

Anatomy & Physiology Unit 2: Histology Cheat Sheet by julescrisfulla via cheatography.com/122651/cs/25364/

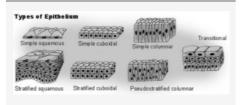
Epithelial Tissue

epi: above, over, outer

characteristics:

- 1) closely packaged cells
- 2) polarity: apical (free) surface and basal (attached) surface
- 3) supported underneath by connective tissue
- 4) has nerves, but no blood vessels (avascular)
- 5) can regenerate easily

Types of Epithelium Image



What makes a tissue connective?

- 1) common origin: mesenchyme
- 2) variation in blood supply
- ~blood and bone are vascular
- ~tendons and ligaments are poorly vascular
- 3) extracellular matrix
- ~ground substance, fibers, cells

Ground Substance, Fibers, Cells Image



Root Words

-blast: build, create

-cyte: cell

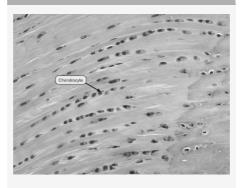
Adip-: fat

Chondro-: cartilage

Osteo-: bone

Hema-: blood

Cartilage Tissue Image



Epithelial Glands

gland: group of epithelial cells that make and secrete a product

secretion: both the process and the "stuff" that comes out of a gland

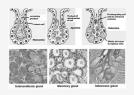
Glands in Skin Image



Exocrine Gland Examples

merocrine gland: no part of the cell is lost with the secretion (ex: salivary gland) apocrine gland: the top of the cell is lost with the secretion (ex: mammary glands) holocrine gland: the whole cell detaches with the secretion (ex: sebaceous glands)

Exocrine Gland Examples Image



Cardiac Muscles

Cardiac Muscle Image



C

By julescrisfulla

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Serous Membrane

structure: ~composed of the mesothelium

~outer layer: lines the body cavities called parietal

~inner layer: covers the internal

organs called visceral

~made up of simple squamous epithelial cells and loose connective tissue

function: secretes serous fluid that

lubricates the membrane and reduces abrasion and friction between the two layers

location: ~line the body cavities closed to the exterior of the body

~~ex) the peritoneal, pleural, and pericardial cavities

Layers of Epithelial Tissue

simple: one layer

stratified: more than one layer

Layers of Epithelial Tissue Image



Where can we find some of this tissue?

squamous: walls of capillaries and alveoli in lungs

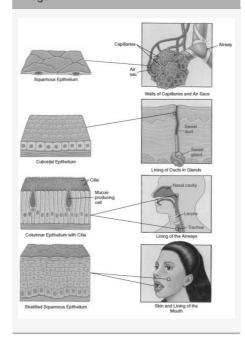
cuboidal: lining of ducts in glands

columnar: lining of airways

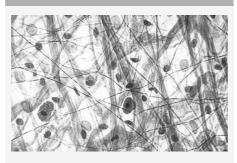
stratified squamous: skin and lining of

mouth

Where can we find some of this tissue? Image



Areolar Tissue Image



Bone Tissue Image



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Endocrine Gland

structure: varied

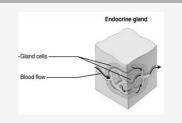
function: endocrine glands produce hormones that are secreted into surrounding extracellular space

~stay inside the body

~travel to other organs/cells to have an effect

location: ex) pineal, hypothalamus, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, thymus, adrenal, pancreas, ovary, and testes

Endocrine Gland Image



Smooth Muscles

structure: ~spindle shaped
~1 nuclei

speed: ~slow

control: ~involuntary (automatic; brain takes over)

location: ~walls of hollow organs (e.g. stomach)

~walls of blood vessels

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Smooth Muscle Image



Nervous Tissue

composed

~neurons

of:

~supporting cells

function:

~generate and transmit chemical and electrical signals

to...

1) respond to stimulus

2) communicate within the

body ~brain

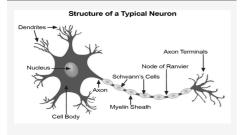
location:

~spinal cord

~peripheral nerves (throughout

body tissues)

Nervous Tissue Image



Cutaneous Membrane

structure:

~consists of keratinized

stratified squamous epithelium

function:

~protects the body from desicc-

ation and pathogens

location:

~skin, covers the body surface

Shape of Cells

squamous: cells are flat

cuboidal: cells are shaped like cubes

columnar: cells are shaped like columns

basement membrane: bottom; connective

tissue

pseudostratified columnar: false layers of

columnar shaped cells

Shape of Cells Image



Connective Tissue

most abundant and widely distributed tissue

- 1) binding and support
- 2) protection

functions:

- 3) insulation
- 4) transport substances

Connective Tissue Fibers

provide support

~elastic: branched; provides stretch

~reticular: fine branched network

~collagen: no branching; strength

Connective Tissue Cells

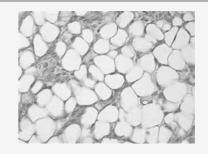
fibroblast: make connective tissue proper

chondroblast: make cartilage

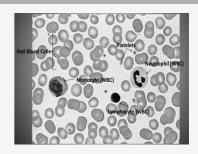
osteoblast: make bone

hematopoietic stem cell: make blood

Adipose Tissue Image



Blood Image



Exocrine Gland

structure: unicellular and multicellular (simple (unbranched) and compound (branched))

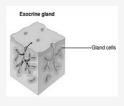
function: secrete out onto body cavity surfaces or on to body surfaces

location: skin and body cavities

~ex) goblet cells: produce mucus in the intestinal and respiratory tracts

~ex) sweat, oil, salivary glands...

Exocrine Gland Image



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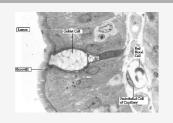
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Goblet Cell Image



Skeletal Muscles

~multinucleated

~straight

~striated

speed:

~fast

~voluntary (you control it) control:

location: ~throughout the body

~attached to tendons and bone

~attach to aponeurosis

Skeletal Muscle Image



Mucous Membrane

structure: ~coated with secretions of

mucous glands

~composite of connective and

epithelial tissue

function: ~secrete mucous

~helps support the fragile

epithelial layers

~prevents bodily tissues from

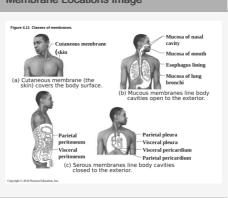
becoming dehydrated

Mucous Membrane (cont)

~line the digestive, respiratory,

urinary, and reproductive tracts

Membrane Locations Image



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