

# PLANT DEVELOPMENTAL RESPONSES Cheat Sheet

by nadjjj\_o6 via cheatography.com/182191/cs/37900/

## PLANT DEV. RESPONSES TO SIGNALS

# PLANT DEVELOPMENTAL RESPONSES TO EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL SIGNALS

## SENSING ENVIRONMENTAL STIMULI

Among the environmental factors that are perceived and LIGHT transduced and initiate adaptive responses are the following.

GRAVITY
TOUCH
TEMPER
ATURE
WATER

## PLANT MOVEMENTS

**Tropic Movements** 

Nastic Movements

**Turgor Movements** 

## **Tropic movements**

| Tropism            | is the directional growth response to environmental stimuli such as light, gravity, and touch.                   |
|--------------------|--|
| Photot-<br>ropism  | Induced by light e.g. bending of stems towards light.  |
| Geotropism         | Induced by gravity e.g. growth of roots towards gravity  |
| Thigmo-<br>tropism | Movement caused by contact e.g., twining stem and tendril and the drooping of leaves of sensitive plant by touch |
| Hydrot-<br>ropism  | Induced by water i.e., growth of roots towards source of water.  |

## **Nastic Movement**

| The nastic (nastein : bending) movements                                | are the growth movements resulting due to difference in the rate of growth on opposite sides of an organ |
|---|--|
| When the lower side grows more rapidly than upper side, it is called as | hyponasty  |
| When upper side of an organ   | epinasty   |

|  | Turgor Movements  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
|  | Movements are due to change in the volume of water inside the cell. |  |  |  |
|  | Turgor pressure-  | Pressure exerted by fluid in a cell that presses the cell membrane against the cell wall                         |  |  |
|  | Turgid-   | When more water is present in the cell it is fully expanded and becomes rigid or hard.                           |  |  |
|  | Flaccid-  | When less water is present inside the cell, it is not fully expanded and remains soft.                           |  |  |
|  | Turgor movements in the sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).            | A trigger hair must be touched more than once or two trigger hairs must be touched with in seconds of each other |  |  |
|  |   | Seed pods of some plants open on maturity, vigorously expelling their seed.                                      |  |  |

| Photoperiodism                    |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Photoperiodism                    | is any response of a plant to the relative lengths of daylight and darkness.       |
| Short-day<br>Plants (SDP)         | flower when the night length is equal to or greater than some critical period      |
|                                   | Chrysanthemum, Cosmos, Dahlia, poinsettias are short- day plants.                  |
| Long-day Plants<br>(LDP)          | They produce flowers when exposed to a light period longer than a fixed day-length |
|                                   | Lettuce, spinach potatoes radish, are long-day.                                    |
| Intermediate-<br>day plants (IDP) | do not flower when day length is either too long or too short                      |
|                                   | Sugarcane, onion, and coleus are intermediateday plants.                           |



side, the movement is called

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## Photoperiodism (cont)

Day-neutral Plants In these plants flowering is not affected by (DNP) length of light period

Cucumber, Tomato, Corn and Sunflower, are

day-neutral plants.

#### FLORIGEN AND PHYTOCHROME

ROLE OF FLORIGEN AND PHYTOCHROME IN FLOWERING

Florigen is responsible for initiation of flowering in plants.

Phytoc- known as light absorbing pigment and it makes the plants hrome sensitive to light and participates in seed germination and

flowering.

PR absorbs red light

Pfr absorbs far-red light

## Circadian Rhythms

Latin circum, "around," and diurn, "daily")

Circadian "daily") help an organism respond to the time of

Rhythms day

an internal timer, or biological clock

red light- absorbing phytochrome

blue/ultra violet- A light- absorbing

**cryptochrome** implicated in resetting the biological clock

## Vernalization

Vernal is the process of accelerating the process of flowering by ization subjecting or exposing the plant to low temperature.

Some examples include carrots, beets, onions, winter wheat, cabbage, and turnips. In order to produce flowers and seeds, these plants have to go through the process of vernalization.

#### RESPONSES TO HERBIVORES AND PATHOGENS

Each plant cells has an innate immune system to fight against local infection. When a molecule produced by a pathogen or herbivore binds to a receptor in a plant cell, it triggers a signal transduction pathway.

Hypersensitive Response found in all higher plants and is characterized by a rapid cell death at the point of pathogen ingress. It is usually associated with pathogen resistance.

(HR)

Jasmonic Acid activates several plant defenses This lipid derived plant hormone, triggers the production of enzymes that confer an increases resistance against herbivorous (plant-eating)

#### Methyl Salicylate may induce systemic acquired resistance

Systemic acquired resistance (SAR) is a mechanism of induced defense that confers long-lasting protection against a broad spectrum of microorganisms.

Tobacco plants infected with tobacco mosaic virus release methyl salicylate into the air



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