

Disk Usage Commands

<code>df -h</code>	Check free and use space on mounted systems.
<code>df -i</code>	Show free inodes on mounted file systems.
<code>fdisk -l</code>	Display disk partitions, sizes, and types with the command.
<code>du -ah</code>	See disk usage for all files and directories.
<code>du -sh</code>	Show disk usage of the current directory.
<code>mount</code>	Show currently mounted file systems.
<code>findmnt</code>	Display target mount point for all file systems.
<code>mount [device_path] [mount_point]</code>	Mount a device.

Services that are on and off Commands

<code>service --status-all</code>	List all services.
<code>systemctl list-units --type=service</code>	List all services.
<code>systemctl list-units --type=service --all</code>	List all services.
<code>systemctl list-units --type=service --state=running</code>	List all running services.
<code>systemctl list-units -a --state=active</code>	List all active services.
<code>systemctl list-units -a --state=inactive</code>	List inactive service units.
<code>systemctl list-units --state=failed</code>	List failed services for troubleshooting.
<code>systemctl list-unit-files --type=service --state=enabled</code>	Show services enabled on Linux boot.
<code>sudo systemctl list-units --type=service --state=exited</code>	List every loaded service that is in the exited state.

Memory Usage Commands

<code>lscpu</code>	See CPU information.
<code>lsblk</code>	See information about block devices.
<code>lspci -tv</code>	Show PCI devices (graphics card, network card, etc.) in a tree-like diagram.
<code>lsusb -tv</code>	Display USB devices in a tree-like diagram.
<code>lshw</code>	List hardware configuration information.
<code>cat /proc/cpuinfo</code>	Show detailed CPU information.
<code>cat /proc/meminfo</code>	View detailed system memory information.
<code>cat /proc/mounts</code>	See mounted file systems.
<code>free -h</code>	Display free and used memory.
<code>sudo dmidecode</code>	Show hardware information from the BIOS.
<code>hdparm -i /dev/[device_name]</code>	Display disk data information.
<code>hdparm -tT /dev/[device_name]</code>	Conduct a read speed test on the device/disk.
<code>badblocks -s /dev/[device_name]</code>	Test for unreadable blocks on the device/disk.
<code>fsck /dev/[device_name]</code>	Run a disk check on an unmounted disk or partition.

Running Processes Commands

<code>ps</code>	List active processes.
<code>pstree</code>	Show processes in a tree-like diagram.



Running Processes Commands (cont)

<code>pmap</code>	Display a memory usage map of processes.
<code>top</code>	See all running processes.
<code>htop</code>	Interactive and colorful process viewer.
<code>kill [process_id]</code>	Terminate a Linux process under a given ID.
<code>pkill [process_name]</code>	Terminate a process under a specific name.
<code>killall [label]</code>	Terminate all processes with a given label.
<code>prgrep [keyword]</code>	List processes based on the provided keyword.
<code>pidof [process_name]</code>	Show the PID of a process.
<code>bg</code>	List and resume stopped jobs in the background.
<code>fg</code>	Bring the most recently suspended job to the foreground.
<code>fg [job]</code>	Bring a particular job to the foreground.
<code>ls -lsof</code>	List files opened by running processes with <code>ls -lsof</code> command.
<code>trap "[commands]" [signal]</code>	Catch a system error signal in a shell script. Executes provided commands when the signal is caught.
<code>wait</code>	Pause the terminal or a Bash script until a running process is completed.
<code>nohup [command] &</code>	Run a Linux process in the background.



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