

Kinematics in One Direction Cheat Sheet by leahboyd14 via cheatography.com/49480/cs/16532/

Displacement and Distance

Displacement- vector extending from object's initial position to its final position

Distance- scalar quantity representing the actual path followed by an object

Distance equals displacement when the object travels in a straight line and does not reverse its direction

Velocity and Speed

Velocity- vector describing the rate of displacement

average velocity = displacement/time

Instantaneous velocity- velocity at a specific time

Speed- scalar calculating the rate of distance

average speed = distance/time

If an object travels in a straight line, then speed and velocity are interchangeable

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Acceleration- rate of change of velocity

acceleration = change in velocity/time

Uniform acceleration- magnitude remains constant; **constant acceleration-** magnitude and direction are constant

If acceleration acts in the same direction as velocity: *speed increases*

If acceleration acts in the opposite direction as velocity: *speed decreases*

If acceleration acts perpendicularly to velocity: *direction changes*

The acceleration of gravity is 10 m/s²

Kinematic Equations

 $vf^2 = vi^2 + 2ax$

vf = vi + at

 $x = vi*t + 0.5at^2$

v=x/t or x=vt

Kinematic Graphs			
GRAPH	SLOPE	AREA	
Position (or distance) v. time	Velocity	N/A	
Velocity v. time	Accele- ration	Displacement (change in position)	
Acceleration v. time	N/A	Change in velocity	



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