

Math Operations		Math Module		Math Module (cont)	
a = 3		import math	Imports module math	math.acosh(x)	Inverse hiperbolic cosine of x
b = 4		math.ceil(x)	Rounds x up	math.atanh(x)	Inverse hiperbolic tangent of x
a + b	Sum a and b (7)	math.floor(x)	Rounds x down	math.degrees(angle)	Covert rad_angle from radians to degrees
a - b	Subtract b from a (-1)	round(x)	Rounds x with 0 decimal places	math.radians(angle)	Covert rad_angle from degrees to radians
a * b	a times b (12)	round(x, 2)	Rounds x with 2 decimal places	math.factorial(x)	Factorial of x
a / b	a divided by b (0.75)	math.sqrt(x)	Square root of x	math.gamma(x)	Gamma function of x
a // b	Integer part of a divided by b (0)	math.sin(-angle)	Sine of angle	math.exp(x)	e to the power of x
a % b	Rest of a divided by b (3)	math.cos(-angle)	Cosine of angle	math.log(x)	Natural logarithm of x
a ** b	a to the power of b (81)	math.tan(-angle)	Tangent of angle	math.log(x, 2)	Base 2 logarithm of x
Logic Tests		math.sinh(x)	Hiperbolic sine of x	math.e	Constant e
5 > 3	Tests if 5 is greater than 3 (True)	math.cosh(x)	Hiperbolic cosine of x	math.pi	Constant pi
5 >= 3	Tests if 5 is greater than or equal to 3 (True)	math.tanh(x)	Hiperbolic tangent of x	Round is not part of the math module.	
5 == 3	Tests if 5 is equal to 3 (False)	math.asin(-angle)	Arc sine of angle	The python standard is to work with angles in radians.	
5 != 3	Tests if 5 is different than 3 (True)	math.acos(-angle)	Arc cosine of angle		
5 <= 3	Tests if 5 is lower than or equal to 3 (False)	math.atan(-angle)	Arc tangent of angle		
5 < 3	Tests if 5 is lower than 3 (False)	math.asinh(x)	Inverse hiperbolic sine of x		
not True	Opposite of True (False)				



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### Second Degree Equation Roots

```
# This script solves ax^2 + bx +  
c = 0  
import math  
a = 1  
b = -1  
c = -6  
delta = b^2 - 4*a*c  
r1 = (-b + math.sqrt(delta)) / (2*a)  
r2 = (-b - math.sqrt(delta)) / (2*a)  
print(f"r1 = {r1}")  
print(f"r2 = {r2}")  
  
r1 = 3.0  
r2 = -2.0
```

### Triangle Angles

```
# Calculates the angles of a  
triangle based on its  
sides.  
import math  
side1, side2, side3 = 3, 4, 5  
angle1 = math.acos(side1 * side2 / side3)  
angle2 = math.acos(side1 * side3 / side2)  
print(f"angle 1 = {math.degrees(angle1)}")  
print(f"angle 2 = {math.degrees(angle2)}")  
  
angle 1 = 53.13010235415598  
angle 2 = 36.86989764584401
```

### Data Types

Name	Type	Description
Integers	int	Whole numbers, such as: 3 300 200
Floating point	float	Numbers with a decimal point: 2.3 4.6 100.0
Strings	str	Ordered sequence of characters: "hello" 'Sammy' "2000" "楽し い"
Lists	list	Ordered sequence of objects: [10,"he- llo",200.3]
Dictionaries	dict	Unordered Key:Value pairs: {"mykey": "value", "name": "Frankie"}
Tuples	tup	Ordered immutable sequence of objects: (10,"hello",200.3)
Sets	set	Unordered collection of unique objects: {"a", "b"}
Booleans	bool	Logical value indicating True or False



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