

ほど vs の方が vs 一番 Compare things

(Noun-X) は (Noun-Y) ほど...ない	(Noun-X) の方が + (Noun-Y) より	(Noun-X) ほど (Noun-Y) は...ない	(Noun) は一番 + Adj
"There is nothing more as ... (N)"	"(X) is more (Adj/V) than..."	"There is nothing more...as X"	"The most..."
映画は本ほど面白くない。映画は本ほど面白くない。 Movies are not as good as books.	ロンドンの方がプラハより高いです。 London is more expensive than Prague.	日本ほどきれいな国はありません。 There is no country as beautiful as Japan.	日本が一番きれいな国です。 Japan is the most beautiful country.

どれ vs どちら to compare things

どちらが / どっちが (Inf)	どれ
"Which..?"/ "Which one..?" -Used only to compare 2 objects	"Which (of three or more)" "Which of all; Which within this category.."
スポーツをするのと、見るのとどちらが好きですか Which do you prefer, playing sports or watching it?	あなたの本はどれですか。 Which one is your book?

"Among all these in this category..."

Noun + のなかで	Noun + のうちで
"All of these..." "Among these..." (in one category)"	"All of these..." "Among these..." "During...(in one category)"
<p>㊦ Used with the rest of the nouns㊦ Can be used after a number but the emphasis is not the statistics but WHO they are. If the number amount is considered as the category, のなかで is used.</p> <p>クラスの中で、英語がわかる人がいますか。 Among the class members, is there anyone who understands English?</p>	<p>Used to indicate duration of time; numeric amount (talking about the statistics)</p> <p>朝の3時間のうちで1時間は日本語を勉強してください。 During the 3 hours in the morning, please study Japanese.</p>

の中で / のうちで + QW

(Noun) の中でで Question Word が一番 (Adj) ですか	(Noun) が一番 Adjective です	(Noun) のうちで Question Word が一番 (Adj) ですか	(Noun) が一番 Adjective です
"Inside (のなかで) this range , ___ is the best (が一番)"	"(Noun) is the most..."	"(Noun) is the most..."	(Noun) が一番 Adjective です
あなたの友達の中で誰が一番やさしいですか。 Among your friends, who is the kindest?	ゆきさんが一番やさしいです。 Yuki is the kindest.	(あなたの)家族の中で誰が一番若いですか。 Who is the youngest in your family?	弟が一番若いです。 My younger brother is the youngest.



