

Research Methods Cheat Sheet

by MSingleton via cheatography.com/194889/cs/40744/

Ham Da Wa	Know What W	/- V0
Tradition	Widely held or culturally shared beliefs	Potential Issues: may lead us to accept the status quo and not explore new ideas or question the beliefs
Authority	Information is believed because of the source (e.g., parents, teachers, media)	Potential Issues: may be misleading or wrong
Personal Experience	Direct experienc- e/obse- rvation	Potential Issues: can be limited as it is based on our own experi- ences; inform- ation might not be genera- lizable to others
Faith	A type of knowledge that is based on belief with little or no evidence to support it	Potential Issues: can be misleading

Characteristics	of Good	Research
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- · Based on the work of others
- Can be replicated
- Generalizable to other settings, persons, times
- Based on some logical rationale and is tied to theory
- Realistic
- Unbiased or objective
- Ethical
- Transparent

Steps of the	Scientific	Method	(cont)

- 5.) Analyze Data
- 6.) Interpret Data
- 7.) Inform Others

Theory can assist in developing research questions and hypotheses, and interpreting results.

Principles of the Scientific Method

- Evidence-based approach
- Following an explicit set of rules and engage in systematic observations (as opposed to speculation, intuition, opinions, feelings, etc.)
- Circulatory
- Replication
- Publication openness
- Objectivity

Purposes of Research				
Explor-	learn	what?	general	
atory	about		ideas and	
	something		research	
	entirely qu		questions	
	new and			
	unknown			

	entirely new and unknown		questions
Descri- ptive	provide details on something known	who? when? how?	factual details and descri- ptions
Explan- atory	build a new or test an existing explan- ation	why?	test a theory; compare explan- ations
Evaluation	determine the effect-	does it	practical recomm-

iveness of

a program

or policy

work?

endations

Errors in Reasoning

Errors in Observation			
Inaccurate	sometimes we are just		
Observ-	incorrect and don't see		
ations	everything that is happening		
Selective	if we believe something, we		
Observ-	tend to pay more attention to		
ation	things that mat our beliefs		

Types	of Re	seard	h Mei	hods

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Quanti-	collects numerical data and
tative	analyzes it using statistical
Methods	methods (e.g., surveys, experi-
	ments, correlational studies)
Qualit-	collects non-numerical data
ative	(e.g., interviews, focus groups,
Methods	field research)
Mixed	combines qualitative and quanti-
Methods	tative to get a complete unders-
	tanding of what is being studied

Overge- nerali- zation	making broad generalizations with little evidence
Illogical Reasoning	basing our conclusions on invalid assumptions
 Resistance to Change	relcutancy to change our opinions/beliefs because of things like ego-based commit- ments or an excessive
	devotion to tradition



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Steps of the Scientific Method

Select Topic
 Focus Question
 Design Study
 Collect Data

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