

Open the output database (.odb)

```

import >>> from odbAccess import *
the post-
proc-
essing
library
open the >>> myOdb = openOdb(path='path \my file.odb')
output
database
    
```

Once you've created your odb object, you can access all the variables through the different attributes of the class. In the following cheatsheet, we only point out the way to access the results that mostly interest us such as **Field Outputs** and **History Outputs**

Accessing to Field Outputs

In the **odb object** we will access the **steps** attribute, then the **frames** attribute to get our field output.

```

>>> steps = myOdb.steps
>>> frames = steps['my_step_name'].frames
    
```

List of the main attributes in a step

description

domain

frames

historyRegion

inertiaAboutCenter

inertiaAboutOrigin

loadCases

mass

massCenter

name

number

previousStepName

procedure

timePeriod

totalTime

List of the main attributes in a frame

frames.description Return description if given

frames.domain TIME or FREQUENCY

frames.field-Outputs **return all the different outputs you specified in the simulation for each node and element**

frames.frameId

frames.frame-Value return the simulation time as a float

frames.incrementNumber return the increment number as an integer

Which field output do we usually encounter

NODAL OUTPUTS

U displacement

UR rotational displacement

COORD coordinates

RF Reaction force

ELEMENT OUTPUT

S

SMISES

Exemple to access the displacement along the x axis (U1), for a given node:

```

>>> myOdb = openOdb(path='path \my odb.odb')
>>> frame1 = myOdb.steps['Step-1'].frames[-1]
>>> t = frame1.frameValue
>>> u1 = frame1.fieldOutput['U'].values[27].data[0]
    
```

For all possible outputs, see the official Abaqus documentation

Main attributes in a fieldOutput object

componentLabels

description

name

type

values all the main values are stored in values [myNode].data

What about the instance

the **Root Assembly** The odb object has an attribute rootAssembly, which gives informations about assembly such as:

elementSets

elements

instances

name

nodeSets

nodes

rigidBodies

sectionAssignment

surfaces

Access History Output results

In your simulation, you may have specify **History** an attribute named **historyRegion** in which you historyOutput Objects. In such objects are store region = myOdb.steps['stepName'].historyRegions[-1.15]

Here is a quick exemple to access to time and

```

>>> myStep.historyRegions['Name'].data
    
```

returns a tuple organized as:

```

((t1,CVOL1), (t2,CVOL2)...)
    
```

