

Seaborn

`import seaborn as sns` 导入seaborn包

`sns.barplot(data=df, y="Column1", x="Column2")` 柱状图

Correlation between columns

`sns.pairplot(df.loc[:,["C1", "C2", "C3", "C4"]])` 绘制c1-c4列两两之间相关关系的散点图，对角线为单独数据列的直方图

`sns.heatmap(dataframe, annot=True, cmap="YlGnBu")` 热图用颜色的深浅表示变量之间的相关关系，只能处理dataframe类型数据，annot将数字显示，cmap控制颜色

`sns.heatmap(pd.DataFrame(df.groupby('month').AbsenceHours.sum()), annot=True, cmap="Greens")` 例子

`sns.heatmap(df.corr(), cmap="Blues")` 用热图绘制相关关系矩阵，呈现df中所有列两两之间相关关系

Basic plot

`sns.boxplot(data=df, x="Period", y="Revenue")` 箱线图

`sns.barplot(x="col1", y="col2", data=df, ci=None)` 柱状图并remove the line

`sns.kdeplot(df.Col1)` 核密度估计图

`sns.violinplot(data=df, y="Col2", x="Col1")` 小提琴图

`sns.scatterplot(x=df.Col1, y=df.Col2)` 散点图

`sns.barplot(data=df.groupby('Col1').Col2.mean(), x="Col1", y="Col2")` 分组统计均值后绘制柱状图

`sns.pairplot(df.loc[:,["Col1", "Col2", "Col3", "Col4"]])` 两两之间的相关关系图

`sns.heatmap(pd.DataFrame(df.groupby('month').Col1.sum()), annot=True, cmap="Greens")` 分组求和绘制热力图

`sns.heatmap(df[quan_var].corr(), cmap="Blues")` 数值型变量相关关系的热力图

`sns.heatmap(df.loc[:, ["col1", "col2", "col3"]].corr(), annot=True)`



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Not published yet.
 Last updated 16th October, 2023.
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