

Common Controls	
Routing Switch	
left (mono)	Two independent mono decks (input and output)
center (stereo)	Inputs hard-panned and routed to both decks. Outputs contain stereo mix of both decks.
right (mystery)	TBD
Core Controls	
tap	tap tempo
alt + tap	toggle external clock
alt + play (while stopped)	arm recording
play	toggles playback of the deck loop
alt + play (while playing)	engages overdubbing
play (while overdubbing)	disengages overdubbing
alt + pitch	snares to: +/- fifth, octave, 2 octaves, zero
reverse	moves the playhead in reverse
alt + reverse	engages resampling / deck-to-deck recording
mixer slider A <-> B	mixes output of decks A and B; center = both simultaneously
alt + mix	sets the feedback level of the overdub/delay effect
alt + sequence pad	engages trigger sequencer recording
alt + sequence pad (hold 2s)	deletes that deck's sequence
tap (hold) + deck A mix	adjust metronome level
tap (hold) + play	load the recording from sd card

Common Controls (cont)	
tap (hold) + reverse	save the recording to sd card
gate in	CV
gate out	triggers the playhead
clock in	4PPQN clock signal
pos & size in	controls position, size, or both (dependant on related switch)
mixer in	controls mix
Note: when mixer in is patched, mixer slider becomes Deck A offset	
envelope	adjusts shape from no/sharp thru flavors of attack/decay

FX: Grit & Flux (cont)	
flux fx pad + pitch	change tape delay speed
flux fx pad + mix	delay output mix
flux fx pad + pos	delay feedback
Reel Mode	
Inspired by 1940s and 1960s tape music. This mode is monophonic, where time and pitch are bound together (like real tape).	
recording	starts when input signal crosses threshold of -40dB
pos	determines loop start point
size	determines loop length

Modulation Sources	
switch	switches between envelope follower (up) and two LFO shapes
cycle	LFO modes: LFO rate ENV Follower mode: controls attack & release
glow	LFO modes: LFO attenuation ENV Follower mode: volume compensation

Slice Mode	
This is a polyphonic looper, where pitch and time are disconnected (time stretching).	
recording	starts / stops quantized to clock (next quarter note)
pos	determines slice start point
size	determines length of slice
alt + size	CCW: monophonic - CW: polyphonic
Slice mode does <i>not</i> support overdubbing!	

FX: Grit & Flux	
fx pad + tap	switch current effect
Grit (orange, texture-based)	
orange: bit crusher	
grit fx pad + pitch	softer <--> harsher / lower bitrate
grit fx pad + mix	fx output gain
yellow: analog saturation	
grit fx pad + pitch	saturation <--> distortion
grit fx pad + mix	fx output gain
Flux (pink, time-based)	
pink: tape delay	

Drift Mode	
Designed for generative and granular textures.	
recording	starts when input signal crosses threshold of -40dB
pos	moves playhead: where to generate grains from
size	grain distribution: how wide an area around playhead to generate grains from within
alt + envelope	envelope length (re-trigger period 40ms..5s?)
alt + size	window size / density (grain size 40..500ms?)



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