

### Alcohol (EtOH) Withdrawal

Folic acid (water soluble)	prevent anemia
Thiamine (water soluble)	prevent Wernicke's (reversible)
Magesium sulfate	also given for anticunvulsant

### ICU Sedation ONLY

Dexmedeto- midine (Precedex)	decrease agitation	does not cause respiratory depres- sion, bradycardia and hypotension
Hypoglycemia	glucose IV	
Stabilize VS	-propanolol  -atenalol	
	- clonidine	decrease BP, decrease pain
Hallucinations/- Psychosis	haloperidol	
Benzos	-lorazepam (Ativan)  -diazepam (Valium)  -chlordiazepoxide (Librium)	
Anticonvu- lsants	-pheno- barbital	<b>no antidote</b>
	-gabapentin  -carbamazepine (Tegretol)	

### Alcohol Maintenance Medication (DNA)

disulfiram	<b>do not give during withdrawal</b>  relapse prevention  alters metabolism of alcohol
naltrexone	suppress craving
acamprcoate	decreases abstinence symptoms  neuro protective

### Opioid Withdrawal and Maintenance Medication

methadone	long-acting opiate  can still abuse  increased risk of dependence
buprenorphine	partial opioid agonist  higher doses with less SE
suboxone	buprenorphine + naloxone
clonidine	anti HTN for VS managment
<b>antidote</b>	<b>naloxone</b>

### Stimulant Toxicity Medication

<b>no antidote</b>	gastric lavage  activated charcoal
Neuro	
Agitation/Seizures	IV diazepam  IV lorazepam
Hallucinations/Psychosis	haloperidol
Cardio	
Ventricular Dysrhythmias	lidocaine  bretylium  procainamide
Reduce MI risk	asprin
HTN/Angina	sodium nitroprusside  phentolamine