Cheatography

Treatment of a Common Cold Cheat Sheet by jamietamn via cheatography.com/177390/cs/41273/

Symptoms

Cold symptoms are usually self-limiting and last 7-14 days.

- Sore throat (mild-moderate pain)
- Congestion, runny noise, sneeezing
- Non-productive cough
- Low-grade fever, chills, headache, malaise, muscle pain

Exclusions to Self-Treatment

Oral fever >100.4°F	Chest pain
Shortness of breath	Worsening of symptoms
Development of new symptoms during self-treatment	Concurrent chronic cardiopul- monary diseases
AIDS	Chronic immunosuppressant therapy
Frail patients of advanced age	Infants younger than 3 months of age
Hypersensitivity to recommanded OTC mode	

Hypersensitivity to recommended OTC meds

Special Populations

Pregnancy/Lactation

- Avoid extra-strength, long-acting, or combination products.
- · Avoid systemic decongestants during the first trimester.
- Oxymetazoline (Afrin) nasal spray is preferred during pregnancy.
- Most products are safe for breastfeeding, but decongestants may

reduce milk supply.

Geriatrics

- · May have more adverse effects to drugs
- May have other health conditions that may affect treatment choices

Pediatrics

- Lack of clinical evidence for safety and efficacy for <2 y/o
- FDA requires product-specific dosing devices
- Manufacturers may voluntarily label products with "Do not use in children under 4 years of age."

С

By jamietamn

cheatography.com/jamietamn/

Published 13th November, 2023. Last updated 13th November, 2023. Page 1 of 1.

Sponsored by CrosswordCheats.com Learn to solve cryptic crosswords! http://crosswordcheats.com

Treatment Goals

Treatment is targeted at individual symptoms.

- (1) Reduce bothersome symptoms
- (2) Prevent transmission

Treatment Options

Nonpharmacological = mainstay of treatment		
Increased fluid intake Adequate rest Nutritious diet Increased humidific- ation Saline nasal sprays/drops Salt gargles Hot teas with lemon & honey	Chicken soup or other broth soups Breathe Right nasal strips Aromatic oils (camphor, menthol, eucaly- ptus) Sleeping upright Nasal aspirators Alcohol-based hand sanitizers Lysol and Kleenex Anti-Viral tissues	
Pharmacological		
Decongestants	(for ≥4 y/o) Systemic: pseudoephedrine Intranasal: phenylephrine, oxymetazoline, xylometazoline	
Antihistamines	Azelastine nasal spray (for ≥6 y/o)	
Local Anesthetics	Cepacol (for ≥2 y/o) Sucrets	
Systemic Analgesics	Aspirin (for adults) acetaminophen ibuprofen naproxen	
Protussives	Guaifenesin	
Complementary Therapy	Zinc Vitamin C Vitamin D	