## Cheatography

Financial Statement Analysis Cheat Sheet
by mlboshoff via cheatography.com/37296/cs/11710/

Liquidity Ratios				
Current	Current	Company's ability to		
Ratio	Assets:Curre	meet its short term		
	nt Liabilities	obligations		
Quick	Liquid	Liquid assets not		
Ratio	Assets:Curre	only excludes		
	nt Liabilities	inventory		

Is the level of operating capital management to aggressive? Could lead to a loss in business. Also take into account level of operating risk and costs associated with short-term finance.

Debt Management Ratios		
Debt ratio	Total Debt / Total Assets	Indicates extent to which company uses external financing to finance assets
Interest Cover or Times interest earned	EBIT / Interest	Ability to meet interest obligation. EBITDA also used.
Debt/Equit y ratio	t Total Debt/Total Equity	Gearing ratio of the company
May need to restate balance sheet interest		

earning debt - Preference shares

(redeemable=debt), deferred tax (do you have obligation to pay?), minority interest (equity), non-interest bearing debt (treat as debt or deduct)

Measures of Profitability		
Profit Margin	Profit / Turnover	Calculated at different levels. Non-trade income should not be included
Organisational profitability / Return on total assets	EBIAT / Total Assets	Return on enterprise as a whole

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Measures of Profitability (cont)	
measures of Frontability (cont)	

Return	Equity	Difference between	
on	Earnings /	ROA and ROE is	
Equity	Total Equity	financial leverage	
Financia I Ieverage	ROA vs RO	E	
Asset Mar	Asset Management / effectiveness		

Inventory turnover	Cost of sales / Average inventory (times)	Effectively manage and control inventory. Poor turnover may indicate obsolete stock. (if you don't have COS use SALES)
Inventory turnover rate	<ul> <li>inventory inver</li> <li>/ COS x avera</li> <li>365 it is s</li> <li>(days)</li> <li>Closing Days</li> <li>in Inventory curre</li> <li>ing / COS x inver</li> </ul>	Length of time that inventory is on average held before it is sold.
Days' sales in closing inventory		Days sales left from current closing inventory
Debtor's turnover	Credit Sales / Average Debtor (times)	Evaluate application of Co's credit policy. Too short (sales will be lost) & too long (bad debts) & opp cost
	sales x 365	Reciprocal relationship with debtors turnover
Days Sales in closing debtors	Closing debtors / Credit sales x 365 (days)	Sales represented by closing debtors

#### Asset Management / effectiveness (cont)

Creditors	Average	Use COS if credit
payment	creditors /	purchases not
period	Credit	available. Too short
	purchases	(not utilising free
	x 365	credit) & too long
	(days)	(Bad reputation)
Asset	Net Sales	Management ability
Turnover	/ Assets	to utilise assets
		effectively to
		generate sales. Can
		use different
		categories of assets

Investor's	ratios /	Market value ratios	
Earnings per share	Earnings / WANOS		
Dividend per share	Dividend / No of shares in issue		
Earnings Yield	EPS / Share price		
Dividend Yield	DPS / Share Price		
Dividend cover	EPS / DPS		
Price - Earnings Ratio	Share Price / EPS	High PE ratio can indicate investor's confidence and growth prospects. Repayment period in years of share investment. How much investors will pay per R1 of co's earnings.	

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l	Investor's	s ratios / Market value ratios (cont)		
	PEG	PE / Expected sustainable growth	2 companies taht are in different growth stages (eliminating growth impact)	
	Nest Asset Value per Share	NAV / WANOS	Compare share price to NAV ps = trading at a discount?	
	Sharehol der return	(Share price(end) - Share price(beg) + Dividend) / Share price(beg)	Compare to ALSI return	
	Dividend Payout ratio	DPS / EPS	Use to calculate sustainable growth	
	Sustaina ble growth	1 - Dividend Payout Ration	0	

Cash Flow Statement				
Cash flow to total debt	CF from Operations / Total Debt	Indicator of financial distress		
Cash ability to cover finance charges	CF from Operations / Interest Paid	Ability to pay interest from cash available		
Cash generating ability of co	CF from Operation	s / Turnover		

Remember CASH IS KING! so any Cash Flow Ratio will be more reliable as to the true performance and going concern ability of the company



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