## の. んだ. んです Explanatory particle

Verb (Plain) + の / んだ / んですか Noun + なん

-To explain a situation / urging someone to explain a situation and clarify things

-Surprise reaction

-Assumption. When you see something and you make your own conclusion

-Discovering (Oh, I see...)

## の.んです.んですか.んだ

TO EXPLAIN A SITUATION (THAT'S WHY)	URGING SOMEONE TO EXPLAIN (TELL ME, I'M CURIOUS)	INTRODUCE A TOPIC (BY THE WAY, THIS HAPPENED)
		When you want to talk about it; you want to make a conversation out of that topic.
A. どうしておくれた(遅れた)の/ んだ? Why are you late?	A. 猫本当に可愛いな。 Cats are really cute.	When you suddenly change the topic or you want to talk about something new, it's best to use this grammar if you want to talk more about it.
B. じゅうたい【渋滞】にまきこ まりた【巻き込まれた】んだ。 I got caught in traffic. (That's why)	B. なんで猫かわない【飼わ ない】の? Why don't you get a cat? (Tell me, I'm curious.)	そういえば、日本語のうりょく【能力】しけん【試験】にうかったんだ【試 験に受かったんだ】 / ごうかくしたんです【合格したんです】。 By the way / Speaking of which, I passed the JLPT Exam. (Guess what? Ask me about it!)
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!□!□Note: This is an explanatory particle because it is used when you explain your situation or when you want explanation from someone. Usually used when you have a conversation with a specific person. Not for SNS.

V (plain) + んです Noun + なんです

Verb (Plain) + の / んですか

### Verb (Plain) + の / んだ / んですか Noun + なん

-Discovering (And asking the listener to clarify and explain it) -Expressing Surprise "Really?" (And asking someone to explain further)

#### の.んです.んですか.んだ DOUBTING ASSUMPTION DISCOVERING SURPRISE 桜ちゃんは目がはれている【晴れている】。。 みさはピンクが好きなんだ。 (I 15さい【歳】なの? / 15さ 友達いたんだ? (Oh, 。泣いてたんだ。 Sakura's eyes are puffy. (I see...) Misa likes pink. (Making い【歳】なんですか。 I'm surprised) You see) She was crying. an assumption) (What?!) You're 15? have a friend? By jennilee Not published yet. Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com

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# Cheatography

の . んです . んですか . んだ (cont)

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INTRODUCTORY REMARK (KANANG KANANG) When you want to raise a topic もしもし、【謝らなきゃ】あやまらな きゃいけないんだけど、今時間大丈夫? Hello, I need to apologize to you for something, do you have time now?	REMARK (ASK IF IT'S OK / ASK FOR DIRECT- IONS) Stating where you're going and stopping before actually saying your question トイレに行きたいんです けど。。。"I want to go to the toilet (Can you tell me where is it?)"	INVITE SOMEONE) すいません さっき 注文したビール まだ来 てないんですけど。Excuse me, we still haven't got got the beer we ordered earlier. Please bring it quickly.	MAKING A PHONE CALL (SI KUAN DIAN NI) When introducing your name ONLY to someone who recognize you. A. もしもし、かなめ だけど。今日暇? Hello, it's Kaname. Are you free today?
<b>KANANG)</b> When you want to raise a topic もしもし、【謝らなきゃ】あやまらな	OK / ASK FOR DIRECT- IONS) Stating where you're going and stopping before actually saying your question トイレに行きたいんです	すいません さっき 注文したビール まだ来	CALL (SI KUAN DIAN NI) When introducing your name ONLY to someone who recognize you. A. もしもし、かなめ
KANANG)	OK / ASK FOR DIRECT- IONS) Stating where you're going and stopping before actually saying your	INVITE SOMEONE)	CALL (SI KUAN DIAN NI) When introducing your name ONLY to someone who
	OK / ASK FOR DIRECT-	INVITE SOMEONE)	CALL (SI KUAN DIA)
んですけど . んだけど	INTRODUCTORY	INTRODUCTORY REMARK (REQUEST/-	
Setting the stage for the second clause To ask for direction / request Stating where you're going and stopping be To make a phone call and introduce yourse			
Verb (Plain) + んですけど . んだけど Noun + なん			
んですけど Introductory remark			
-I thought you weren't gonna watch it but yo 新しいアニメを見た? / 見ましたか?	u did. I'm surprised you watche	ed it, did you really watch it? Rather than just "I	Did you watch it? □□
<b>×</b> 新しいアニメを見たの? / 見たんですか。 Did you <i>really</i> watch it? (I'm surprised, can y	∕ou explain further?)		
Common Mistakes: When using の (explana	atory particle)		
4	(((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((		
	15さい【原 (What?!) You	轰】なの?/15さい【歳】なんですか。 ı're 15?	
反逢いたんた? Oh, I'm surprised) You have a friend?	·		
E <b>XPRESSING SURPRISE</b> 友達いたんだ? Oh, I'm surprised) You have a friend?	DISCOVERI	NG	

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## Cheatography

## んですけど . んだけど (cont)

ちょっと聞いて。 先週 東京に旅行行ってたん だけど、その時、 財布 盗まれたさー。 Hear me out. I went to Tokyo last week. That time, my wallet got stolen. 【盗む】ぬすむ: to steal 8時【頃】ごろ【出発】 しゅっぱつする予定なんです-けど大丈夫ですか?I plan to leave around 8 o'clock. Is that okay?

チケットが2枚あるんだ けど、一緒に行かない? I have two tickets and… do you wanna come with me? B. はい、今日は特に用事な いですけど、どうしました か。Yeah, I don't have anything to do in particular. What is it?

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!□!□Note: When requesting someone to do something or asking someone directions, Japanese normally explain where they are going and stopping before getting to the actual NEED/REQUEST as it is already obvious what you want to ask or request to avoid being too invasive and regarded as impolite.



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