korakkar, Therayar, Karuvoorar, | or liquid |
| | Nandi Devar, Idaikkadar, Iraamathevar, Sattamuni, Kuthampai, Paampaatti, Aluhanna, | 3. <i>Injected chemotherapy</i> . shot may be |
| | and Kahapusundar. | given in a muscle or injected under the |
| | Ideas - "food is medicine, medicine is food" and "sound mind makes a sound body." | skin (in arm, leg, or abdomen) |
| | Unani (460-377BCE) : | 4. Chemotherapy into an artery. that |
| | Origin – Greece - Hippocrates, Galen | goes directly to the cancer - intra-art- |
| | Urbanised by Arab – Raazes, Avicenna (Greco-Arab Medicine) | erial or ia chemotherapy. |
| | Humoral theory – based on the 4 humors; <i>blood, yellow bile, dark bile, and mucus</i> | 5. Chemotherapy into the peritoneum |
| | sanguine, phlegmatic, choleric and melancholic - depending on presence and amalga- | or abdomen: medication might be |
| | mation of humors – change causes diseases | placed directly (eg – ovary cancer) |
| | Human body as made up of seven standards; Mizaj (temperaments), Anza (organs), | 6. Topical chemotherapy. cream to |
| | Quo (resources), Arkan (components), Arawh (spirits), Aklath (humors), and Afal | apply on skin |
| | (capacities) - consider every component for treatment | Radiotherapy: cancer treatment that |
| | Types of medications – | uses high doses of radiation to kill |
| | 1. Diet treatment (control amount, nature, type) | cancer cells and shrink tumors |
| | 2. Regimental treatment (diaphoresis, diuresis, Turkish shower, knead cleansing etc) | 1. External beam radiation therapy. |
| | 3. Pharmaco-treatment (NP drugs) | machine that aims radiation at cancer |
| | | 2. Internal radiation therapy: radiation |
| | Homeopathy (1850CE) : | is put inside your body - solid (brach- |
| | Origin – Greece – Hippocrates, Dr. Samuel Hahnemann | ytherapy) or liquid (systemic therapy) |
| | "Homoeopathy" - derived from Greek words, "Homois" - similar and "pathos" - suffering | Vaccines: |
| | Works to rouse one's body's natural capacity to heal itself | 1. Inactivated: killed version of the |
| | Eliminate symptoms + enhance immune system + increase energy and outlook on life | germ (flu, polio etc) – not strong |
| | 2 main principles: | immune effect |
| | 1. "Like cures like;" a healthy individual would manifest the same symptom with the | 2. Live-attenuated: weakened (or |
| | drug that is the cure for the same illness. | attenuated) form of the germ - strong |
| | 2. "Infinite dilution;" therapeutic activity is enhanced by repeated dilution and | and long-lasting immune response |
| | succession even when diluted beyond Avogadro's number. | (measles, mumps, chickenpos) |

3. Messenger RNA (MRNA - shorter

succession even when diluted beyond Avogadro's number. Yoga: Origin - ancient India manufacture time, no live virus): make Sanskrit word "yuj" - "to unite/integrate" - yoga: "significance union" proteins to trigger an immune response Mainstream in Hinduism, Jainism, and Buddhism 4. Subunit, recombinant, polysacch-Postures - Precautionary (prevent), rehabilitative (improve) and restorative (restore) aride, and conjugate: use specific health pieces of the germ-like its protein, Meditation - emo stability, prevent malfunction of organs sugar, or capsid (hepatitis b, hiv) Naturopathy: 5. Toxoid vaccines: uses toxin (harmful Origin - no single country product) made by the germ Natural healing method - using the healing powers of nature 6. Viral vector. different virus as a Perceives the body's inborn healing capacity + emphasizes disease prevention + urges vector to deliver protection (influenza) singular responsibility to get ideal well-being Belief - accrual of toxins is the pivotal cause of all diseases in the human body. Prevention and elimination of toxins is the route to health. Treatments are based on the 5 major components of nature that have enormous healing properties Sowa-Rig-Pa / Bodh-Kyi: 'science of healing' Origin - India Practitioners - Amchi Treatment - use of herbs, minerals, animal products, spring and mineral water, mysticism and spiritual power.



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Traditional vs modern healing technques (cont)

Research Limited scientific research and controlled studies.

WHO - 80% of the world's population is optimistic about the development of trad medicine + willing to try herbal medicine as their main healthcare drug India - accounts for about 75% of developing countries herbal species (more than 3000 types of medicinal plants + more than 1000 factories produce tradit-

ional herbs.) Problems of traditional herbal medicine knowledge –

1. identification and quality (different things with the same name/ different names

for the same thing)

2. side effects

3. unscrupulous exploitation of wild medicinal plants (Some rare medicinal resources are on the verge of extinction)

4. Many herbal medicines in India are not produced and sold in accordance with international market norms, which is another reason they are unable to enter developed Western countries.

Mind body relationship

300 yrs ago - mind and body were considered one17th century - western world saw mind and body as 2 distinct entities- not connected from mind to body

18th-19th century - how can physical thing (body) interact with non-physical thing (mind)

- direct association btw physical and mental health physiological, relati- behavioural and social (biopsychosocial)
- onship risk factors (behav & social) overlap two way influence (affect each other) ->

1. stress response affects ANS (autonomic nervous system)

2. ppl with mental health problems may also have more difficulty accessing services, which intensifies both mental and physical illness

Emphasizes rigorous scientific research and clinical trials for evidence-based practices and drug development.

| Mind body relationship (cont) | |
|--|---|
| mental health and wellbeing | dual continum strongly related but separate from each other exsist codepenedently - can be mentally sick but good mental wellbeing or vice-versa (eg- bipolar is managed with meds - wellbeing inc) emphasis on ability to adapt based on the view that people never fully recover from mental illness <i>2, single continum</i> mental health and wellbeing on a single spectrum - integral to each other one cannot be achieved without the other mental illness/low wellbeing at one extreme and mental wellness/high wellbeing at the other - we lie anywhere btw these 2 points |
| Mind body connection - philosophical take | monism - either mind or body (only one) physicalism - physical interaction btw mind and body assumes everthing is physical traditional science (explain mental phenomena in terms of brain activities) 3. idealism - non physical interaction btw mind and body metaphysical perspective - reality depends on how our minds perceive and make sense of the world dualism - mind and body r 2 separate entities interacting with one another developed by Rene Descartes during the 16th century |

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Well-being

to measure a person's overall sense of happiness and life satisfaction:

| 1. objective | measurable, external factors - can be observed and quantified |
|-----------------|---|
| wellbeing | emphasis on physical health |
| | fulfilling basic needs (adequate & quality food, shelter, |
| | water, education, safety) |
| | measured through self-report (abt presence of illness) |
| | or objective measures (mortality rates, life expectancy) |
| 2. | personal assessment of their own happiness, life satisf- |
| subjective | action, and emotional state |
| wellbeing | feelings, thoughts, and perceptions about their own life |
| | measured through self report (eg - Warwick-Edinburgh |
| | Mental Wellbeing Scale (WEMWBS)) |
| | if indiv has both physical and mental health issues - |
| | mental health problems can make it harder for the |
| | person to get better physically, creating a cycle where |
| | they struggle to achieve overall well-being |

Healing

"Healing is a natural active and multidimensional process that is individually expressed with common patterns. Healing is influenced by body-condition, personal attitudes, and relationships." (JA Glaister)

origin - old-English term haelen, meaning "wholeness"

intervention, outcome, micro (wound healing) to macro level process (global healing)

one from indiv, external source (human healers), substances (herbs, meds)

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Healing (cont)

| healing | 1. internal - indiv's inner processes and self care (healing |
|---------|--|
| model | intention, personal wholeness) |
| | 2. interpersonal - healing from impact of social rxns in |
| | indiv's life (healthy rxns, healing orgs- for social support) |
| | 3. behavioral - actions and habits (healthy lifestyle, integr- |
| | ative care) |
| | 4. external - physical environment and external factors |
| | (healing space, ecological resilience) |
| | |

Principles of holistic medicine

practitioners believe that the whole person is made up of interdependent parts and if one part is not working properly, all the other parts (overall health) will be affected

treatment plan may involve drugs + lifestyle modifications (CHIRPU)

1. belief - unconditional love and support is the most powerful healer

2. the indiv is ultimately responsible for their own health and wellbeing

- 3. people have innate healing powers
- 4. patient is a person, not a disease

5. addresses all aspects of a person's life using a variety of health care practices

6. treatment involves fixing the cause of the condition, not just alleviating the symptoms