Base Git Cheat Sheet

Cheatography by Michele Sacchetti (mikesac) via cheatography.com/34000/cs/10643/

Global Configuration	
git configglobal user.name "John Doe"	Globally configure your committer name
git configglobal user.email johndoe@example.com Globally configure your committer email	
Execute these step before any other action with your git client	

Initialize new repository	
git init	Initialize current directory as a new git repostiroy
git remote add origin https://repourl/repo.git	Add remote repository with name 'origin'
git addall	Promote all folder content for commit
git commit -am"initial commit"	Commit all files with given comment

Clone existing remote repostiroy	
git clone https://giturl/repo.git	Clone remote repository via HTTPS, access credential could be reqeuired
git clone ssh://giturl/repo.git	Clone remote repository via SSH, private/public key exchange is required

Inspect your work	
git status	Provide you with the difference in commits and push between your local repo and the remote origin
git log	List latest commit on the local repository
ait diff \${FILENAME}	Provide a diff view between the local file and the HEAD version on the remote origin

Save you work	
git pull origin develop	Retrieve all commit from remote repository named "origin" and branch "develop" and merge them into local repository
git addall	Promote ALL unstaged files for commit - use with care!
git add \${FILENAME}	Promote given file/folder for commit
git commit -m"my details on commit"	Commit all promoted file to local repository
git push origin develop	Push all commit to remote repository named "origin" and branch "develop". Branch will be created if not present. May fail if remote repository has not been pulled before pushing since local repository is not up-to-date



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Branching	
git branch -a	List all avaiable branches
git fetch	Fetch all remote repository data into local one, including new branches
git fetch -p	Fetch all remote repository data into local one, including new branchesp (prune) causes unexisting remote branches to be dropped also locally
git checkout -b newbranch	create a new branch named "newbranch" starting from current commit
git merge otherbranch	Merge local branch named "otherbranch" to be merged into current local branch
git push origin newbranch	Push all commit in local branch newbranch to remote origin, creating remote branch if not already present
git branch -D oldbranch	Delete local branch named "oldbranch". Any tag pushed from deleted branch will be preserved.
git push origindelete oldbranch	Delete remote branch named "oldbranch". Any tag pushed from deleted branch will be preserved.
git mergesquash featurebranch	Merge branch named "featurebranch" into current one, squasshing all commit into a single one. Commit with comment is needed to complete operation.

Tagging	
git tag -l	List all avaiable tags
git fetchtags	Fetch all remote repository data into local one, including tags
git fetchtags -p	Fetch all remote repository data into local one, including new tagsp (prune) causes unexisting remote tags to be dropped also locally
git tag mytag	Creates a new tag named "mytag" and attach it to current local commit
git push origintags	Push local tags to remote origin
git tag -d oldtag	Delete local tag named "oldtag".
git push origin :refs/tags/oldtag	Delete remote tag named "oldtag".



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Cleaning up your repository	
git resetsoft origin master	Reset local repository commit to remote origin on branch master. All changes will be preserved as uncommitted files
git resethard origin master	Reset local repository commit to remote origin on branch master. All changes will be discarted -use with care!
git cleandry-run	Remove untracked files - show only candidates no actual removal (alias-n)
git clean -f	Remove untracked files - Actual remove use with care!
git clean -f -d	Remove untracked files and folders - Actual remove use with care!
git clean -f -X	Remove ignored files - Actual remove use with care!
git clean -f -x	Remove ignored and non-ignored files - Actual remove use with care!
git log \${FILENAME}	Show history for \${FILENAME} even if deleted, useful to know when a file has been removed



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