

Math of Symbols

==	Equal to
!=	No equal to
<	Less than
>	More than
<=	Less than or equal to
>=	More than or equal to
%	Modulo, find the remainder
+	Add
-	Subtract
*	Multiplication
**	Exponent
/	Divide and quotient is float
//	Divide and quotient is integer

Text

single quoted	'example'
double quoted	"example"

Functions

print()	display information on the screen
input()	display information from the user
int()	convert a value to an integer
len()	The length of the string
float()	Change number to be decimal number
str()	converts the value to a string
#	Comment, no effect

What's is your name? code

```

mystring = "hello"
print (mystring)
firstname = input( "what is your
first name?")
lastname = input( "what is your
last name?")
fullname = firstname + " " +
lastname
print (fullname)
letternumber = int(input( " what
is letter number? " ))
if letternumber >len(fullname):
    print ( " invalid letter
number, try again! " )
else:
    letter = (
fullname[letternumber] )
    print (letter)
    numberletter = int(input( "how
many times to print letter " ))
    if numberletter >100:
        print ( " too many letters
to print! " )
    else:
        print (letter *
numberletter )

```

hello
what is your first name?
what is your last name?

what is letter number?

how many times to print letter

List Random

```

import random
intlist = [1,10,100]
random_int =
random.choice(intlist)
print(random_int,intlist)
fplist = [2,20,200]
random_fp = random.choice(fplist)
print(ramdom_fp,fplist)
strlist = ('Pin','Anpan','Bella')

```

List Random (cont)

```

random_str =
random.choice(strlist)
print(random_str,strlist)
mylist =
[1,10,100,2,20,200,'Pin','Anpan','B
ella']
random_item =
random.choice(mylist)
print(random_item,mylist)
myvar1 = 1
myvar2 = 2
myvar3 = 3
varlist = [myvar1,myvar2,myvar3]
random_var =
random.choice(varlist)
print(random_var,varlist)

```

10 [1, 10, 100]
200 [2, 20, 200]
Bella ('Pin', 'Anpan', 'Bella')
2 [1, 10, 100, 2, 20, 200, 'Pin', 'Anpan', 'Bella']
3 [1, 2, 3]

bacon()

```

def bacon():
    print("hello it's bacon")
    print("line 2")
    print("line 3")
    print("line 4")
    return

```

bacon()
bacon()
bacon()

hello it's bacon
line 2
line 3
line 4
hello it's bacon
line 2
line 3
line 4
hello it's bacon
line 2
line 3
line 4



myprintnew (text, decoration)

```
def myprintnew (text, decoration):
    print(decoration + str(text) +
    decoration)
    return
myprintnew(1, "+++")
myprintnew('hello', '-==--==--==--
==--==')
myprintnew(1, "@@@@@@")
```

```
+++1+++
--==--==--==hello--==--==--==
@@@@@@@@1@@@@@@@@
```

area of a triangle

```
def areaofTriangle(b, h):
    area = 0.5 * b * h
    return area

user_base = float(input('Enter the
base of the triangle:'))
user_height = float(input('Enter
the height of the triangle:'))
print('The area of the triangle
is', areaofTriangle(user_base,
user_height))

def volumeofPrism(b,h,l):
    volume = areaofTriangle(b, h)
    *l
    return volume

user_lenght = float(input('Enter
the length of the prism: '))
print('The volume of the prism
is', volumeofPrism(user_base,
user_height, user_lenght) )
```

```
Enter the base of the triangle:1111
Enter the height of the triangle:2222
The area of the triangle is 12344321.0
Enter the length of the prism: 3333
The volume of the prism is 41143621893.0
```

Vocabulary

Variable	Hold a value and can be changed
String	A list of characters such as number, letters, symbols
Integer number	Whole number/ counting number
Float number	The number in decimal
Syntax	Grammar / Structure of language
Modulo	Find the remainder
Boolean	True / False

Naming Conventions

Rules for naming variables:

- letters
- numbers
- underscores (_)
- can start with letters or underscores ONLY
- NO SPACES

Valid names:

- _mystr
- my3

Hello_there

Invalid names:

- 3my= "hi" -- cannot start with number
- first name = "hi" -- no spaces allowed
- first-name -- dashes are not accepted

Example

```
Print (2) - integer
Print (2.5) - floating point
Print ("Hello") - string
Print (mystr) - variable
Print (mystr,"Hi",2,1.0) -- commas
mystr = "Hi"
mystr ← name
"Hi" ← value can change
print (int(1.5)) → 1
print (int("2")) → 2
print (float(1)) → 1.0 anything to
a float
Modulo/Remainder %
print (4%2) → 0
print (30%7) → 2
```

A radius of a circle code

```
#Ask the user for a radius of a circle
user_radius =input("What is the radius of the
circle?")
#Convert the given radius to a floating point
radius = float(user_radius)
#make a variable called pi
pi = 3.1415
#Calculate the area of the circle using
exponents
area = piradius*2
#display the area of the circle to the user
print("The area of the circle is" ,area)
```

```
What is the radius of the circle?123
The area of the circle is 47527.753500000006
```



Reverse Code

```
word =input("Please enter your name: ")
index = 0
reverse =""
while index < len(word):
reverse = word[index]+ reverse
index = index + 1
print ("Reverse: ",reverse)
```

```
Please enter your name: Timmy
Reverse: ymmiT
```

myprint(text)

```
def myprint(text):
    print(" " + str(text) + " ")
    return
myprint(1)
myprint("hello")
myprint(2.5)
```

```
1
hello
2.5
```

areaOfCircle(r)

```
def areaOfCircle(r):
    if r <= 0:
        return "Error: invalid
radius"
    pi = 3.1415
    area = pi * r * 2
    return area
user_radius = float(input("Enter
the radius:"))
print ('The area of the circle is',
areaOfCircle(user_radius))
```

```
Enter the radius:300
The area of the circle is 282735.0
Enter the radius:0
The area of the circle is Error: invalid radius
```

_var1

```
_var1 = 1
_var1 = 3
_var1 + 100
print(_var1)
```

```
3
```

maxlist

```
def maxlist(list):
    maxvalue = list[0]
    for item in list:
        if item > maxvalue:
            maxvalue = mylist
    return maxlist
mylist =
[21365741,2135416,2,54131,1.1515]
print(maxlist(mylist))
```

maxvalue

```
def max2(num1,num2):
    maxvalue = num1
    if num2 > maxvalue:
        maxvalue = num2
    return maxvalue
print('The largest number
is',max2(2,3))
print('The largest number
is',max2(12222,10))
def max3(num1,num2,num3):
    maxvalue = num1
    if num2 > maxvalue:
        maxvalue = num2
    if num3 > maxvalue:
        maxvalue = num3
    return maxvalue
print('The largest number
is',max3(1,5,10))
```

maxvalue (cont)

```
print('The largest number
is',max3(12222,5,10))
print('The largest number
is',max3(12222,164.3415645,12134856
1240))
```

```
The largest number is 3
The largest number is 12222
The largest number is 10
The largest number is 12222
The largest number is 121348561240
```

Multiplication and Exponents

string * number	combine that string multiple times
-----------------	------------------------------------

string * string	crash
-----------------	-------

number * number	math - multiply
-----------------	-----------------

string ** string	crash
------------------	-------

number ** number	math - multiply
------------------	-----------------

string ** number	crash
------------------	-------

Addition

string + string	combine together
-----------------	------------------

string + number	crash
-----------------	-------

number + number	math-addition
-----------------	---------------

Conditionals

If.....	If the statement is true then do
:then.....	command under then else do
else.....	command under else



Conditionals (cont)

while..... While this is true loop the command under the conditiona

While loops forever
True

for each For every item in the list repeat the
item in command under the loop that many
name of times. (a string is a list too)
list

Big or small code

```
mystr = "hello THERE"
print (mystr.upper())
print (mystr.lower())
print (mystr.capitalize())
print (mystr.title())
```

HELLO THERE

hello there

Hello there

Hello There

Please enter a number Code

```
user_number = input("Please enter a
number: ")
number = int(user_number)
countdown_string = ''
while number > 0:
    countdown_string =
countdown_string+ str(number)

    number = number-1
print (countdown_string)
```

Sort word per line

```
mystr = "Hello"
letter_num = 0
while letter_num < len(mystr):
print (mystr[letter_num])
letter_num = letter_num + 1
```

H
e
l
l
o

Shoping List code

```
shoppinglist = ['shoes', 'bags', 'shirts', 'pants']
index = 0
while index < len(shoppinglist):
print (shoppinglist[index])
index = index + 1
for item in shoppinglist:
print (item)
```

shoes

bags

shirts

pants

shoes

bags

shirts

pants

printDefinitions

```
def printDefinitions(word):
    if word == "variable":
        print ('....')
    elif word == "function":
        print ('....')
    elif word == "parameter":
        print ('....')
    elif word == "argument":
        print ('....')
    elif word == "function call":
        print ('....')
    elif word == "string":
        print ('....')
    else:
        print ("unknown word")
    return
while True:
    user_input = input("Enter word:
")
    printDefinitions(user_input)
```

Enter word:

area of a triangle

```
def areaofTriangle(b, h):
    area = 0.5 * b * h
    return area
user_base = float(input('Enter the
base of the triangle:'))
user_height = float(input('Enter
the height of the triangle:'))
print('The area of the triangle
is',areaofTriangle(user_base,
user_height))
def volumeofPrism(b,h,l):
    volume = areaofTriangle(b, h)
    *l
    return volume
user_lenght = float(input('Enter
the length of the prism: '))
print('The volume of the prism
is',volumeofPrism(user_base,
user_height, user_lenght) )
```

Enter the base of the triangle:11111

Enter the height of the triangle:2222

The area of the triangle is 12344321.0

Enter the length of the prism: 3333

The volume of the prism is 41143621893.0

doubleIt(number)

```
def doubleIt(number):
    return number*2
print (doubleIt(3))
print (doubleIt(doubleIt(4)))
myvar = 12
myvar= doubleIt(myvar)
myvar= doubleIt(myvar)
print (myvar)
```

6
16
48

