

# Production Possibility Frontier Cheat Sheet by Natalie Moore (Natalie Moore) via cheatography.com/19119/cs/2235/

## Efficiency

PPF typically represented by a curve graph

An economy operating on the PPF curve efficient (would be impossible increase production of one good without lowering production of another.

Below the curve = inefficent as resources could be relocated to produce more of both goods

Attainable Anything on or within the curve can be attained with current point resources Anything outside the curve Unattainable cannot be attained with current point reources Inefficient Inside the curve, because not points all resources are being used Efficent On the curve. More of one point good can be produced by

#### Resources

Production possibility changes based on bias of skills and resources

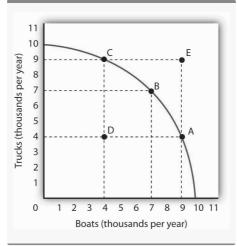
sacrificing another

Resources may not be suited to producing the opportunity, therefore losing a higher potential

Resources are finite, not unlimited

By expanding the PPF a firm can produce more. Expand via improved technology, or by bringing on more labour for example

## PP Curve



#### Opportunity cost

Opportunity cost is the highest value alternative which must be given up to engage in an activity

#### Changes in Op Cost

Increases The Law of Increasing Opportin op unity Cost holds that the value
costs of forgone production
increases as the quantity of a
good increases. The reason for
this is resource variability.
When all resources are used
for one production some are
well suited and others are not.

## Opportunity cost (cont)

Decreases In this case, opportunity cost in op costs actually decreases with greater production. While opportunity cost can decrease in limited circumstances, this is unlikely to happen for the

economy as a whole.

Remaining constant

The oportunity cost does not change with production, not realistic for whole economy but does happen sometimes. The economy forgoes the same amount of one good while producing more of the other

# Four Assumptions

Simplifies economies into one or two goods.

Makes it simple to graph. More can be
worked out with advanced maths.

Assumes resources do not change.

Assumes the knowledge and information society has for these products is fixed

Assumes technical efficency, that is max production is being reached from inputs



By **Natalie Moore** (NatalieMoore)

cheatography.com/nataliemoore/ www.jchmedia.com/ Published 15th June, 2014. Last updated 11th May, 2016. Page 1 of 2. Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords! http://crosswordcheats.com



# Production Possibility Frontier Cheat Sheet by Natalie Moore (NatalieMoore) via cheatography.com/19119/cs/2235/

# Concepts

The most important economic concepts illustrated using production possibilities analysis are

Opportunity Cost As more of one good is produced, less of the other

goods is produced.

Full Employment Producing **on** the PPC. All resources **are** engaged in

production

Unemployment Producing **within** the PPC.
All resources \*are not engaged in production

Economic Growth Indicated by an outward shift

of the PPC.

Investment

Indicated by a tradeoff between the production of consumption goods and capital goods.

# Slope

The slope of a line is measured by calculating the change in the value measured on the vertical axis divided by the change in the value measured on the horizontal axis.

Slope = Difference in Vertical (Rise) / Difference in Horizontal (Run)

Slope =  $\triangle$  Rise /  $\triangle$  Run



By **Natalie Moore** (NatalieMoore)

cheatography.com/nataliemoore/ www.jchmedia.com/ Published 15th June, 2014. Last updated 11th May, 2016. Page 2 of 2. Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords! http://crosswordcheats.com