

Vocabulary

Variable	something that can change
String	a list of characters
Integer number	whole number/counting number
Float number	the number in decimal
Syntax	grammar/structure of language
Modulo	find the remainder
Boolean	true/false
Parameter/Argument	variable next to name of function

Multiplication and Exponents

string*number	Combine that string (repeat string)
string*string	Crash
number*number	Multiply (Math)
string**string	Crash
number**number	Exponent (Math)
string**number	Crash

Combining Strings

```
"hi" + "there" == "hithere"
"hi" * 5 == "hihihihihi"
```

Forever While Loop

```
while True: # forever
    user_input = input('Enter a
number: ')
    number = int(user_input)
    print ('The number squared is',
number ** 2)
```

Conditional While Loop

```
count = 0 # start at zero
while count < 10: # loop while
count is less than 10
    print(count) #will print numbers 0
- 9
    count = count + 1 # must increase
count
```

For-Loop with List

```
forlist = [3, 4, 5, 2, 1]
for item in forlist:
    print(item)
```

Range()

```
#creates a list of numbers from 0
to the specified
number
numberlist = range(5)
# is the same as creating the
following list
numberlist2 = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
for num in range(100):
    print (num) # prints all numbers
from 0 - 99
for num in range(5, 50):
    print(num) #prints all numbers
from 5 - 49
```

Lists

```
mylist = [2,3,4,5] # create a list
#select an item from a list
print (mylist[0]) #selects first
item and displays 2
```

Lists (cont)

```
# len() determines the length of
the list

print (len(mylist)) # displays 4

mylist.append(5) # adds an item to
the end of the list
```

Example of List

```
mylist = [2,3,4,5] # create a list
#select an item from a list
print(mylist[0]) #selects first
item and displays 2
# len() determines the length of
the list
print(len(mylist)) # displays 4
mylist.append(5) # adds an item to
the end of the list
```

Note

```
- .....
- ..... remainder .....
- ..... 0
- str ..... = "2" 3 = 222
- ..... 2 ..... 0
- ..... 2 ..... 1
```

Different between [] and ()

- [] = uses for arrange (■ ■ ■ ■ ■)
- () = uses for print, condition, etc.

Math

==	equal to
!=	not equal to
<	less than
>	more than
<=	less than or equal to
>=	more than or equal to
%	modulo, find the remainder

Addition

string + string	Combine together
string + number	Crash
number + number	Addition (Math)

Create Function Calculate

```
def calc(num1, num2, operation):
    if operation == "sum":
        return sum(num1, num2)
    elif operation == "diff":
        return diff(num1, num2)
    elif operation == "div":
        return div(num1, num2)
    elif operation == "product":
        return product(num1, num2)

def sum(a, b):
    return a+b

def product(a, b):
    return a*b

def diff(a, b):
    return a-b

def div(a, b):
    if b != 0:
        return a//b
```

Create Function Calculate (cont)

```
else:
    print("Error")
print(calc(10, 0, "div"))
print(calc(1, 2, "sum"))
print(calc(4, 2, "diff"))
print(calc(9, 3, "div"))
print(calc(2, 12, "product"))
```

Example for How to create Function

```
def areaOfTriangle(base,height):
    return 0.5*base*height

user_base = float(input("Enter the
base of the triangle: "))
user_height = float(input("Enter
the height of the triangle: "))
print("The area of the triangle
is",areaOfTriangle(user_base,user_h
eight))

def
volumeOfPrism(b,h,prismheight):
    volume =
areaOfTriangle(b,h)*prism_height
    return volume

user_prism_height =
float(input('Enter the prism
height: '))
print ('The volume of the prism is'
, volumeOfPrism(user_base,
user_height, user_prism_height))
```

From Work Sheet

Write a program that repeatedly receives positive integers from the user. When the user enters a negative integer, exit the loop and print how many of the number entered were odd and even.

```
evencount = 0
oddcount = 0
```

From Work Sheet (cont)

```
while True:
    num = int(input("Enter: "))
    if num<0:
        print("Even: ",evencount)
        print("Odd: ",oddcount)
        break
    else:
        if num%2 ==0:
            evencount =
evencount+1
        else:
            oddcount = oddcount + 1
```

Count Worksheet2

Complete the program below by filling in the blank:
Expected output of program:

```
0
01
012
0123
01234
mystring = ""
count = 0
while count < 5
    mystring = mystring +
str(count)
    count = count +1
```

From worksheet 3

Use a for loop to print the following:

```
0
012
0123
```



From worksheet 3 (cont)

```
01234
mystring = ""
for num in range(5)
    mystring = mystring + str(num)
print (mystring)
```

Function

print() displays information on the screen

int() converts a value to an integer

str() converts a value to a string

float() converts a value to a floating point

input() receives info from the user

len() the length of the string

comment, no effect

def create function

return exit the function

break exit the loop

Example for counting down number

```
while True:
    user_number = input("Please
enter a number")
    number = int(user_number)
    countdown_string= ""
    while number > 0:
        countdown_string =
countdown_string + str(number)
        number = number - 1
    print (countdown_string)
The result will be:
Please enter a number 5
```

Example for counting down number (cont)

```
54321
```

Number to binary

```
user_number = input("Enter number
to convert to binary : ")
number = int(user_number)
binary_string = ''
while (number > 0):
    remainder = number % 2
    binary_string =
str(remainder) +
str(binary_string)
    number = number // 2
print ("Binary string
is",binary_string)
```

Example of how to random

```
import random
intlist = [1,2,3,4,5]
random_int =
random.choice(intlist)
print(intlist, random_int)
fplist = [1.0,2.0,3.5,4.4,5.6]
random_fp = random.choice(fplist)
print(fplist, random_fp)
strlist = ['1','2','3','4','5']
random_str =
random.choice(strlist)
print(strlist, random_str)
mylist = [1,1.0,'a']
random_item =
random.choice(mylist)
print(mylist, random_item)
myvar1 = 1
myvar2 = 2
myvar3 = 3
varlist = [myvar1,myvar2,myvar3]
```

Example of how to random (cont)

```
random_var =
random.choice(varlist)
print(varlist, random_var)
```

Example for calculate in python

```
while True:
    #Ask the user for a radius of a
circle
    user_radius = input("Please
enter the radius of the circle")
    #Convert the given radius to a
floating point
    radius = float(user_radius)
    #make a variable called pi
    pi = 3.1415
    #Calculate the area of the
circle using exponent
    area = pi*radius*2
    #display the area of the circle
to the use
    print ("The area of the circle
is", area)
```

From worksheet 4

Create a program to receive a number from the user and determine if that number is divisible by 3.

Example:

- 9 is divisible by 3.
- 7 is not divisible by 3.

```
user_num = input("Enter the number:
")
if user_num%3 == 0:
    print(user_num, "is divisible by
3")
else:
    print(user_num, " is not
divisible by 3")
```