Cheatography

Roblox: General Scripting Cheat Sheet by Ozzypig (Ozzypig) via cheatography.com/25526/cs/6711/

Essential Objects		
Class	Description	
Part	A physical brick in the world.	
Model	A container for Parts.	
Folder	A container for Scripts and value objects.	
Script	A container for Lua source code.	
LocalS- cript	A Script that runs its code on a client.	

Basic math functions	
Operation	Description
a + b	$\label{eq:Adds} \texttt{a} \text{ and } \texttt{b}.$
a - b	${\small \textbf{Subtract}} \ a \ {\small \textbf{and}} \ b.$
a * b	$\label{eq:multiply} \text{Multiply} \texttt{a} \text{ and } \texttt{b}.$
a / b	Divides a by b.
a % b	Remainder of a divided by b.
Function	Description
<pre>math.random(n)</pre>	Returns random number from 1 to n (no negatives).
<pre>math.random(a, b)</pre>	Returns random number from a to b.
<pre>math.max()</pre>	Returns the largest number.
<pre>math.min()</pre>	Returns the smallest number.



By **Ozzypig** (Ozzypig) cheatography.com/ozzypig/ ozzypig.com

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String functions (cont)

string.sub(str,	a,	b)	Return sub-
			string of st
			r from a to
			b.

A string is a collection of characters, or text. An example of a string property is the Name property. Read all string manipulation functions here.

Tables local list = {1, 2, 3} local firstNum = list[1] list[2] = 4 print(" There are " .. #list .. " number s") local total = 0 for i = 1, #list do total = total + list[i] end print("The total is " .. total)

Tables are a collection of values. They are defined using curly braces {} with values separated by commas. Access the values inside using square brackets []. Tables are sometimes called **arrays**. Use a **for** loop to work with all items in a table individually. The :GetChildren() method returns a table of children in an object.

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Basic math function	ns (cont)
<pre>math.floor(n)</pre>	Rounds n down.
<pre>math.ceil(n)</pre>	Rounds n up.
<pre>math.abs(n)</pre>	Returns absolute value of n.
math.sqrt(n)	Returns square root of n.
math.pi	Approx equal to 3.141

It's important to work out problems by hand before translating their solutions into code. Algebra is necessary for success. Read about all math functions here.

String functions	
Operation	Description
a b	Combine two strings.
Function	Description
string.len(str)	Returns length of str.
string.upper(str)	Returns str in upper-case.
string.lower(str)	Returns str in lower-case.
string.reverse(str)	Returns str in reverse.
<pre>string.rep(str, n)</pre>	Returns str repeated n times

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Constants	
game	Parent of all game services.
workspace	Container for all bricks and models are stored.
script	The currently running script.

Finding Objects

workspa	ace.I	Part	Dest	tro	Į()		
print(scr	ipt.	.Pa 1	ren	t.Na	ame)	
game.S	erv	erS	tor	age	e.Tr	ee:	-
Clone()							

Use a period to access an object's children. Use .Parent to access an object's parent. Use constants like game, workspace, and script to identify objects in the hierarchy.

Creating objects

How do I create an object?

Using Instan	ce.n	ew	(class) and
setting the pare	ent:		
object.Pare	nt =	pare	ent

How do I access an object's properties?

Use a period (.): print(obj ect.Name)

How do I set an object's properties?

Use a period (.) and equals sign (=): part.T ran spa rency = .5

How do I destroy an object?

Using object :De stroy()

Creating objects (cont)

```
How do I copy a preexisting object?
Using object :Cl one() and setting the
parent:
newTree = workspace.Tree:Clone()
newTree.Parent = workspace
```

General Object Function

General Object Functions	
Method name	Description
:FindFirstChild(name)	Return a child with na me or nil if it doesn't exist.
:WaitForChild(name)	Pauses until a child with a name exists and returns it.
:IsA(className)	Return whether the object is a certain type of object.
:Clone()	Makes and returns a copy of an object.
:Destroy()	Permanently delete an object.
:GetChildren()	Return a list of an object's children.

These are functions (aka methods) for all classes of ROBLOX objects. Read about all methods here.

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Event basics

<pre>function onTouch(part)</pre>
pri nt(par t.Name "
touched me!")
end
worksp ace.Pa rt.T ou che d:c -
onn ect (on Touch)

Events are specific occurrences relating to objects. When an event **fires**, or occurs, all connected functions are called.

Basic functions	
wait(n)	Wait n seconds then continue.
print()	Display something in the Output window.

Variables

local myScore = 5
myScore = myScore + 1
print(myS core)
<pre>local myName = " Ozz y"</pre>
print("My name is " myName)

Variables store data of any kind - numbers, strings, tables, objects or **nil** (nothing). A **local** variable is only accessible in the block of code it is defined in.

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```
If statements
if
workspace:FindFirstChild("Tree")
then
     pri nt( " There is a tree
here.")
end
if coins < 5 then
    pri nt( "You need more
money." )
else
      pri nt( "You have enough
money! ")
end
if player.Name == " Jak e'then
      pri nt( "You are an
awesome quy, Jake")
elseif player.Name == " Sal ly"
then
      pri nt( "You are a
sweeth eart, Sally")
else
      pri nt( "You are a pretty
cool person ")
end
```

If statements will run their code if the value between **if/then** is true (or not **nil**). They can one an **else** block, or any number of **elseif** blocks.



By **Ozzypig** (Ozzypig) cheatography.com/ozzypig/ ozzypig.com Loops Numeric for loop For counting numerically. *Example:* Count from 1 to 5: for i = 1, 5 do print(i) end Generic for loop Most often used for object children. Example: Print all children in object: for i, child in pairs(object:GetChildren() print(child.Name) end While loop Perform code until a condition is false. Example: Remove all children named 'Ball' while object:FindFirstChild("Ball") object.Ball:Destroy()

end

Repeat-until loop

```
Perform code once, then again until a condition is true. Ex.: Copy objects until there are 5.
```

repeat

```
newObject = object:Clone()
newObject.Parent = workspace
wait(1)
until #workspace:GetChildren() >= 5
```

Loops are used to **iterate**, or repeat code a number of times.

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Function examples

```
function sayHello()
    pri nt( " Hello, world")
end
sayHello()
function addTwo Num bers(a, b)
    pri nt( "The sum is:", a +
b)
end
addTwo Num bers(3, 5)
function calcul ate Squ are(n)
children()) do
    return n * n
end
local result = calcul ate Squ -
are(3)
A function is a named block of code that
```

A function is a named block of code that can be run anywhere in code by **calling** it by name. Functions can have **arguments** (given values) and/or **return** values.