## Displacement and Distance

Displacement- vector extending from object's initial position to its final position

Distance- scalar quantity representing the actual path followed by an object

Distance equals displacement when the object travels in a straight line and does not reverse its direction

| Velocity and Speed |
| :--- |
| Velocity- vector describing the rate of |
| displacement |
| average velocity = displacement/time |
| Instantaneous velocity- velocity at a specific |
| time |
| Speed- scalar calculating the rate of distance |
| average speed = distance/time |
| If an object travels in a straight line, then speed |
| and velocity are interchangeable |



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| Acceleration |
| :---: |
| Acceleration- rate of change of velocity |
| acceleration $=$ change in velocity/time |
| Uniform acceleration- magnitude remains constant; constant acceleration- magnitude and direction are constant |
| If acceleration acts in the same direction as velocity: speed increases |
| If acceleration acts in the opposite direction as velocity: speed decreases |
| If acceleration acts perpendicularly to velocity: direction changes |
| The acceleration of gravity is $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Kinematic Equations |
| $v f^{2}=v i^{2}+2 a x$ |
| $\mathrm{vf}=\mathrm{vi}+\mathrm{at}$ |
| $x=v i^{*} t+0.5 a t^{2}$ |
| $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{x} / \mathrm{t}$ or $\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{vt}$ |

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| Kinematic Graphs |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GRAPH | SLOPE | AREA |
| Position (or <br> distance) v. <br> time | Velocity | N/A |
| Velocity v. time | Acceler <br> ation | Displacement <br> (change in <br> position) |
| Acceleration v. <br> time | N/A | Change in <br> velocity |

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