Cheatography

Elasticsearch query string syntax Cheat Sheet by jelle via cheatography.com/24807/cs/6261/

Field names

where "status" field contains "active"

status :active

"title" field contains "quick" or "brown". If you omit the OR operator the default operator will be used

title: (quick OR brown)

title: (quick brown)

where "author" field contains the exact phrase "john smith"

author :"John Smith"

where any of the fields "book.title", "book.content" or "book.date" contains quick or brown (note how we need to escape the "*" with a backslash

book.* :(quick brown)

where the field "title" has no value (or is missing):

missi ng :title

where the field "title" has any non-null value:

exist s: title

Wildcards

Wildcard searches can be run on individual terms, using "?" to replace a single character, and "*" to replace zero or more characters qu?ck bro*

note: wildcard queries can use an enormous amount of memory and perform very badly

Regular expressions

Regular expression patterns can be embedded in the query string by wrapping them in forward-slashes ("/")

name:/ joh ?n(ath [oa]n)/

Grouping

Multiple terms or clauses can be grouped together with parentheses, to form sub-queries:

(quick OR brown) AND fox

Groups can be used to target a particular field, or to boost the result of a sub-query:

status :(a ctive OR pending) title: (full text search)^2 $\,$



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Fuzziness

search for terms that are similar to, but not exactly like the used search terms, using the "fuzzy" operator

quikc _{brwn} foks~

The default edit distance is 2, but an edit distance of 1 should be sufficient to catch 80% of all human misspellings. It can be specified as

quikc~1

Proximity searches

While a phrase query (eg "john smith") expects all of the terms in exactly the same order, a proximity query allows the specified words to be further apart or in a different order. A proximity search allows us to specify a maximum edit distance of words in a phrase: "fox quick"~5

Ranges

Ranges can be specified for date, numeric or string fields. Inclusive ranges are specified with square brackets [min TO max] and exclusive ranges with curly brackets {min TO max}. All days in 2012 date: [201 2-01-01 TO 2012-1 2-31] Numbers 1..5 count: [1 TO 5] Tags between alpha and omega, excluding alpha and omega tag: {alpha TO omega} Numbers from 10 upwards count: [10 TO *] Dates before 2012 date: {* TO 2012-0 1-01} Numbers from 1 up to but not including 5 count: [1 TO 5}

Boolean operators

+ (this term must be present) and - (this term must not be present) All other terms are optional

quick brown +fox -news

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