Cheatography

x86 assembly by Kzderrick via cheatography.com/26001/cs/7101/

| Jump Instructions |
|-------------------------------------|
| JZ Jump if zero ZF = 1 |
| JNZ Jump if not zero $ZF = 0$ |
| JC Jump if carry CF = 1 |
| JNC Jump if not carry $CF = 0$ |
| JO Jump if overflow $OF = 1$ |
| JNO Jump if not overflow $OF = 0$ |
| JS Jump if signed SF = 1 |
| JNS Jump if not signed SF = 0 |
| JP Jump if parity (even) PF = 1 |
| JNP Jump if not parity (odd) PF = 0 |
| |

Data Types

BYTE 8-bit unsigned integer.

SBYTE 8-bit signed integer.

WORD 16-bit unsigned integer

SWORD 16-bit signed integer

DWORD 32-bit unsigned integer.

```
SDWORD 32-bit signed integer.
```

Arrays - (from book pg 120-124)

```
.data
arrayB BYTE 10h,20h,30h
.code
mov ESI,OFFSET arrayB
mov AL,[ESI]
inc ESI
.data
arrayW WORD 1000h,2000h,3000h
.code
mov ESI,OFFSET arrayW
mov AX,[ESI]
```

LOOP



By Kzderrick

cheatography.com/kzderrick/

| AS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|----|-----|---------------|--------|-----|----|-----|----------------|-------|-----|----|-----|----------------|-----|
| | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Dec | HX | Uct | Html | Chr | Dec | НХ | Uct | Html | Chr | Dec | HX | Uct | Html C | nr |
| 32 | 20 | 040 | <i>⊾</i> #32; | Space | 64 | 40 | 100 | «#64; | 0 | 96 | 60 | 140 | ≪#96; | 1 |
| 33 | 21 | 041 | ∉#33; | 1.00 | 65 | 41 | 101 | «#65; | A | 97 | 61 | 141 | <i>‱#</i> 97; | а |
| 34 | 22 | 042 | ⊊#34; | " | 66 | 42 | 102 | ∉#66 ; | в | 98 | 62 | 142 | ∉ 98; | b |
| 35 | 23 | 043 | <i>⊾</i> #35; | # | 67 | 43 | 103 | «#67; | С | 99 | 63 | 143 | <i>‱#</i> 99; | С |
| 36 | 24 | 044 | ∉ #36; | ę – | 68 | 44 | 104 | ∉#68; | D | 100 | 64 | 144 | <i></i> %#100; | d |
| 37 | 25 | 045 | ∉#37; | 4 | 69 | 45 | 105 | ∉ #69; | E | 101 | 65 | 145 | <i>%#</i> 101; | e |
| 38 | 26 | 046 | <i>⊾</i> #38; | 6 | 70 | 46 | 106 | <i>«#</i> 70; | F | 102 | 66 | 146 | ¢#102; | E. |
| 39 | 27 | 047 | <i>∉</i> #39; | 1.00 | 71 | 47 | 107 | ¢#71; | G | 103 | 67 | 147 | «#103; | g |
| 40 | 28 | 050 | <i>⊾</i> #40; | (| 72 | 48 | 110 | 6#72; | н | 104 | 68 | 150 | «#104; | h |
| 41 | 29 | 051 | <i>‰#</i> 41; |) | 73 | 49 | 111 | ¢#73; | 1 | 105 | 69 | 151 | i | 1 |
| 42 | 2A | 052 | 6#42; | * | 74 | 4A | 112 | ¢#74; | J | 106 | 6A | 152 | «#106; | Ĵ. |
| 43 | 2B | 053 | 6#43; | + | 75 | 4B | 113 | «#75; | K | 107 | 6B | 153 | <i>%#</i> 107; | k |
| 44 | 2C | 054 | ¢#44; | 10 | 76 | 4C | 114 | «#76; | L | 108 | 6C | 154 | <i>4#</i> 108; | 1 |
| 45 | 2D | 055 | <i>6</i> #45; | - N | 77 | 4D | 115 | «#77; | М | 109 | 6D | 155 | «#109; | m |
| 46 | 2E | 056 | <i>6#46;</i> | + U | 78 | 4E | 116 | ∉ #78; | N | 110 | 6E | 156 | <i>%#</i> 110; | n |
| 47 | 2F | 057 | 6#47; | \sim | 79 | 4F | 117 | ∉#79; | 0 | 111 | 6F | 157 | <i>«#</i> 111; | 0 |
| 48 | 30 | 060 | <i>6</i> #48; | 0 | 80 | 50 | 120 | <i></i> «#80; | P | 112 | 70 | 160 | p | p |
| 49 | 31 | 061 | 6#49; | 1 | 81 | 51 | 121 | ∉#81 ; | Q | 113 | 71 | 161 | <i>%#</i> 113; | đ |
| 50 | 32 | 062 | <i>∉</i> #50; | 2 | 82 | 52 | 122 | ∉ #82; | R | 114 | 72 | 162 | «#114; | r |
| 51 | 33 | 063 | <i>6#51;</i> | 3 | 83 | 53 | 123 | «#83; | s | 115 | 73 | 163 | «#115; | 3 |
| 52 | 34 | 064 | €#52; | 4 | 84 | 54 | 124 | ¢#84; | Т | 116 | 74 | 164 | t | t |
| 53 | 35 | 065 | <i>∉</i> #53; | 5 | 85 | 55 | 125 | ∉#85 ; | U | 117 | 75 | 165 | <i>«#</i> 117; | u |
| 54 | 36 | 066 | <i>«#</i> 54; | 6 | 86 | 56 | 126 | «#86; | v | 118 | 76 | 166 | <i>%#</i> 118; | v |
| 55 | 37 | 067 | €#55; | 7 | 87 | 57 | 127 | ¢#87; | U . | 119 | 77 | 167 | w | W |
| 56 | 38 | 070 | <i>∝</i> #56; | 8 | 88 | 58 | 130 | ∉#88 ; | x | 120 | 78 | 170 | <i>4#</i> 120; | х |
| 57 | 39 | 071 | <i>6#</i> 57; | 9 | 89 | 59 | 131 | «#89; | Y | 121 | 79 | 171 | <i>%#</i> 121; | Y |
| 58 | ЗA | 072 | <i>6#58;</i> | ÷ | 90 | 5A | 132 | «#90; | Z | 122 | 7A | 172 | «#122; | z |
| 59 | ЗB | 073 | <i>∉</i> #59; | 2.00 | 91 | 5B | 133 | ¢#91; | _ [| 123 | 7B | 173 | <i>4#</i> 123; | - { |
| 60 | 3C | 074 | <i>∝#</i> 60; | < | 92 | 5C | 134 | «#92; | - Y - | 124 | 7C | 174 | «#124; | |
| 61 | ЗD | 075 | <i>6</i> #61; | = | 93 | 5D | 135 | « # 93; | 1 | 125 | 7D | 175 | «#125; | -} |
| 62 | ЗE | 076 | 6 ∰62; | > | 94 | 5E | 136 | ≼#94; | ^ | 126 | 7E | 176 | ¢#126; | ~ |
| 63 | ЗF | 077 | <i>‱#</i> 63; | 2 | 95 | 5F | 137 | «#95; | _ | 127 | 7F | 177 | <i>«#</i> 127; | DI |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

CMP Instruction

Compares the destination operand to the source operand

Nondestructive subtraction of source from destination (destination operand is not changed) Syntax: CMP destination, source. destination < sourcecarry flag set destination > source.... ZF=0, CF=0

| Registers | S | | |
|-----------|--------|--------------|-------------|
| 32-Bit | 16-Bit | 8-bit (high) | 8 bit (low) |
| EAX | AX | AH | AL |
| EBX | BX | BH | BL |
| ECX | CX | СН | CL |
| EDX | DX | DH | DL |
| ESI | SI | | |
| EDI | DI | | |
| EBP | BP | | |
| ESP | SP | | |
| | | | |

FLAGS

• The Carry flag (CF) is set when the result of an unsigned arithmetic operation is too large to fit into the destination.

• The Overflow flag (OF) is set when the result of a signed arithmetic operation is too large or too small to fit into the destination.

• The Sign flag (SF) is set when the result of an arithmetic or logical operation generates a negative result.

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FLAGS (cont)

• The Zero flag (ZF) is set when the result of an arithmetic or logical operation generates a result of zero.

• The Auxiliary Carry flag (AC) is set when an arithmetic operation causes a carry from bit 3 to bit 4 in an 8-bit operand.

• The Parity flag (PF) is set if the

least-significant byte in the result contains an even number of 1 bits. Otherwise, PF is clear. In general, it is used for error checking when there is a possi- bility that data might be altered or corrupted.

TEST Instruction

Performs a nondestructive AND operation between each pair of matching bits in two operands.No operands are modified, but the Zero flag is affected.

Example: jump to a label if either bit 0 or bit 1 in AL is set.

test al,00000011b

jnz ValueFound

ROT SHIFT

SAL (shift arithmetic left) is identical to SHL. SAR (shift arithmetic right) performs a right arithmetic shift on the destination operand. ROL (rotate) shifts each bit to the left The highest bit is copied into both the Carry flag and into the lowest bit No bits are lost ROR (rotate right) shifts each bit to the right The lowest bit is copied into both the Carry flag and into the highest bit No bits are lost ROL (rotate carry left) shifts each bit to the left Shifts a destination operand a given number of bits to the right

The bit positions opened up by the shift are filled by the least significant bits of the source operand

The source operand is not affected

Copies the Carry flag to the least significant bit

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ROT SHIFT (cont)

Copies the most significant bit to the Carry flagRCR (rotate carry right) shifts each bit to the right

Copies the Carry flag to the most significant bit Copies the least significant bit to the Carry flag Shifts a destination operand a given number of bits to the left

The bit positions opened up by the shift are filled by the most significant bits of the source operand

The source operand is not affected Syntax:

SHLD destination, source, count

OR, XOR, AND, NOT

OR destination, source. 0,0=0. 0,1=1, 1,0=1. 1,1 = 1 XOR destination, source. 0,0=0. 0,1=1, 1,0=1. 1,1 = 0 NOT destination...invert all AND destination, source 0,0=0. 0,1=0, 1,0=0. 1,1 = 1

Procedures

SumOf PROC add EAX, EBX add EAX, ECX ret SumOf ENDP END main

Irvine 32 lib procedures

```
DumpMemm
mov ESI,OFFSET array
mov ECX,LENGTHOF array
mov EBX,TYPE array
call DumpMem
ReadChar
char BYTE ?
.code
call ReadChar
mov char, AL
Random32
```



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Irvine 32 lib procedures (cont)

```
call Random32
  mov randVal, EAX
ReadDec ;same for dec, hex, int
  intVal DWORD ?
.code
  call ReadDec
  mov intVal,eax
ReadString
data
  buffer BYTE 21 DUP(0) ; input
buffer
  byteCount DWORD ? ; holds
counter
.code
 mov EDX, OFFSET buffer ; point to
the buffer
  mov ECX, SIZEOF buffer ; specify
max characters
  call ReadString ; input the
string
  mov byteCount, EAX ; number of
characters
WriteChar
  mov AL. 'A'
  call WriteChar
WriteDec, hex, int
  mov eax,295
  call WriteDec
WriteString
  .data
  prompt BYTE "Enter your name: ",0
.code
  mov edx, OFFSET prompt
  call WriteString
```

Unsigned Comparison

| Mnemonic | Description | |
|----------|--|--|
| JA | Jump if above (if <i>leftOp</i> > <i>rightOp</i>) | |
| JNBE | Jump if not below or equal (same as JA) | |
| JAE | Jump if above or equal (if leftOp >= rightOp) | |
| JNB | Jump if not below (same as JAE) | |
| JB | Jump if below (if leftOp < rightOp) | |
| JNAE | Jump if not above or equal (same as JB) | |
| JBE | Jump if below or equal (if leftOp <= rightOp) | |
| JNA | Jump if not above (same as JBE) | |

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PUSHAD POPAD

The PUSHAD instruction pushes all of the 32bit general-purpose registers on the stack in the following order: EAX, ECX, EDX, EBX, ESP (value before executing PUSHAD), EBP, ESI, and EDI.The POPAD instruction pops the same registers off the stack in reverse order.

Signed

| Mnemonic | Description | | | | |
|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| JG | Jump if greater (if leftOp > rightOp) | | | | |
| JNLE | Jump if not less than or equal (same as JG) | | | | |
| JGE | Jump if greater than or equal (if leftOp >= rightOp) | | | | |
| JNL | Jump if not less (same as JGE) | | | | |
| JL. | Jump if less (if leftOp < rightOp) | | | | |
| JNGE | Jump if not greater than or equal (same as JL) | | | | |
| JLE | Jump if less than or equal (if leftOp <= rightOp) | | | | |
| JNG | Jump if not greater (same as JLE) | | | | |

MUL IMUL

```
In 32-bit mode, MUL (unsigned
multiply) instruction multiplies an
8-, 16-, or 32-bit operand by
either AL, AX, or EAX
.data
vall WORD 2000h
val2 WORD 100h
.code
mov ax, val1
mul val2 ; DX:AX = 00200000h, CF=1
IMUL (signed integer multiply )
multiplies an 8-, 16-, or 32-bit
signed operand by either AL, AX, or
EAX
Preserves the sign of the product
by sign-extending it into the upper
half of the destination register
mov eax,4823424
mov ebx, -423
imul ebx ; EDX:EAX =
FFFFFFF86635D80h, OF=0
```

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