Cheatography

Pulm I: Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Cheat Sheet by ksellybelly via cheatography.com/19318/cs/2377/

Asthma	Cystic Fibrosis (CF)
Definition Airflow obstruction + bronchial hyperreactivity + airway inflam- mation Strongest predisposing factor	Definition An autosomal recessive disorder that results in abnormal production of mucus by almost all exocrine glands, and causes obstruction of those glands/ducts
Atopy (=immediate allergy): triad contains wheeze, eczema, seasonal rhinitis	Increase risk of these malignancies GI, osteopenia, arthropathies
Exacerbating factors Allergens, URI, exercise, GERD, drugs (Bblockers, ACEi, ASA, NSAIDs), stress, cold air	Median survival 31 years Clinical features
Clinical features cough, chest tightness, breathlessness, wheezing (all intermittent)	Young patient with history of chronic lung disease, pancreatitis, or infertility
Airflow obstruction FEV1/FVC < 75% Diagnostic FEV1 value	Symptoms Cough, excess sputum, decreased exercise tolerance, sinus pain, purulent nasal disharge, steatorrhea, diarrhea, abdominal pain
>10% increase in FEV1 after bronchodilator therapy Test to establish diagnosis	Signs clubbing, increased AP chest diameter, apical crackles
Histamine or metacholine test. FEV1 decrease >20% is diagno- stic.	Diagnostic lab value Elevated quantitative sweat chloride test (>60 mEq/L) on 2 different days
Medications 1) Quick relief medications (SABA) 2) Long-term control (corticos- teroids, leukotreine modifiers, theophylline)	Buzzwords: Pediatric with Hx recurrent lung infections, pancreatitis, reproductive problems, FTT, sweat chloride test, Pseudomonas
Asthma rescue med SABA (albuterol)	aueroginosa can cause PNA in these pts.

Chronic management med

Inhaled corticosteroids

Buzzwords: Wheezing, prolonged expiration, airway edema with eosinophils, neutrophils, lymphocytes



By **ksellybelly**

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COPD	Bronchiectasis
Syndrome made up of	Definition
emphysema + chronic bronchitis	Abnormal, permanent dilation of the bronchi and destruction of bronchial walls
Emphysema def.	
Air spaces are enlarged as a consequence of destruction of	Etiology
alveolar septae	 Congenital (CF) 2) Acquired from recurrent infix (TB, abscess) Obstruction (tumor)
Chronic bronchitis def.	Clinical Features
Characterized by a chronic cough that is productive of phlegm occurring on most days for 3 months of the year for 2+ consec- utive years without another acute cause	
	chronic purulent sputum (?foul-smelling), hemoptysis, chronic cough, recurrent PNA
Biggest cause	Imaging modality of choice
Smoking	Chest CT> dilated, tortuous airways
Clinical features	Treatment
SOB, cough, sputum, pursed-lip breathing, resonance to percus-	Abx (amoxicillin, Augmentin, Bactrim) + bronchodilators + chest
sion, early inspiratory crackles, wheezing, prolonged expiratory	physiotherapy
phase	
CXR findings Hyperinflation of the lungs and a flat diaphragm	
Treatment	
Smoking cessation, anticholinergic inhalers (ipratropium>>S-	
ABA), oral abx (high risk of infx)	
What is the only therapy that may alter the course of COPD in	
patients with resting hypoxemia PaO2 <55 or SaO2 <88%?	
Supplemental oxygen*	
Check for this deficiency	
alpha 1-antitrypsin	
COPD Buzzwords: Smoker, DOE, cough	
Emphysema Buzzwods: Hyperinflation on CXR, tear drop heart Bronchitis Buzzwords: Smoker, chronic productive cough. NO	
hemoptysis, wt. loss.	



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