

# 1.Process Scheduling Cheat Sheet

by Mitali via cheatography.com/128362/cs/25168/

## **Scheduling Queue**

**Job Queue**: A process when enters a system is put into a *job queue*.

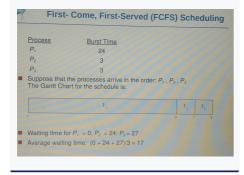
**Ready Queue:** The processes residing in main memory and ready for execution are put in the *ready queue*.

**Device Queue:** The processes waiting for a particular I/O device are put into the *device* queue.

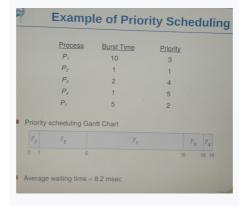
#### **Scheduling Criteria**

- **1. CPU Utilization:** It should be *maximum*. 40% minimum- 90% maximum.
- **2. Throughput:** Number of processes that are completed per unit time are called *throughput.* It should be *maximum*.
- **3. Turnaround Time:** The interval from time of submission of process to time of completion. *Turnaround time= period spent waiting+ready queue time+execution+I/O interrupt time*. It should be *minimum*.

## 1. First Come First Serve (FCFS)



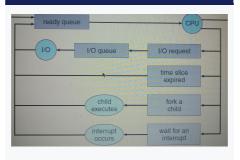
## **Priority Scheduling Diagram**



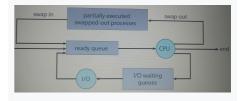
## 5. Multilevel Queue Scheduling



### **Scheduling Queue Diagram**



## Medium Term scheduler Diagram



#### **SCHEDULING ALGORITHM**

Scheduling Algorithm decides which process should the CPU be allocated to. There are *six scheduling algorithms*.

# First Come First Serve Shortest Job First

The process that requests for the CPU first, gets the access first.	Each process has the length of the next CPU burst.
FIFO queue is used in handling the process.	The process with the smallest next CPU burst gets access to the process.
Long waiting time for the next processes.	Comparitively less waiting time for next process.
It is a <i>non-pree- mptive</i> algorithm.	It can be <i>premptive</i> or non-preemptive

algorithm.

By **Mitali** cheatography.com/mitali/

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# Priority Scheduling Round Robin Scheduling

There is a fixed time Each process has a priority. quantum. CPU Ready queue is treated as allocated to a circular queue and CPU is allocated to the First the process with higher process for specific time priority. quantum. Problem: Problem: If time quantum Starvation of is too large, algorithm low priority works as FCFS.

lution: AGING

process.So-

It can be preemptive or non-preemptive

It is preemptive.

# Multilevel Queue Multilevel Feedback Queue

Ready queue is divided Allows the into: Foreground (interprocess from active) process and one queue to Background (batch) move to the process. next queue. Foreground implements Here processes Round Robin Scheduare separated ling. and Background according to implements FCFS. their CPU burst.

#### Scheduler

**Long Term Scheduler:** Also known as *job scheduler* selects process from disk and puts into memory.

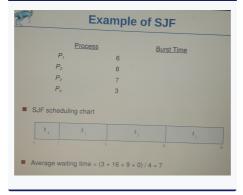
**Short Term Scheduler:** Also known as *CPU scheduler* select process from memory and allocates a CPU to it.

**Medium Term Scheduler:** It is used to remove a process from and reduce degree of multi-programing. Later it can be re-int-roduced from point where it was left. This is called as *swapping*.

# **Scheduling Criteria**

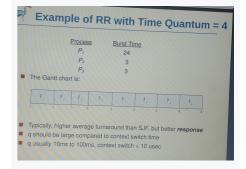
- **4. Waiting Time:** The time for which the process has to wait in the ready queue is *waiting time*. It should be *minimum*.
- **5. Response Time:** Time taken to respond to a process is *response time*. It should be *minimum*.

#### 2. Shortest Job First (SJF)

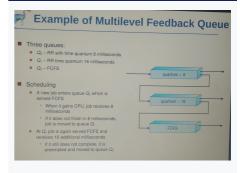


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## 4. Round Robin Scheduling Diagram



# 6. Multilevel Feedback Queue Scheduling



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