Cheatography

Tide - Media Studies Cheat Sheet by mackinlayc via cheatography.com/122318/cs/22671/

Set Product



Product Context	
Product created	Procter &
by	Gamble
Launched in	1946
Advertising	Print and
agency used	Radio
The main	The
character used	Housewife
was	

Historical Context

The **consumer boom** saw a large increase in the development of domestic technologies.

Vacuum cleaners, washing machines etc. all became desirable products for the 1950s consumer.

Products linked to new technologies therefore also developed during this time

Cultural Context

Print adverts from the 1950s conventionally used more **copy**.



By mackinlayc

cheatography.com/mackinlayc/

Cultural Context (cont) Consumer culture was still developing with many *new* brands and products entering markets. Therefore potential customers typically needed more information about them than a modern audience.

Media Language - Barthes Enigma Suspense is Code created through the enigma of "what women want" Proairetic Emphasise is Code created by multiple exclamation marks Semantic Hearts above the Code main image connote love Hyperbole and Symbolic Code superlatives ("Miracle", "World's cleanest wash!", "World's whitest wash!") to highlight the power of the

product.

	Primary colours	Positive connot- ations as the colours are bright and happy
	Headings, subheadings and slogans in a sans- serif font	Connoting an informal mode of address
	Comic strip style image	Reinforces the informal address with informal lexis like "sudsing whizz"
•	'Technical' details of the product in a serif font	Connoting it to be more 'serious' or 'factual' information
		ugh rule of thirds to its composition

Codes and Conventions

Media Language - Lévi-Strauss

"Tide gets clothes cleaner than any other washday product you can buy!" and "There's nothing like Procter and Gamble's Tide", reinforces the binary opposition between Tide and its commercial rivals.

It's also **"unlike soap,"** gets laundry **"whiter... than any soap or washing product known"** and is **"truly safe"** – all of which connotes that other products do not offer these qualities.

Social and Political Contexts

In the 1950s women were the primary market for the technologies being developed for the home.

Stereotypical representations of domestic perfection and subserviance to men became linked to the more modern need for convenience and a better quality of life.

Published 6th May, 2020. Last updated 6th May, 2020. Page 1 of 2.

Sponsored by **ApolloPad.com** Everyone has a novel in them. Finish Yours! https://apollopad.com

Cheatography

Tide - Media Studies Cheat Sheet by mackinlayc via cheatography.com/122318/cs/22671/

Constructed Representations

Dress code of the main character includes a *stereotypical 1950s hairstyle*, made fashionable by contemporary film stars such as Veronica Lake. Shorter hair was practical as long hair was hazardous for women working with machinery.

The headband worn also links to the practicalities for women during this era. Having her hair held back connotes she's focused on her work, though this is perhaps binary opposed to the full make-up that she's wearing.

Theoretical	perspectives	
Hall	The images of	
	domesticity in the	
	comic strip	
	constructs a	
	scenario familiar to	
	the audience as a	
	representation of	
	their own lives.	
Gauntlett	Women represented	
	act as role models of	
	domestic perfection	
	that the audience	_
	may want to	
	construct their	
	identity against.	

Van During the war, Zoonen women's role in society changed, taking up 'male roles' while the men were away at war. However this advert doesn't represent this new society and reverts back to women being in the domestic sphere. Therefore not conforming to Van Zoonen's theory that the media contribute to social change by representing women in non-traditional roles. hooks Argues that lighter skinned women fit better into the western ideology of beauty, the advert could be seen to reinforce this by only representing "modern", white women.

Theoretical perspectives (cont)

Social Context

Women's roles in society did change during the War however domestic products of the 1950s continued to be aimed at female audiences.

The main target audience was increasingly **affluent lower-middle class** women because of their supposed need for innovative domestic technologies.

Theoretical perspectives

Hall The indirect mode of address made by the woman in the main image connotes that her relationship with the product is of prime importance. This is the **hegemonic** encoding of the advert's primary message that should be received by the audience.

Theoretical perspectives (cont

Gerbner	The Tide advert aims
	to cultivate the ideas
	that it is the brand
	leader. Gerbner's
	theory would argue
	that the repetition of
	this key message
	causes audiences to
	align their own
	ideologies with them.

Targeting Audiences and Audience interpretation

The endorsement from Good Housekeeping Magazine makes them an Opinion Leader, reinforcing the quality of Tide.

The preferred reading of the advert's lexical fields **"trust"**, **"truly safe"**, **"miracle"**, **"nothing like"** is that, despite being *"new"*, Tide provides solutions to the audience's needs.

The likely audience is constructed through the advert's use of women with whom they might personally identify, young women in the domestic sphere.

C

By mackinlayc

cheatography.com/mackinlayc/

Published 6th May, 2020. Last updated 6th May, 2020. Page 2 of 2. Sponsored by **ApolloPad.com** Everyone has a novel in them. Finish Yours! https://apollopad.com