Anatomy & Physiology Unit 2: Histology Cheat Sheet by julescrisfulla via cheatography.com/122651/cs/25364/

Epithelial Tissue

epi: above, over, outer

characteristics:

1) closely packaged cells

2) polarity: apical (free) surface and basal (attached) surface

3) supported underneath by connective tissue

4) has nerves, but no blood vessels (avascular)

5) can regenerate easily



What makes a tissue connective?

- 1) common origin: mesenchyme
- 2) variation in blood supply
- ~blood and bone are vascular
- ~tendons and ligaments are poorly vascular
- 3) extracellular matrix
- ~ground substance, fibers, cells

Ground Substance, Fibers, Cells Image



С

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Root Words

-blast: build, create
-cyte: cell
Adip-: fat
Chondro-: cartilage
Osteo-: bone
Hema-: blood

Cartilage Tissue Image



Epithelial Glands

gland: group of epithelial cells that make and secrete a product

secretion: both the process and the "stuff" that comes out of a gland

Glands in Skin Image



Exocrine Gland Examples

merocrine gland: no part of the cell is lost with the secretion (ex: salivary gland) apocrine gland: the top of the cell is lost with the secretion (ex: mammary glands) holocrine gland: the whole cell detaches with the secretion (ex: sebaceous glands)

Exocrine Gland Examples Image



Cardiac Muscles		
structure:	~branched	
	~1 or 2 nuclei	
	~striated	
speed:	~in between slow and fast	
control:	~involuntary (automatic; brain takes over)	
location:	~heart	

Cardiac Muscle Image



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Serous Membrane		
structure:	~composed of the mesothelium	
	~outer layer: lines the body cavities called parietal	
	~inner layer: covers the internal organs called visceral	
	~made up of simple squamous epithelial cells and loose connective tissue	
function:	secretes serous fluid that lubricates the membrane and reduces abrasion and friction between the two layers	
location:	~line the body cavities closed to the exterior of the body	
	~~ex) the peritoneal, pleural, and pericardial cavities	

Layers of Epithelial Tissue

simple: one layer

stratified: more than one layer

Layers of Epithelial Tissue Image



Where can we find some of this tissue?

squamous: walls of capillaries and alveoli in lungs

cuboidal: lining of ducts in glands

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columnar: lining of airways
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stratified squamous: skin and lining of mouth

Where can we find some of this tissue?



Areolar Tissue Image



Bone Tissue Image



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Endocrine Gland

structure: varied

function: endocrine glands produce hormones that are secreted into surrounding extracellular space

~stay inside the body

~travel to other organs/cells to have an effect

location: ex) pineal, hypothalamus, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, thymus, adrenal, pancreas, ovary, and testes

Endocrine Gland Image



Smooth Muscles		
structure:	~spindle shaped	
	~1 nuclei	
speed:	~slow	
control:	~involuntary (automatic; brain takes over)	
location:	~walls of hollow organs (e.g. stomach)	
	~walls of blood vessels	

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Smooth Muscle Ima

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Smooth Muscle Image		
Nervous Tis	sue	
composed of:	~neurons	
	~supporting cells	
function:	~generate and transmit chemical and electrical signals to	
	1) respond to stimulus	
	2) communicate within the body	
location:	~brain	
	~spinal cord	
	~peripheral nerves (throughout body tissues)	

Nervous Tissue Image



Cutaneous Membrane		
structure:	~consists of keratinized stratified squamous epithelium	
function:	~protects the body from desicc ation and pathogens	
location:	~skin, covers the body surface	

Shape of Cells

squamous: cells are flat
cuboidal: cells are shaped like cubes
columnar: cells are shaped like columns
basement membrane: bottom; connective

tissue

pseudostratified columnar: false layers of columnar shaped cells

Shape of Cells Image

Connective Tissue

most abundant and widely distributed tissue

functions:

1) binding and support

2) protection

3) insulation

4) transport substances

Connective Tissue Fibers

provide support

~elastic: branched; provides stretch

~reticular: fine branched network

~collagen: no branching; strength

Connective Tissue Cells

fibroblast: make connective tissue proper chondroblast: make cartilage osteoblast: make bone hematopoietic stem cell: make blood

Adipose Tissue Image



Blood Image



Exocrine Gland

structure: unicellular and multicellular (simple (unbranched) and compound (branched))

function: secrete out onto body cavity surfaces or on to body surfaces

location: skin and body cavities

~ex) goblet cells: produce mucus in the intestinal and respiratory tracts

~ex) sweat, oil, salivary glands...

Exocrine Gland Image



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~line the digestive, respiratory,

urinary, and reproductive tracts

Goblet Cel	l Image	Mucous Membrane (cont)		
[Lance.]	calicii	location:	~line the digestive urinary, and repro	
Marovili	Hard Hard Hard Hard Hard Hard Hard Hard	Hembrand Figure 4.11 Classes of m	e Locations Image	
Skeletal M	uscles	(a) Cutaneous skin) covers	nembrane (the the body surface.	
structure:	~multinucleated	Se la companya de la comp	cavities	
	~straight	18	-Parietal	
	~striated		peritoneum Visceral peritoneum	
speed:	~fast	Capyright © 2010 Pearson Education,	(c) Serous membranes line boo closed to the exterior. Inc.	
control:	~voluntary (you control it)			
location:	~throughout the body			
	~attached to tendons and bone			
	~attach to aponeurosis			
Skeletal M	uscle Image			

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Mucous Membrane		
structure:	~coated with secretions of mucous glands	
	~composite of connective and epithelial tissue	
function:	~secrete mucous	
	~helps support the fragile epithelial layers	
	~prevents bodily tissues from becoming dehydrated	



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