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What is Quality

Meeting the customers requirements

Reliability

The ability of a product or service

to continue to meet the customer's

requirements satisfactorily over a period of

time

Importance on customer loyalty

Cost less to retain than acquire

Longer relationship higher profitability

Half new customers come through referrals

Levels of Quality

System focus

Specific project/process

Daily work

Old vs new Satisfaction model

Kano • Performance on the attributes of certain categories produces higher levels of satisfaction than others

Traditional
• more is better, i.e. the more you
perform on each service attribute
the more satisfied the customers
will be

Levels of Customer Requirement

• Basic – fundamental features,
customer does not even think about
Normal – expected features, stated
by customers
Latent – additional features,
customers not aware they need them

Cost of Quality

Total cost of both preventative and reparatory

- Internal failure costs – those associated with defects found at the company

- External failure costs – those associated with defects found after the customer receives the product

Quality Tools and Areas of use Data -Check sheets Gathering Data, no additional Collection processing required, simple and layout Analysis - Scatter Diagram Establish association between two variables, shows strong or weak correlations Cause Ishikawa Diagram Catergorise causes of problems Analysis (fishbone or or issues and identify root couse cause-effect and potential outcomes diagram)

Critical to Quality Characteristics

Dissatisfier - 'Must be's' - Cost of Entry • Satisfier - More is better

Competitive • Delighter – Latent Need – Differentiator

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Quality	Tools	and	Areas	of	use	(cont)	

		· · · ·
	Pareto Diagram	80% of problems come from 20% causes, prioritise areas for improvement and investment first
Process Analysis	Flowcharts	Sequences of activities and flows of materials, pin point places where quality measurements should be taken
	Poka - Yoke	Prediction, recognise defect is about to occur - Detection, recognising that a defect has occured and stopping the process
	Failure Mode Effect Analysis	Analysing potential reliability problems in devleopment cycle where it is easier to take actions
		Identify Potential failure modes and effects on operations to mitigate failures

Quality Tools and Areas of use (cont)

Capture historical information for improvement

Cosistent use in design process

Cost of Quality

Total cost of both preventative and reparatory

- Internal failure costs – those associated with defects found at the company

- External failure costs – those associated with defects found after the customer receives the product

Fundamentals of FMEA

1. Define scope, functional requirements, design parameters and process steps.

- 2. Identify potential failure modes
- 3. Potential failure effect
- 4. Severity
- 5. Potential causes
- 6. Occurrence
- 7. Current controls
- 8. Detection
- 9. Risk Priority Number (RPN)
- 10.Actions recommended

4 Houses of Quality

- 1. Identify customer requirements
- 2. Identify technical requirements
- 3. Relate technical requirements to customer requirements
- 4. Consider interrelationships between technical requirements
- 5. Develop importance ratings
- 6. Conduct an evaluation of competing products and services

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4 Houses of Quality (cont)

7. Evaluate technical requirements and develop targets

Why would a project have risk?

Unique, complex, assumptions and constraints, people, stakeholder requirements, change, environment

Levels of risk management

Eliminate root	What leaads to it
cause	
Eliminate risk	prevent risk
Reduce risk	reduce likelihood
React to risk	emergency plans to react quickly
Crisis	treat problems that occur from non-identified
management	risks

ISO 9000 Family



The ISO 9000:7 principles:

Customer Focus

Leadership

Engagement of people

Process approach

Improvement

Evidence based decision making

Relationship Management

Advantages and disadvantages of ISO certifications

What is Six-Sigma?

"Level of process performance equivalent to producing only **3.4** defects for every **1** million opportunities or operations [DPMO]. using sigma based process measures and striving for six-sigma



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Steps to implement six-sigma



Sigma 6 critical success factors

Factor	Explanation	
Strategic objectives		
Champion projects	Support teams and overcome resistance	
Quantifiable measures	3	
Tools and analysis	Implement and improve project	
Metrics	Focus on business results	
Training	Teams and reduce waste	
Qualified process improvement experts		
Clear communication		
Set stretch objectives for improvements		
measure and recognise financial benefits		

DMAIC

Define Measure Analyse Improve Control

What is SPC?

Statistical Process Control (SPC) is an industry-standard methodology for measuring and controlling quality during the manufacturing process.

Cp and Cpk

Needs to be greater than 1 and approaching 2 but not too high. Cp close to 1-2 significant range correct Cpk leans to one side if not 1-2

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A+D 9001

• Create a more efficient and effective operation • Increase customer satisfaction and retention • Improve employee awareness and involvement • Reduce waste and increases profitability • Increase profits • Enhance marketing • Promote international trade

Human reliability curve

Disadvantages of Certification • From an Engineer's perspective • Time consuming - lots of paperwork • Full of management jargon • High level process with limited communication from management • Lack of understanding - leading to poorly focussed efforts • Unclear quality benefits

Human Error (cont) Lapses Failure to carry out action Errors of Omission Mode Right response in wrong e.g. caps lock on errors mode password

Risk Attitudes

Risk Averse Risk Neutral

Risk Seeking

Risk Management ISO 31000

Component 1 - Principles - What risk management is aiming to achieve + how its integrated in the structure

Component 2 - Risk Management framework design implement monitor etc.

Component 3 - Risk M Process - continually monitor and review identify analyse select risk treatment

Importance Of

	through science:	Enge	Bad luck
	Directly perceptible toorian coal mine - im Climbing Events - value	Successful Operation E posed	Virtual Risk: Human error becomes Bad luck: Legal black hole
0%-			

Human Error		
Error of omission	Operator fail	s to perform step
Error of Commission	Operator per steps	forms step incorrectly or adds additional
Mistakes	Knowledge based	Wrong as did not assess situation
	rule based	wrong rule used
	fail to come	up with solution
Slips	right intentio	n excuted wrong
	capture errors	routine behaviour incorrect in situatio ne.g. press enter when not meant to

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mportance	e Of (cont)	Importance Of	(cont)	
	What-if - Changing factors and seeing how those chnages affect outcomes, Can use scenarios to anticipate consequences			Event Tree- Logical modelling technique to determine potential outcomes if fault occurs+ assessing
	HAZOP - List of Hazards, Then using process diagrams and guide words to look at potential deviations from normal operating conditions			probabilities BOTTOM UP Cause and Effect - (Fishbone) Assit teams in catergorising the potential
	Failure Mode Effect (FMEA) - Design out errors to	Managanant	Onecifie	causes, identify root causes
	produce reliable, safe and customer pleasing products Human Reliability Analysis - Human input to risk	Management	Specific measures	Redundancy - Back up components that kick in is a component fails
Tree Methods			to mitigate or diminish the risk	
				Fault Tolerance - allows a system to continue to function in event of failure of part of system - decrease is proportional to level of failure

What is Risk?

is the exposure to harm, danger or loss to someone or something valued, together with an indication of how serious the harm could be

- Risk:
- uncertainty based on a well grounded
- (quantitative) probability
- Risk = (the probability that an event will occur)

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What is Risk? (cont)

x (the consequences if it does occur)

Excellence

MBNQA

8 Fundamental Concepts of Excellence

EFQM

- Adding Value for Customers
- · Creating a Sustainable Future
- Developing Organisational Capability
- Harnessing Creativity and Innovation
- · Leading with Vision, Inspiration and Integrity
- · Managing with Agility
- · Succeeding through the Talent of People
- Sustaining Outstanding Results

Phase of TQM Implementation

Phase 1: Awakening

- Phase 2: Progression
- Phase 3: Under control

Phase 4: Customer focused redesign

Phase 5: Quality Culture

TQM - Total Quality Management

- Critical Success Factors for Achieving TQM
- Highly visible commitment of leaders
- Link to few clear, strategic goals
- Bespoke approach
- Customer focus
- Clear unambiguous communication
- · Good team facilitation
- Employee empowerment



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Good QMS

Customer requirements	Company requirements
Confidence in ability of organisation	Internal and external
	Efficients utilisation of available resources

QMS - Quality Management System

A set of business processes designed to meet the company quality policy and objectives, in order to deliver customer requirements

Organisational structure • Policies • Procedures • Processes •
Resources

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