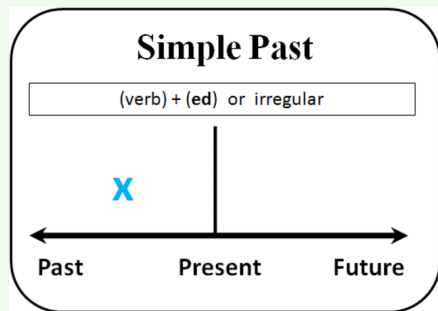


Past Simple Use



Past Simple Use

We use the Past Simple for completed actions in the past.

Example: He died in 1928.

We use the Past Simple for repeated actions in the past.

Example: She phoned her family every day when she was on holiday.

We use the Past Simple for a series of actions on the past.

Example: We walked along the river, saw some ducks and gave them some bread.

Other ed words

Some adjectives end with **ed** we need to use the verb **TO BE** with these.

Example: He was excited to see his friend yesterday.

Negative: He wasn't excited to see his friend yesterday.

Question: Was he excited to see his friend yesterday?

Regular Verbs

With regular verbs we add 'ed' to the end of the verb.

Example: To look - Looked

If the verb already ends with an 'e' don't add an extra one!

Example To like - ~~Liked~~ - Liked

There are 3 ways to pronounce regular verbs. See below:

Pronunciation of ED

Pronunciation of ED

/id/	/t/	/d/
T wanted D needed	P helped K looked F sniffed GH laughed SH washed CH watched SS kissed C danced X fixed	L called N cleaned R offered G damaged V loved S used Z amazed B rubbed M claimed

*Voiced Sound = uses the vocal cords and they produce a vibration or humming sound in the throat. (Touch your throat to feel it)

Words that end in a vowel sound use the /d/ pronunciation for ED. e.g. - followed - enjoyed - played - tried - continued

VOICELESS VOICED*

The pronunciation of words ending in ED depends on the final consonant sound. There are three ways to pronounce ED at the end of a word in English: /id/ /t/ /d/

Negatives and questions

Negatives	Questions
I didn't watch TV yesterday.	Did I watch TV yesterday?
You didn't see me in the meeting.	Did you see me this morning?
He/She/It didn't take a long time to arrive.	Did He/She/It take a long time to arrive?
We didn't climb the mountain last weekend.	Did we climb the mountain last weekend?
They didn't have a dog when they were young.	Did they have a dog when they were young?

With all other verbs we use **didn't** for negative sentences and **did** for questions. The second verb stays in the basic form

Irregular verbs form

Past tense =	Infinitive + (e)n	Past form + (e)n	No Change	Vowel Change	Two forms
Past Participle					
buy	eat	ate	break	put	put
bought	eaten	broke	put	drank	learn
bought		broken		drunk	learnt/learned
					leant/learned

It's always better to learn the 3 forms of the irregular verbs at the same time. Even though there are categories, the best way to learn irregular verbs is by heart! The verbs ending in **ought** are pronounced like **ORT**

To be

We use the verb 'to be' for place and state and feelings.

Place - I was in the park yesterday.

State - She was a nurse 10 years ago.

Feelings - They were happy on holiday.

To be - form

Sentence	Negative	Questions
I was in the park yesterday	I wasn't in the park yesterday	Was I in the park yesterday?
You were on holiday last week	You weren't on holiday last week	Were you on holiday last week?
He/She/It was great!	He/She/It wasn't great!	Was it great?
We were sick on the weekend	We weren't sick on the weekend	Were we sick on the weekend?
They were married 5 years ago	They weren't married 5 years ago	Were they married 5 years ago?

