# Cheatography

# Alvl P1: work, energy and power (ch6) Cheat Sheet by MostAncientDream via cheatography.com/168994/cs/42315/

#### Work Done and Energy

Work done is **maximum** when cos0 = 0 (the force and distance travelled are therefore parallel)

Work done is **minimum** when cos0 = 90 (the force and distance travelled are therefore perpendicular)

types of energy:

- kinetic energy
- potential energy

- thermal energy (not covered in this spec point)

for example:

a ball held at a height will have Ep, when dropped and landing on the ground (assuming there is no energy loss) all the energy will be converted into Ek.

 $\Delta E = W$  --> change in energy in a system = work done on a system

## Derrivations

Gravitational Potential Energy:  $\Lambda F = W$  $\Delta E = Fxcos0$ (work done is force x distance x angle) where F = ma (in this case a is g) and distance is hieght travelled  $\Delta E = mghcos0$ as cos0 where 0 is 0' cos0 = 1 so  $\Delta E = mgh$ Kinetic Energy:  $\Delta E = W$  $\Delta E = Fxcos0$ (work done is force x distance x angle) ∆E = Fs  $(\cos 0 = 1)$  $\Delta E = mas$  $as v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ rearrange where u = 0  $as = v^2/2$ therefore  $\Delta E = 1/2 \text{ mv}^2$ 

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Definitions	
Work done	product of the force and the distance moved in this direction
power	rate of work done
	rate of energy transferred

Equations	
Work done	Fxcos0(where x is distance and 0 is theta between f and x)
change in energy	$\Delta E = W$
power	W/t
	Fx/t
	Fv
efficiency	useful/total (x100)

## Conversion of energy

example of findign resistive forces going down hill --top | v=0 -----| ----| -----| --bottom | v=8 a ball is roll down from the top to the bottom -length of the ramp is 7m -height is 5m as ∆E = W energy at top (Ep no Ek) then energy at bottom (Ek no Ep) from this we know it is all transferred (assuming no loss to heat) therefore  $\Delta E = mgh - 1/2mv^2$ mgh -  $1/2mv^2 = Fx$ (where x is length of ramp) then just put in numbers to solve for F