

by Jason Reiche (jreiche) via cheatography.com/33853/cs/10566/

ARIA Abstra	act Roles
command	A form of widget that performs an action but does not receive input data.
composite	A widget that may contain navigable descendants or owned children.
input	A generic type of widget that allows user input.
landmark	A region of the page intended as a navigational landmark.
range	An input representing a range of values that can be set by the user.
roletype	The base role from which all other roles in this taxonomy inherit.
section	A renderable structural containment unit in a document or application.
sectio- nhead	A structure that labels or summarizes the topic of its related section.
select	A form widget that allows the user to make selections from a set of choices.
structure	A document structural element.
widget	An interactive component of a graphical user interface (GUI).
window	A browser or application window.
The roles a	bove are used to support the WAI-ARIA role taxonomy for

the purpose of defining general role concepts.

Widget Roles			
alert	A message with important, and usually time-sensitive, information. See related alertdialog and status.	alert()	
alertd- ialog	A type of dialog that con initial focus goes to an e related alert and dialog.		•
button	An input that allows for user-triggered actions when clicked or pressed. See related link.	<input< th=""><th>type="submit"> type="reset"> type="image"></th></input<>	type="submit"> type="reset"> type="image">
checkbox	A checkable input that has three possible values: true, false, or mixed.	<input< th=""><th>type="checkbox"></th></input<>	type="checkbox">

Widget Role	es (cont)
combobox	A presentation of a select; usually similar to a textbox where users HTML5 <input/> can type ahead to select an option, or type to enter arbitrary text as a new item in the list. See related listbox.
dialog	A dialog is an application window that is designed to interrupt the current processing of an application in order to prompt the user to enter information or require a response. See related alertdialog.
grid	A grid is an interactive control which contains cells of tabular data arranged in rows and columns, like a table.
gridcell	A cell in a grid or treegrid.
link	An interactive reference to an internal or external resource that, when activated, causes the user agent to navigate to that resource. See related button.
listbox	A widget that allows the user to select one or more items from a list of choices. See related combobox and list.
log	A type of live region where new information is added in meaningful order and old information may disappear. See related marquee.
marquee	A type of live region where non-essential information changes frequently. See related log.
menu	A type of widget that offers a list of choices to the user.



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Widget Role	s (cont)		Widget R	oles (cont)
menubar	A presentation of menu that usually remains visible and is usually presented horizontally.		tab	A grouping label providing a mechanism for selecting the tab content that is to be rendered to the user.
menuitem	An option in a set of choice a menu or menubar.	es contained by	tablist	A list of elements, which are references to tabpanel elements.
menuit- emc-	A values are true, false, or	mixed.	tabpanel	A container for the resources associated with a tab, where each tab is contained in a tablist.
heckbox			textbox	<pre>Input</pre>
menuit- emradio	A checkable role menuiten be checked at a time.	nradio, only one of which can		that <textarea> allows</th></tr><tr><th>option</th><th>A selectable item in a select list.</th><th><pre><option></pre></th><th></th><th>free-
form</th></tr><tr><th>progre-
ssbar</th><td>An element that displays the progress status for tasks that take a long</td><td><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></td><th></th><td>text as its value.</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>time.</td><td>t</td><th>timer</th><td>A type of live region containing a numerical counter</td></tr><tr><th>radio</th><td>A checkable input in a group of radio roles, only</td><td><pre><input type="radio"></pre></td><td></td><td colspan=2>which indicates an amount of elapsed time from a start point, or the time remaining until an end point.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>one of which can be checked at a time.</td><td></td><th>tooltip</th><td>A contextual popup that displays a description for an element.</td></tr><tr><th>radiogroup</th><th>A group of radio buttons.</th><th></th><th>tree</th><th>A type of list that may contain sub-level nested groups</th></tr><tr><th>scrollbar</th><th>A graphical object that con</th><th>trols the scrolling of content</th><th></th><th colspan=2>that can be collapsed and expanded.</th></tr><tr><th></th><td colspan=2>within a viewing area, regardless of whether the content is fully displayed within the viewing area.</td><th>treegrid</th><td>A grid whose rows can be expanded and collapsed in the same manner as for a tree.</td></tr><tr><th>slider</th><td>A user input where the user selects a value from within a given range.</td><td><pre><input type="range"></pre></td><th>treeitem</th><td>An option item of a element within a tree that may be expanded or collapsed if it contains a sub-level group of treeitem elements.</td></tr><tr><th>spinbutton</th><th colspan=2>A form of range that expects the user to select from among discrete choices.</th><th></th><th>above act as standalone user interface widgets or as part composite widgets.</th></tr><tr><th>status</th><th>A container whose content is advisory information for the user but is not important enough to justify an alert, often but not necessarily</th><th><output></th><th>article A</th><th>A section of a page that consists of a <article> composition that forms an independent part of a document, page, or site.</th></tr><tr><th></th><td>presented as a status bar. See related alert.</td><td></td><th></th><td></td></tr></tbody></table></textarea>



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Document :	Structure Role	es (cont)	Document	Structure Roles (cont)	
column- header	A cell containing header information for a column.	<pre> of a term or concept.</pre>	region	A large perceivable section of a web page or document, that is important enough to be included in a page summary or table of contents, for example,	<div> <frame/> <section></section></div>
directory		rences to members of a group, such as a static ta	able	an area of the page containing live sporting event statistics.	
document	A region containing related inform- ation that	<body></body>	rowgroup	A row of cells in a grid. A group containing one or more row elements in a grid.	<thead><tfoot></tfoot></thead>
	is declared as document		rowheader		
conten as oppose	content,		separator	A divider that separates and distinguishes sections of content or groups of menuitems.	
group	web application. A set of	<fieldset></fieldset>	toolbar	A collection of commonly used function buttons or	<pre><menu type="toolbar"></menu></pre>
	interface objects which are not intended to be	face cts h are ided e ided page mary ble of	Document Landmark applic-	structures are not usually int Roles A region declared as a web	at organize content in a page. eractive. application, as opposed to a
in a	included in a page summary or table of		ation	web document . A region that contains mostl site-oriented content, rather than page-specific content.	•
	by assistive technologies.		comple- mentary	A supporting section of the document, designed to be complementary to the main content at a similar level in t DOM hierarchy, but remains	
heading	A heading for a section of	<h1>, <h2> (aria-level must be set appropriate</h2></h1>		meaningful when separated from the main content.	
	the page.		conten- tinfo	A large perceivable region to contains information about to parent document.	

	container for a collection of elements that form an image.
list	A group of
listitem	A single item in a list or directory.
math	Content that represents a mathematical expression.
note	A section whose content is parenthetic or ancillary to the main content of the resource.
presen- tation	An alt="" element whose implicit native role semantics will not be mapped



to the accessibility API.

img

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Landmark F	Roles (cont)		ARIA Glol	bal States and Properties (cont)
form	A landmark region that contains a collection of items and objects that, as a whole, combine to create a form. See related search.	<fo rm=""></fo>	aria-d- rop- effect	Indicates what functions can be pure dragged object is released on the assistive technologies to convey options available to users, include menu of choices is provided by the state of the
main	The main content of a document.	<pre><div id=" con ten - t"> <ma in=""></ma></div></pre>		drop effect functions can only be has been grabbed for a drag ope functions available are depender dragged.
navigation	A collection of navigational elements (usually links) for navigating the document or related documents.	<na v=""></na>	aria-f- lowto	Identifies the next element (or element (or element) reading order of content which, a allows assistive technology to over default of reading in document so
search	A landmark region that contain and objects that, as a whole, search facility. See related for	combine to create a	aria-g-	Indicates an element's "grabbed" drop operation.
	bove are regions of the page in All of these roles inherit from the	tended as navigational	aria-h- aspopup	Indicates that the element has a sub-level menu.
and, with th	the exception of application , all a <i>POLEJ</i> . The roles are included he of the WAI-ARIA Role taxonom	re imported from the <i>Role</i> ere in order to make them	aria-h- idden	Indicates that the element and all not visible or perceivable to any the author. See related aria-disale
7.	al States and Properties		aria-i- nvalid	Indicates the entered value does format expected by the application

ARIA GIO	obal States and Properties
aria-a- tomic	Indicates whether assistive technologies will present all, or only parts of, the changed region based on the change notifications defined by the aria-relevant attribute. See related aria-relevant .
aria- busy	Indicates whether an element, and its subtree, are currently being updated.
aria-c- ontrols	Identifies the element (or elements) whose contents or presence are controlled by the current element. See related aria-owns .
aria-d- esc-	Identifies the element (or elements) that describes the object. See related aria-labelledby .

Indicates that the element is perceivable but disabled, so it is not editable or otherwise operable. See related **aria-h-**

	carotana i roporado (done)
aria-d- rop- effect	Indicates what functions can be performed when the dragged object is released on the drop target. This allows assistive technologies to convey the possible drag options available to users, including whether a pop-up menu of choices is provided by the application. Typically, drop effect functions can only be provided once an object has been grabbed for a drag operation as the drop effect functions available are dependent on the object being dragged.
aria-f- lowto	Identifies the next element (or elements) in an alternate reading order of content which, at the user's discretion, allows assistive technology to override the general default of reading in document source order.
aria-g- rabbed	Indicates an element's "grabbed" state in a drag-and-drop operation.
aria-h- aspopup	Indicates that the element has a popup context menu or sub-level menu.
aria-h- idden	Indicates that the element and all of its descendants are not visible or perceivable to any user as implemented by the author. See related aria-disabled .
aria-i- nvalid	Indicates the entered value does not conform to the format expected by the application.
aria- label	Defines a string value that labels the current element. See related aria-labelledby.
aria-l- abe- lledby	Identifies the element (or elements) that labels the current element. See related aria-label and aria-describedby .
aria-live	Indicates that an element will be updated, and describes the types of updates the user agents, assistive techno-

logies, and user can expect from the live region.



ribedby aria-d-

isabled

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idden and aria-readonly.

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ARIA Global States and Properties (cont)

ariaowns Identifies an element (or elements) in order to define a visual, functional, or contextual parent/child relationship between DOM elements where the DOM hierarchy cannot be used to represent the relationship. See related **aria-controls**.

aria-relevant Indicates what user agent change notifications (additions, removals, etc.) assistive technologies will receive within a live region. See related **aria-atomic**.

Widget Attributes

aria-autocomplete

aria-cIndicates whether user input completion suggestions are
provided.

plete

aria-cIndicates the current "checked" state of checkboxes,

hecked

radio buttons, and other widgets. See related **aria-p- ressed** and **aria-selected**.

aria-disabled Indicates that the element is perceivable but disabled, so it is not editable or otherwise operable. See related **aria-hidden** and **aria-readonly**.

aria-expanded Indicates whether the element, or another grouping element it controls, is currently expanded or collapsed.

aria-haspopup Indicates that the element has a popup context menu or sub-level menu.

aria-hidden Indicates that the element and all of its descendants are not visible or perceivable to any user as implemented by the author. See related **aria-disabled**.

aria-invalid Indicates the entered value does not conform to the format expected by the application.

aria-

Defines a string value that labels the current element. See related **aria-labelledby**.

label aria-

Defines the hierarchical level of an element within a

level structure.

Wide	et Attributes	(cont)	
vviug			

vviagot / ital	is a too (som)
aria-mult- iline	Indicates whether a text box accepts multiple lines of input or only a single line.
aria-mult- iselec- table	Indicates that the user may select more than one item from the current selectable descendants.
aria-orie- ntation	Indicates whether the element and orientation is horizontal or vertical.
aria-p- ressed	Indicates the current "pressed" state of toggle buttons. See related aria-checked and aria-selected.
aria-r- eadonly	Indicates that the element is not editable, but is otherwise operable. See related aria-disabled .
aria-r- equired	Indicates that user input is required on the element before a form may be submitted.
aria-s- elected	Indicates the current "selected" state of various widgets. See related aria-checked and aria-pressed .
aria-sort	Indicates if items in a table or grid are sorted in ascending or descending order.
aria-v- aluemax	Defines the maximum allowed value for a range widget.
aria-v- aluemin	Defines the minimum allowed value for a range widget.
aria-v- aluenow	Defines the current value for a range widget. See related aria-valuetext.

This section contains attributes specific to common user interface elements found on GUI systems or in rich internet applications which receive user input and process user actions. These attributes are used to support the widget roles.

Live Region Attributes

ariaatomic

aria-valu-

etext

Indicates whether assistive technologies will present all, or only parts of, the changed region based on the change notifications defined by the **aria-relevant** attribute. See

Defines the human readable text alternative of widget.

related aria-relevant.



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aria-

owns

Live Region Attributes (cont)

aria- Indicates whether an element, and its subtree, arebusy currently being updated.

aria- Indicates that an element will be updated, and describes live the types of updates the user agents, assistive technologies, and user can expect from the live region.

aria-r- Indicates what user agent change notifications (additions, elevant removals, etc.) assistive technologies will receive within a live region. See related aria-atomic.

This section contains attributes specific to live regions in RIAs. These attributes may be applied to any element. The purpose of these attributes is to indicate that content changes may occur without the element having focus, and to provide assistive technologies with information on how to process those content updates. Some roles specify a default value for the **aria-live** attribute specific to that role. An example of a live region is a ticker section that lists updating stock quotes.

Drag-and-Drop Attributes

aria-dropeffect Indicates what functions can be performed when the dragged object is released on the drop target. This allows assistive technologies to convey the possible drag options available to users, including whether a pop-up menu of choices is provided by the application. Typically, drop effect functions can only be provided once an object has been grabbed for a drag operation as the drop effect functions available are dependent on the object being dragged.

aria-grabbed Indicates an element's "grabbed" state in a drag-and-drop operation.

This section lists attributes which indicate information about drag-and-drop interface elements, such as draggable elements and their drop targets. Drop target information will be rendered visually by the author and provided to assistive technologies through an alternate modality.

Relationship Attributes

aria-activedesc- Identifies the currently active descendant of a endant widget.

Relationship Attributes (cont)

aria-c- Identifies the element (or elements) whose contents orontrols presence are controlled by the current element. See related aria-owns.

aria-d- Identifies the element (or elements) that describes theesc- object. See related aria-labelledby.

aria-flowto

reading order of content which, at the user's discretion,
allows assistive technology to override the general default
of reading in document source order.

aria-lldentifies the element (or elements) that labels the current
abeelement. See related aria-label and aria-describedby.

lledby

Identifies an element (or elements) in order to define a visual, functional, or contextual parent/child relationship between DOM elements where the DOM hierarchy cannot be used to represent the relationship. See related aria-controls.

aria-p- Defines an element's number or position in the current setosinset of listitems or treeitems. Not required if all elements in the set are present in the DOM. See related aria-setsize.

aria-s etsize
 Defines the number of items in the current set of listitems
 or treeitems. Not required if all elements in the set are
 present in the DOM. See related aria-posinset.

This section lists attributes that indicate relationships or associations between elements which cannot be readily determined from the document structure.



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