

### 3.1 Modeling with Linear DE

Radioactive Decay	$x(t) = x_0 e^{kt}$
Population	$P(t) = P_0 e^{kt}$
Compound Interest	$S(t) = S_0 e^{rt}$
Cooling/Heating	$T(t) = T_m + (T_0 - T_m) e^{-kt}$
Mixing of Two Fluids	$dA/dt = R_{in} - R_{out}$

### Examples

Population increases proportional to #people at time  $t$ . If initial population  $P_0$  has doubled in 7 years, how long will it take to triple/quadruple?

$$2P_0/P_0 = e^{kt} \Rightarrow \ln(2) = kt \Rightarrow k = \ln(2)/7 \Rightarrow (\ln(2)/7)$$

$$t(\text{trip}) = \ln(3)/[\ln(2)/7] = 11.09 \text{yr} \Rightarrow t(\text{quad}) = \ln(4)/[\ln(2)/7] = 14 \text{yr}$$

A tank contains 1000 L pure  $H_2O$ . Brine w/ 1 kg/L salt pumped in @ 6L/min; the well-mixed solution is pumped out at the same rate. When will concentration = 0.5kg/L

$$A'(t) = R_{in} - R_{out} \Rightarrow R_{in} = 6 \text{kg/min}; R_{out} = (A/1000 \text{kg/L}) * (6 \text{L/min}) = 3A/500 \text{kg/min}$$

$$A'(t) + 3A/500 = 6 \Rightarrow A(t) = 1000 + Ce^{-3t/500} \Rightarrow A(0) = 0 \Rightarrow C = -1000$$

$$1000 = 1000e^{-3t/500} = 500 \Rightarrow e^{-3t/500} = 1/2 \Rightarrow t = 115.53 \text{s}$$



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