

Tide - Media Studies Cheat Sheet

by mackinlayc via cheatography.com/122318/cs/22671/

Drimary

Set Product



Product Context	
Product created	Procter &
by	Gamble
Launched in	1946
Advertising	Print and
agency used	Radio
The main	The
character used	Housewife
was	

Historical Context

The consumer boom saw a large increase in the development of domestic technologies.

Vacuum cleaners, washing machines etc. all became desirable products for the 1950s consumer.

Products linked to new technologies therefore also developed during this time

Cultural Context

Print adverts from the 1950s

Cultural Context (cont)

Consumer culture was still developing with many new brands and products entering markets. Therefore potential customers typically needed more information about them than a modern audience.

Media Language - Barthes

Suspense is

Enigma

_	
Code	created through the
	enigma of "what
	women want"
Proairetic	Emphasise is
Code	created by multiple
	exclamation marks
Semantic	Hearts above the
Code	main image connote
	love
Symbolic	love Hyperbole and
Symbolic Code	
•	Hyperbole and
•	Hyperbole and superlatives ("Mira-
•	Hyperbole and superlatives ("Miracle", "World's
•	Hyperbole and superlatives ("Mira- cle", "World's cleanest wash!",
•	Hyperbole and superlatives ("Mira- cle", "World's cleanest wash!", "World's whitest

Codes and Conventions

Positive connot-

colours	ations as the colours are bright and happy
Headings, subheadings and slogans in a sans- serif font	Connoting an informal mode of address
Comic strip style image	Reinforces the informal address with informal lexis like "sudsing whizz"
'Technical' details of the product in a serif font	Connoting it to be more 'serious' or 'factual' information
Z-line and a rough rule of thirds	

can be applied to its composition

Media Language - Lévi-Strauss

"Tide gets clothes cleaner than any other washday product you can buy!" and "There's nothing like Procter and Gamble's Tide", reinforces the binary opposition between Tide and its commercial rivals.

It's also "unlike soap," gets laundry "whiter... than any soap or washing product known" and is "truly safe" - all of which connotes that other products do not offer these qualities.

Social and Political Contexts

In the 1950s women were the primary market for the technologies being developed for the home.

Stereotypical representations of domestic perfection and subserviance to men became linked to the more modern need for convenience and a better quality of life.

conventionally used more copy.

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Constructed Representations

Dress code of the main character includes a stereotypical 1950s hairstyle, made fashionable by contemporary film stars such as Veronica Lake. Shorter hair was practical as long hair was hazardous for women working with machinery.

The headband worn also links to the practicalities for women during this era. Having her hair held back connotes she's focused on her work, though this is perhaps binary opposed to the full make-up that she's wearing.

Theoretical perspectives

Hall

The images of domesticity in the comic strip constructs a scenario familiar to the audience as a representation of their own lives.

Gauntlett

Women represented act as role models of domestic perfection that the audience may want to construct their identity against.

Theoretical perspectives (cont)

Van Zoonen During the war, women's role in society changed, taking up 'male roles' while the men were away at war. However this advert doesn't represent this new society and reverts back to women being in the domestic sphere. Therefore not conforming to Van Zoonen's theory that the media contribute to social change by representing women in non-traditional roles.

hooks

Argues that lighter skinned women fit better into the western ideology of beauty, the advert could be seen to reinforce this by only representing "modern", white women.

Social Context

Women's roles in society did change during the War however domestic products of the 1950s continued to be aimed at female audiences.

The main target audience was increasingly affluent lower-middle class women because of their supposed need for innovative domestic technologies.

Theoretical perspectives

The indirect mode of

address made by the woman in the main image connotes that her relationship with the product is of prime importance. This is the hegemonic encoding of the advert's primary message that should be received by the audience.

Gerbner

The Tide advert aims to cultivate the ideas that it is the brand leader. Gerbner's theory would argue that the repetition of this key message causes audiences to align their own ideologies with them.

Targeting Audiences and Audience interpretation

The endorsement from Good Housekeeping Magazine makes them an Opinion Leader, reinforcing the quality of Tide.

The preferred reading of the advert's lexical fields "trust", "truly safe", "miracle", "nothing like" is that, despite being "new", Tide provides solutions to the audience's needs.

The likely audience is constructed through the advert's use of women with whom they might personally identify, young women in the domestic sphere.



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