

Handling Text

<code>text='Some words'</code>	assign string
<code>list(text)</code>	Split text into character tokens
<code>set(text)</code>	Unique tokens
<code>len(text)</code>	Number of characters

Accessing corpora and lexical resources

<code>from nltk.corpus import brown</code>	import CorpusReader object
<code>brown.words(text_id)</code>	Returns pretokenised document as list of words
<code>brown.fileids()</code>	Lists docs in Brown corpus
<code>brown.categories()</code>	Lists categories in Brown corpus

Tokenization

<code>text.split(" ")</code>	Split by space
<code>nltk.word_tokenize(text)</code>	nltk in-built word tokenizer
<code>nltk.sent_tokenize(doc)</code>	nltk in-built sentence tokenizer

Lemmatization & Stemming

<code>input= "List listed lists listing listings"</code>	Different suffixes
<code>words= input.lower().split(' ')</code>	Normalize (lower-case) words
<code>porter =nltk.PorterStemmer</code>	Initialise Stemmer
<code>[porter.stem(t) for t in words]</code>	Create list of stems
<code>WNL=nltk.WordNetLemmatizer()</code>	Initialise WordNet lemmatizer
<code>[WNL.lemmatize(t) for t in words]</code>	Use the lemmatizer

Part of Speech (POS) Tagging

<code>nltk.help.upenn_tagset('MD')</code>	Lookup definition for a POS tag
<code>nltk.pos_tag(words)</code>	nltk in-built POS tagger
	<use an alternative tagger to illustrate ambiguity>

Sentence Parsing (cont)

<code>for tree in trees: ... print tree</code>	
<code>from nltk.corpus import treebank</code>	
<code>treebank.parse_sents('w_sj_00 0 1.mrg')</code>	Treebank parsed sentences

Text Classification

<code>from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVec</code>	
<code>vect=CountVec(fit(X_train))</code>	Fit bag of words
<code>vect.get_feature_names()</code>	Get feature names
<code>vect.transform(X_train)</code>	Convert to matrix

Entity Recognition (Chunking/Chinking)

<code>g="NP: {<D T>? <JJ >*< NN> - }"</code>	Regex chunk grammar
<code>cp=nltk.RegexpParser(g)</code>	Parse grammar
<code>ch=cp.parse(pos_sent)</code>	Parse tagged sent. using grammar
<code>print(ch)</code>	Show chunks
<code>ch.draw()</code>	Show chunks in IOB tree
<code>cp.evaluate(test_sents)</code>	Evaluate against test doc
<code>sents=nltk.corpus.treebank.tagged_sents()</code>	
<code>print(nltk.chunk(sents))</code>	Print chunk tree

RegEx with Pandas & Named Groups

<code>df=pd.DataFrame(times_sents, columns=['text'])</code>	
<code>df['text'].str.split().str.len()</code>	
<code>df['text'].str.contains('word')</code>	
<code>df['text'].str.count(r'\d')</code>	
<code>df['text'].str.findall(r'\d')</code>	
<code>df['text'].str.replace(r'\w+day\b', '???')</code>	
<code>df['text'].str.replace(r'(\w)', lambda x: x.group(0)[:3])</code>	
<code>df['text'].str.extract(r'(\d? \d): (\d \d)')</code>	
<code>df['text'].str.extractall(r'((\d? \d): (\d \d) m)')</code>	
<code>df['text'].str.extractall(r'(?P<digits> \d')</code>	

Sentence Parsing

```
g=nlTK.da ta.l oa d(' gra mma r. Load a grammar from  
cfg') a file
```

```
g=nlTK.CF G.f rom str ing (""". Manually define  
. """) grammar
```

```
parser =nl tk.C ha rtP ars er(g) Create a parser out of  
the grammar
```

```
trees= par ser.pa rse _al l(text)
```



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Published 28th May, 2018.
Last updated 29th May, 2018.
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