

compsci exam Cheat Sheet by kaiman via cheatography.com/208299/cs/44584/

Docker File		НТТР		Compute Resources	
FROM	Create a new build stage from a base image.	GET PUT	Fetch the resource from web Update the resource	Locks	Making a code execute on only one thread. Avoids
RUN	•		Create a resource to send to web		discrepancies from other threads changing vals.
COPY	COPY Copy files and direct- ories.		Delete resource from web	Thread-ing.lock()	class threading.Lock
COPY	COPY Specify default commands.		Memory Resources		The class implementing primitive lock objects. Once a
MySQL		Caching Heiarchy	CPU Registers, L1, L2, L3, RAM,		thread has acquired a lock, subsequent attempts to acquire it block, until it is released; any thread may release it. Changed in version 3.13: Lock is now a class. In earlier Pythons, Lock was a factory function which returned an instance of the underlying private lock type. Acquire a lock, blocking or non-blocking. Locks code under lock to one
SELECT	from database		SSD/HDD, Cloud First In First Out, Evict Oldest Entry		
DELETE	database deletes data from	LRU Transposing	Least Recently Used, Evict the entry that has been used longest ago. Move hits to front Column by Column, faster than row by row for long arrays.		
INSERT INTO	a database inserts new data into a database				
CREATE					
ALTER DATABA	Modifies a SE database	FS(File System)	Caches data in the RAM. Uses memory and avoids storage reads.		
CREATE TABLE	Creates a new Table			lock.a- cquire()	
*DROP TABLE	Deletes a table	Stale Data	Old files are deleted from the cache. SSD is large, so freshness more important than space there.		
CREATE	Creates a search key			lock.rele- ase()	thread. Release a lock. This can be called from any thread, not only the thread which has acquired the lock.
DROP INDEX	Deletes search key				
ORDER	BY List by a certain column, DESC or ASC, etc.	PyArrow	Cache Friendly table layout. Saves time when handling large		
DISTINC			datasets by turning each value into	GIL	Global Interpreter Lock.
WHERE	Filter function (SELECT * FROM Customers WHERE Countr- y='Mexico')		Pyarrow Types.		



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Page 1 of 1.

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