

by Shelbi (kfisher17) via cheatography.com/79317/cs/21866/

pharmacotherapy

Terminology		
Natural Opiates	Semi-Synthetic	Synthetic Opioids
Codeine	Burprenorphine	Fentanyl
Morphine	Heroin	Meperidine
	Hydrocodone	Methadone
	Hydromorphone	Sufentanil
	Oxycodone	Sufentanil
	Oxymorphone	
	Tramadol	

		.ogy

Risk Factors: males, history of depression or anxiety, family history of alcohol or drug abuse, age ≤ 30, long-term opioid use Involves the mesolimbic reward system

Standardized Assessment Tools		
Score	Severity	
5 to 12	Mild	
13 to 24	Moderate	
25 to 36	Moderate to Severe	
> 36	Severe	
COWS: Clinical Opiate Withdrawal Scale  • used clinically to monitor withdrawal  • often utilized to determine when PRNs are needed		

NALOXONE	
MOA	Opioid Antagonist
Warning- s/ADRs	Cardiac or respiratory effects associated with rapid reversal of opioids
	Aggression (from immediate withdrawal)
Administra- tion	Call 911 FIRST
	Administer
	If no response after 3 minutes, administer 2nd dose

- It only works on opioid receptors!
- $\bullet$  It will  $\mbox{\bf NOT}$  affect someone (positively or negatively) if they do not have opioids in their system

Opioid Use Disorder   TREATMENT		
FIRST LINE	SECOND LINE	
APA:		
Buprenorphine	Naltrexone PO	
Methadone		
BAP:		
Buprenorphine	Naltrexone PO	
Methadone		
VA/DOD:		
Suboxone	Naltrexone	
Buprenorphine		
Methadone		
Psychosocial treatment is also the first line in addition to		

Buprenor	ohine Formulations	
	Buprenorphine	Buprenorphine-Nalox- one
Brand	Subutex	Suboxone, Zubsolv
MOA	Mu opiate receptor - partial agonist	Mu-partial agonist and opioid antagonists
Formul- ation	SL tablet	SL tablet, SL film; (4:1 ratio of bupren. and naloxone)
Dosing range	8 to 32 mg bupren./day	8 to 32 mg bupren/day
Warnings	initiation should not begin until pt is experiencing withdrawal	same
	respiratory depression	same
	risk of abuse or dependence	same
DDIs	CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers	same
	CNS depresants	same



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Buprenorp	hine Formulations (cont)	
Monitoring	Tolerability, resp. depression, (LFTs), urine drug screening, PMP, urine buprenorphine	same
Clinical Pearls	Preferred in pregnancy; higher abuse potential	naloxone added as an abuse deterrent; preferred formul- ation in non-pr- egnant patients
	partial agonist activity results in ceiling effect, higher binding	same

Initial no. of pts is 30

May apply 1 year to increase no. of patients to 100, then 275

DEA number will begin with X

	(LF1s), urine drug screening, PMP, urine buprenorphine	
Clinical Pearls	Preferred in pregnancy; higher abuse potential	naloxone added as an abuse deterrent; preferred formul- ation in non-pr- egnant patients
	partial agonist activity results in ceiling effect, higher binding affinity than other opioids, newer formulation include sub-dermal implant, and subcutaneous injection	same
ŭ	Restrictions:	
Schedule III		
DATA waive	er	

Preferred treatment	
Methadone	buprenorphine
Chronic Pain	Prolonged QT interval
history or diversion or pilysubstance use	not able to attend daily clinic
requires closer monitoring	requires less monitoring and no untreated psychiatric comorbidities
pregnant women	dependent on lower doses of opioids (ceiling effect)

requires wide dosing range			
requires wide dosing rande			

Terms	
Opioid Tolera- nce	Person using opioids begins to experience a reduced response to medication requiring more opioids to experience the same effect
Opioid Depen dence	Occurs when the body adjusts its normal functioning around regular opioid use (unpleasant physical symptoms occurs when med is stopped)
Opioid Addict- ion	Occurs when attempts to cut down use are unsuccessful or when results insocial problems and a failure to fulfill obligations; often comes after person has developed opioid tolerance and dependence

Signs and Sx of opioid WITHDRAWAL	
Dysphoric mood	Fever
Lacrimation or Rhinorrhea	Muscle aches
Yawning	Diarrhea
N/V	Insomnia
Pupillary Dilartion	Piloerection (goosebumps)
Sweating	

#### WITHDRAWAL TIMELINE

Onset of withdrawal will depend upon the half-life of the opioid used (normally within 36 to 72 hours)

Completed within 7 days for short acting opioids (heroin) and 14 days for long-acting opioids (buprenorphine, methadone)

# Narcan MOA NALOXONE MECHANISM OF ACTION



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#### **DSM-5 DIAGNOSTIC CRITERIA**

A problematic pattern of substance use leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, manifested by  $\geq 2$  of the following over a 12-month period

Substance is taken in larger amounts or over a longer period than intended

Persistent desire or unsuccessful efforts to reduce or control use

A great deal of time is spent in activities necessary to obtain, use, or recover from effects

Cravings or a strong desire to use

Recurrent use resulting in a failure to fulfill major obligations

Continued use despite having persistent social or interpersonal problems caused by the substance

Important social, occupational, or recreational activities are given up or reduced

Recurrent use in situations that are physically hazardous

Recurrent use despite knowledge of having a persistent or recurrent physical or psychological problem due to use

Tolerance

Withdrawal

#### **FIRST - LINE TREATMENT**

APA	British Association of Psychopharmacology	
Buprenorphine	Alpha-2 agonist	
Methadone	Buprenorphine	
	Methadone	

Targeted at individual symptoms of withdrawal Common practice if an opioid treatment program (OTP) or bridging

medication-assisted treatment (MAT)

#### Methadone

Formul ation	Liquid (opioid maintenance); tablets (pain only)   this is for pharmacies (methadone clinics do tabs)
MOA	opioid agonist
Brand	METHADOSE

#### Methadone (cont)

Mainte- nance dose	80 to 120 mg daily
Warnings	QTc prolongation, respiratory depression, risk of abuse or dependence
DDI	QTc prolongating meds, CYP3A4 inhibitors or inducers, Medications that induce hypokalemia, hypocalcemia, or hypomagnesemia; CNS depressants
Monitoring	Tolerability, respiratory depression, HR/BP, EKG, electrolytes, UDS, urine methadone, PMP
Clinical Pearls	prolonged or delayed withdrawal due to long half-life; overdose risk is highest during initial 2 weeks of treatment

Prescribing restrictions:

- schedule II; restricted to certified opioid treatment program (OTP)
- it is not appropriate to dispense methadone from a community pharmacy for the purposes of opioid detox, withdrawal, or maintenance
- pts must be currently addicted and have opioid use disorder  $\geq$  1 year
- exceptions: pregnancy, recently released from correction, and previous treatment in OTP

know difference between prescribing of methadone and buprenorphine

#### Signs and Sx of INTOXICATION

**Pulillary Constriction** 

Slurred Speech

Drowsiness

Impaired attention or memory

#### Signs and Sx of Opioid OVERDOSE

Pupillary constriction

Shallow or slow respirations

Stupor

Coma

Hypothermia

Bradycardia



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Narcan Formulatio	ns
Naloxone	IM/IV/SQ
Naloxone	Intranasal
Evzio	IM auto-injector
Narcan	Intranasal

SYMPTOMATIC TREATMENT (PRN)				
Medication	Class/MOA	Indication		
Clonidine	Alpha-2 agonist reduced the noradr- energic hyperactivity associated with opioid withdrawal	Generalized Sx of opioid withdrawal		
Loperamide	Anti-diarrheal	Diarrhea		
Ondans- etron	Antiemetic	N/V		
Trazodone	Sedatine antidepressant	Insomnia		
Hydrox- yzine	Antihistamine/anxiolytic	Anxiety		
Ibuprofen	NSAID	muscle pain		
Cyclobenz- aprine	skeletal muscle relaxant	muscle cramps		



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