## Cheatography

## Haskell patterns Cheat Sheet by logcat via cheatography.com/27075/cs/12218/

Composition and application			
(.) :: (b -> c) -> (a -> b) -> a -> c	function composition		
(\$) :: (a -> b) -> a -> b	application operator, has low, right-associative binding precedence, for example f \$ g \$ h x = f (g (h x))		
Monoid			
typeclass where empty/append are defined			
<pre>mempty :: Monoid a =&gt; a</pre>	identity of mappend (mappend mempty $x = x$ )		
<pre>mappend :: Monoid a =&gt; a -&gt; a -&gt; a</pre>	append two monoids (associative: brackets does not matter) mappend x (mappend y z) = mappend (mappend x y) z		
<> :: Monoid m => m -> m -> m	infix synonym for mappend ("he" <> "llo")		
mconcat :: [a] -> a	fold list using mappend and mempty		
Functor			
typectass where Imap (map/<\$>) is defined			
should satisfy laws		fmap id ==	id
		Imap (I .	g) == Imap I . Imap g
<pre>fmap :: Functor f =&gt; (a -&gt; b) -&gt; f</pre>	a -> f b	map function fmap (+1)	overfunctor (Just 3) <b>is</b> Just 4
<\$> :: Functor f => (a -> b) -> f	a -> f b	function mapp infix synonym	bed over functor for fmap
		(+1) <\$> (	Just 3) <b>is</b> Just 4
Applicative			
typeclass where ${\tt pure}/{<*>}$ are defined			
have Functor as super class		every instance of Applicat	ive must have instance of Functor
		SO fmap (map/<\$>) Can be u	sed
<pre>pure :: Applicative f =&gt; a -&gt; f a</pre>		create an instance of Applica	ttive
		pure 3 :: [Int] IS [3]	Tugt 2
		pure (+3) :: Maybe (T	nt -> Int) is Just a function from Int to Int
		pure (+3) :: [Int ->	Int] is list of function
		pure 1 :: IO Int is how	<i>i</i> is printed in ghci
(<*>) :: Applicative f => f (a -> )	b) -> f a -> ·	f b sequential application / apply	·
		Just (+1) <*> Just 1	:: Maybe Int <b>is</b> Just 2
		[(+1), (+2)] <*> [0]	:: [Int] is [1, 2]
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Monad

typeclass have Applicative as super class	every instance of Monad must have ins	tance of Applicative and Functor
return :: Monad m => a -> m a	is pure	
(>>) :: Monad m => m a -> m b -> m b	<pre>sequentially compose two monads, first Just 2 &gt;&gt; Just 3 is Just 3 Nothing &gt;&gt; Just 3 is Nothing [9, 9] &gt;&gt; [0, 0, 0] is [0,0,0,0]</pre>	t is usually 0,0,0]
(>>=) :: Monad m => m a -> (a -> m b) -> n	<pre>bind, sequentially compose two monad Just 3 &gt;&gt;= \x -&gt; Just (x + 1) Nothing &gt;&gt;= \x -&gt; Just (x + 1) [0, 0] &gt;&gt;= \x -&gt; [x + 1] is [1 [0, 0] &gt;&gt;= \x -&gt; [x + 1, 2] is [] &gt;&gt;= \x -&gt; [x + 1] is []</pre>	<pre>s, value of first passed as argument to the second is Just 4 .) is Nothing , 1] s [1,2,1,2]</pre>
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